

Unannounced Medicines Management Inspection Report 7 February 2019



Ailsa Lodge

Type of Service: Nursing Home
Address: 6 Killaire Avenue, Carnalea, Bangor, BT19 1EW
Tel No: 028 9145 2225
Inspector: Paul Nixon

www.rqia.org.uk

Assurance, Challenge and Improvement in Health and Social Care

It should be noted that this inspection report should not be regarded as a comprehensive review of all strengths and areas for improvement that exist in the service. The findings reported on are those which came to the attention of RQIA during the course of this inspection. The findings contained within this report do not exempt the service from their responsibility for maintaining compliance with legislation, standards and best practice.

1.0 What we look for



2.0 Profile of service

This is a nursing home with that provides care for up to 41 patients with a variety of healthcare needs, as detailed in section 3.0.

3.0 Service details

Organisation/Registered Provider: Merit Retail Limited Responsible Individual: Ms Therese Elizabeth Conway	Registered Manager: See box below
Person in charge at the time of inspection: Ms Ada Johnston, Acting Manager	Date manager registered: Ms Ada Johnston, Acting Manager – no application
Categories of care: Nursing Homes (NH) I – Old age not falling within any other category. PH – Physical disability other than sensory impairment. PH(E) - Physical disability other than sensory impairment – over 65 years. TI – Terminally ill.	Number of registered places: 41

4.0 Inspection summary

An unannounced inspection took place on 7 February 2018 from 10.00 to 14.15.

This inspection was underpinned by The Health and Personal Social Services (Quality, Improvement and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003, The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005 and the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety (DHSSPS) Care Standards for Nursing Homes, April 2015.

The inspection assessed progress with any areas for improvement identified since the last medicines management inspection and to determine if the home was delivering safe, effective and compassionate care and if the service was well led.

Evidence of good practice was found in relation to medicine governance, the administration of most medicines, medicines storage and the management of controlled drugs.

Areas for improvement were identified in relation to the administration of injectable medicines, the recording of the use of thickeners and the recording of the use of medicines prescribed for the management of distressed reactions.

The patients were observed to be relaxed and comfortable in their surroundings and in their interactions with staff. Patients we spoke to were satisfied with the care provided in the home.

The findings of this report will provide the home with the necessary information to assist them to fulfil their responsibilities, enhance practice and patients' experience.

4.1 Inspection outcome

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of areas for improvement	2	1

Details of the Quality Improvement Plan (QIP) were discussed with Ms Ada Johnston, Acting Manager, as part of the inspection process. The timescales for completion commence from the date of inspection.

Enforcement action did not result from the findings of this inspection.

4.2 Action/enforcement taken following the most recent care inspection

Other than those actions detailed in the QIP no further actions were required to be taken following the most recent inspection on 22 and 23 January 2019. Enforcement action did not result from the findings of this inspection.

5.0 How we inspect

Prior to the inspection a range of information relevant to the service was reviewed. This included the following:

- recent inspection reports and returned QIPs
- recent correspondence with the home

Prior to the inspection, it was ascertained that no incidents involving medicines had been reported to RQIA since the last medicines management inspection.

A poster informing visitors to the home that an inspection was being conducted was displayed.

During the inspection we met with three patients, the acting manager and two registered nurses.

We provided 10 questionnaires to distribute to patients and their representatives, for completion and return to RQIA. We left 'Have we missed you' cards in the foyer of the home to inform patients and their representatives, who we did not meet with or were not present in the home, how to contact RQIA to tell us their experience of the quality of service provision. Flyers which gave information on raising a concern were also left in the home.

We asked the acting manager to display a poster which invited staff to share their views and opinions by completing an online questionnaire.

A sample of the following records was examined during the inspection:

- medicines requested and received
- personal medication records
- medicine administration records
- medicines disposed of or transferred
- controlled drug record book
- medicine audits
- care plans
- training records
- medicines storage temperatures

The findings of the inspection were provided to the acting manager at the conclusion of the inspection.

6.0 The inspection

6.1 Review of areas for improvement from the most recent inspection dated 22 and 23 January 2019

The most recent inspection of the home was an unannounced care inspection. The QIP will be validated by the care inspector at the next care inspection.

6.2 Review of areas for improvement from the last medicines management inspection dated 11 November 2016

There were no areas for improvement identified as a result of the last medicines management inspection.

6.3 Inspection findings

6.4 Is care safe?

Avoiding and preventing harm to patients and clients from the care, treatment and support that is intended to help them.

Medicines were managed by staff who have been trained and deemed competent to do so. An induction process was in place for registered nurses. The impact of training was monitored through team meetings, supervision and annual appraisal. Competency assessments were completed annually. Refresher training in medicines management was provided in the last year. The most recent training was in relation to the management of enteral feeding tubes.

Systems were in place to manage the ordering of prescribed medicines to ensure adequate supplies were available and to prevent wastage. Staff advised of the procedures to identify and report any potential shortfalls in medicines. Antibiotics and newly prescribed medicines had been received into the home without delay.

There were satisfactory arrangements in place to manage changes to prescribed medicines. Personal medication records and handwritten entries on medicine administration records were normally updated by two registered nurses. This safe practice was acknowledged.

In relation to safeguarding, staff advised that they were aware of the regional procedures and who to report any safeguarding concerns to.

There were procedures in place to ensure the safe management of medicines during a patient's admission to the home.

Records of the receipt, administration and disposal of controlled drugs subject to record keeping requirements were maintained in a controlled drug record book. Checks were performed on controlled drugs which require safe custody, at the end of each shift. Additional checks were also performed on other controlled drugs which is good practice.

Robust arrangements were observed for the management of high risk medicines e.g. medicines administered through a feeding tube, warfarin and insulin. The use of separate administration charts was acknowledged.

Discontinued or expired medicines were disposed of appropriately. Discontinued controlled drugs were denatured and rendered irretrievable prior to disposal.

Medicines were stored safely and securely and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Medicine storage areas were clean, tidy and well organised. There were systems in place to alert staff of the expiry dates of medicines with a limited shelf life, once opened. Medicine refrigerators and oxygen equipment were checked at regular intervals.

Areas of good practice

There were examples of good practice in relation to staff training, competency assessment, the management of medicines on admission and controlled drugs and the storage of medicines.

Areas for improvement

No areas for improvement were identified during the inspection.

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of areas for improvement	0	0

6.5 Is care effective?

The right care, at the right time in the right place with the best outcome.

The sample of medicines examined had mostly been administered in accordance with the prescriber's instructions. However, one injectable medicine prescribed to be administered at three monthly intervals had not been administered when it was due in January 2019. An area for improvement was identified.

There was evidence that time critical medicines had been administered at the correct time.

When a patient was prescribed a medicine for administration on a "when required" basis for the management of distressed reactions, the dosage instructions were recorded on the personal medication record. Staff knew how to recognise signs, symptoms and triggers which may cause a change in a patient's behaviour and were aware that this change may be associated with pain. A care plan was maintained. However, the reason for and the outcome of administration were not always recorded. An area for improvement was identified.

The sample of records examined indicated that medicines which were prescribed to manage pain had been administered as prescribed. Staff were aware that ongoing monitoring was necessary to ensure that the pain was well controlled and the patient was comfortable. A pain assessment tool was used and a care plan was maintained.

For one patient prescribed a thickening agent, this was recorded on their personal medication record and included details of the fluid consistency. Care plans and speech and language assessment reports were in place. However, administrations were not recorded; an area for improvement was identified.

Staff confirmed that compliance with prescribed medicine regimes was monitored and any omissions or refusals likely to have an adverse effect on the patient’s health were reported to the prescriber.

Medicine records were generally well maintained and facilitated the audit process.

Following discussion with the acting manager and staff and examination of care plans, it was evident that other healthcare professionals were contacted, when required, to meet the needs of patients. Staff advised that they had good working relationships with healthcare professionals involved in patient care.

Areas of good practice

There were examples of good practice in relation to care planning and the administration of most medicines.

Areas for improvement

Injectable medicines must be administered in accordance with the prescriber’s instructions.

When medication is administered for the management of distressed reactions staff should record the symptoms of the distressed reaction and the effect of medication administered.

The administration of thickeners must be recorded.

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of areas for improvement	2	1

6.6 Is care compassionate?

Patients and clients are treated with dignity and respect and should be fully involved in decisions affecting their treatment, care and support.

The administration of medicines to patients was completed in a caring manner, patients were given time to take their medicines and medicines were administered as discreetly as possible.

Patients were observed to be relaxed and comfortable in their surroundings and in their interactions with staff. Staff were knowledgeable regarding their patient’s needs, wishes and preferences. Staff and patient interaction and communication demonstrated that patients were treated courteously, with dignity and respect. Good relationships were evident between staff and patients.

The patients we spoke with advised that they were very satisfied with the care provided in the home, including the management of their medicines. They were complimentary regarding staff and management.

None of the questionnaires that were issued for patients or their representatives to complete were returned within the specified timeframe of two weeks.

Areas of good practice

Staff listened to patients and took account of their views.

Areas for improvement

No areas for improvement were identified during the inspection.

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of areas for improvement	0	0

6.7 Is the service well led?

Effective leadership, management and governance which creates a culture focused on the needs and experience of service users in order to deliver safe, effective and compassionate care.

We discussed the arrangements in place in relation to the equality of opportunity for patients and the importance of staff being aware of equality legislation and recognising and responding to the diverse needs of patients. Arrangements were in place to implement the collection of equality data within Ailsa Lodge.

Written policies and procedures for the management of medicines were in place. These were not reviewed on this occasion. Following discussion with staff, it was evident that they were knowledgeable with the policies and procedures and that any updates were highlighted to them.

The governance arrangements for medicines management were reviewed. The acting manager advised of the audits which take place and how areas for improvement were identified and followed up. However, not all of the audit activity that the acting manager described as having taken place was recorded. The three areas for improvement identified during this inspection highlighted the need to expand the current audit activity. The acting manager gave an assurance that the medicines management audits and their recording would be reviewed and revised. Given this assurance an area for improvement was not identified.

The acting manager advised that there had been no medicine related incidents since the previous medicines management inspection. Staff confirmed that they knew how to identify and report incidents. They provided details of the procedures in place to ensure that all staff were made aware of incidents and to prevent recurrence. These usually included reflective practice and supervision. In relation to the regional safeguarding procedures, staff confirmed that they were aware that medicine incidents may need to be reported to the safeguarding team.

Following discussion with the staff, it was evident that they were familiar with their roles and responsibilities in relation to medicines management. They confirmed that any concerns in relation to medicines management were raised with the acting manager, and any resultant action was discussed at team meetings and/or supervision. They spoke positively about their work and advised that there were good working relationships in the home with staff, management and with other healthcare professionals.

They stated they felt well supported in their work.

No members of staff shared their views by completing an online questionnaire.

Areas of good practice

There were clearly defined roles and responsibilities for staff.

Areas for improvement

No areas for improvement were identified during the inspection.

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of areas for improvement	0	0

7.0 Quality improvement plan

Areas for improvement identified during this inspection are detailed in the QIP. Details of the QIP were discussed with Ms Ada Johnston, Acting Manager, as part of the inspection process. The timescales commence from the date of inspection.

The registered provider/manager should note that if the action outlined in the QIP is not taken to comply with regulations and standards this may lead to further enforcement action including possible prosecution for offences. It is the responsibility of the registered provider to ensure that all areas for improvement identified within the QIP are addressed within the specified timescales.

Matters to be addressed as a result of this inspection are set in the context of the current registration of the nursing home. The registration is not transferable so that in the event of any future application to alter, extend or to sell the premises RQIA would apply standards current at the time of that application.

7.1 Areas for improvement

Areas for improvement have been identified where action is required to ensure compliance with The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005 and the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety (DHSSPS) Care Standards for Nursing Homes, April 2015.

7.2 Actions to be taken by the service

The QIP should be completed and detail the actions taken to address the areas for improvement identified. The registered provider should confirm that these actions have been completed and return the completed via the Web Portal for assessment by the inspector.

Quality Improvement Plan	
Action required to ensure compliance with The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005	
Area for improvement 1 Ref: Regulation 13(4) Stated: First time To be completed by: 9 March 2019	<p>The registered person shall ensure that injectable medicines are administered in accordance with the prescriber's instructions.</p> <p>Ref: 6.5</p> <hr/> <p>Response by registered person detailing the actions taken: Date of all injectable medicines are recorded in the nursing diary and the due date for the next administration is carried forward in the nursing diary. Medication audit now includes monitoring of injectable medicines.</p>
Area for improvement 2 Ref: Regulation 13(4) Stated: First time To be completed by: 9 March 2019	<p>The registered person shall ensure that the administration of thickeners is recorded.</p> <p>Ref: 6.5</p> <hr/> <p>Response by registered person detailing the actions taken: Two Registered Nurses countersign administration of thickeners both on the Kardex and Mars recording sheet.</p>
Action required to ensure compliance with the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety (DHSSPS) Care Standards for Nursing Homes, April 2015	
Area for improvement 1 Ref: Standard 18 Stated: First time To be completed by: 9 March 2019	<p>The registered person shall ensure that, if medication is administered for the management of distressed reactions, staff record the symptoms of the distressed reaction and the effect of medication administered.</p> <p>Ref: 6.5</p> <hr/> <p>Response by registered person detailing the actions taken: Care plans reviewed to include management of distressed reactions. Reason for administration of medication for management of distressed reactions and the outcome is recorded both on medication recording and daily progress notes. Policy and audit now in place for administration of medication for management of distressed reactions</p>

Please ensure this document is completed in full and returned via the Web Portal



The Regulation and Quality Improvement Authority
9th Floor
Riverside Tower
5 Lanyon Place
BELFAST
BT1 3BT

Tel 028 9536 1111
Email info@rqia.org.uk
Web www.rqia.org.uk
Twitter @RQIANews

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