

# Unannounced Medicines Management Inspection Report 30 December 2016



## Cherryvalley

**Type of Service: Nursing Home**  
**Address: 14-24 Kensington Drive, Belfast, BT5 6NU,**  
**Tel no: 028 9040 1560**  
**Inspector: Paul Nixon**

[www.rgia.org.uk](http://www.rgia.org.uk)

Assurance, Challenge and Improvement in Health and Social Care

## 1.0 Summary

An unannounced inspection of Cherryvalley took place on 30 December 2016 from 10:00 to 14:15.

The inspection sought to assess progress with any issues raised during and since the previous inspection and to determine if the home was delivering safe, effective and compassionate care and if the service was well led.

### **Is care safe?**

There was evidence that the management of medicines supported the delivery of safe care and positive outcomes for patients. Staff administering medicines were trained and competent. There were systems in place to ensure the management of medicines was in compliance with legislative requirements and standards. It was evident that the working relationship with the community pharmacist, the knowledge of the staff and their proactive action in dealing with any issues enables the majority of systems in place for the management of medicines to be robust. However, two areas of improvement were identified. A stock discrepancy in one Schedule 4 (Part 1) controlled drug needed to be investigated and RQIA notified of the outcome; written responses were submitted to RQIA on 3 and 9 January 2017. Diazepam stocks needed to be closely monitored. The temperature of one medicine refrigerator had not been appropriately managed. Two requirements were made.

### **Is care effective?**

The management of medicines supported the delivery of effective care. There were systems in place to ensure patients were receiving their medicines as prescribed. There were no areas of improvement identified.

### **Is care compassionate?**

The management of medicines supported the delivery of compassionate care. Staff interactions were observed to be compassionate, caring and timely which promoted the delivery of positive outcomes for patients. Patients consulted with confirmed that they were administered their medicines appropriately. There were no areas of improvement identified.

### **Is the service well led?**

The service was found to be well led with respect to the management of medicines. Written policies and procedures for the management of medicines were in place which supported the delivery of care. Systems were in place to enable management to identify and cascade learning from any medicine related incidents and medicine audit activity. There were no areas of improvement identified.

This inspection was underpinned by The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005 and the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety (DHSSPS) Care Standards for Nursing Homes, April 2015.

## 1.1 Inspection outcome

	Requirements	Recommendations
<b>Total number of requirements and recommendations made at this inspection</b>	2	0

Details of the Quality Improvement Plan (QIP) within this report were discussed with Ms Catalina Puiu, Acting Manager, as part of the inspection process. The timescales for completion commence from the date of inspection.

Enforcement action did not result from the findings of this inspection.

## 1.2 Actions/enforcement taken following the most recent care inspection

There were no further actions required to be taken following the most recent inspection.

## 2.0 Service details

<b>Registered organisation/registered person:</b> Four Seasons Healthcare Dr Maureen Claire Royston	<b>Registered manager:</b> See box below
<b>Person in charge of the home at the time of inspection:</b> Ms Catalina Puiu	<b>Date manager registered:</b> Ms Catalina Puiu Acting- No application
<b>Categories of care:</b> NH-I, NH-PH, NH-PH(E), NH-TI	<b>Number of registered places:</b> 46

## 3.0 Methods/processes

Prior to inspection the following records were analysed:

- recent inspection reports and returned QIPs
- recent correspondence with the home
- the management of medicine related incidents reported to RQIA since the last medicines management inspection.

We met with three patients, the acting manager and two registered nurses.

Twenty-five questionnaires were issued to patients, patients' representatives and staff with a request that they were returned within one week from the date of this inspection.

A poster indicating that the inspection was taking place was displayed on the front door of the home and invited visitors/relatives to speak with the inspector. No one availed of this opportunity during the inspection.

The following records were examined during the inspection:

- medicines requested and received
- personal medication records
- medicine administration records
- medicines disposed of or transferred
- controlled drug record book
- medicine audits
- policies and procedures
- care plans
- training records
- medicines storage temperatures

#### 4.0 The inspection

##### 4.1 Review of requirements and recommendations from the most recent inspection dated 7 June 2016

The most recent inspection of the home was an unannounced care inspection. No requirements or recommendations were made.

##### 4.2 Review of requirements and recommendations from the last medicines management inspection 18 March 2015

Last medicines management inspection recommendations		Validation of compliance
<b>Recommendation 1</b> <b>Ref:</b> Standard 38 <b>Stated:</b> First time	The registered manager should ensure that when the transcribing of medicine details on medicine records is necessary, this process involves two trained staff; both staff should initial the entry on every occasion.	<b>Met</b>
	<b>Action taken as confirmed during the inspection:</b> When the transcribing of medicine details on medicine records had occurred, this process involved two trained staff, who both initialled the entry.	

##### 4.3 Is care safe?

Medicines were managed by staff who have been trained and deemed competent to do so. An induction process was in place for registered nurses and for care staff who had been delegated medicine related tasks. The impact of training was monitored through team meetings, supervision and annual appraisal. Competency assessments were completed annually. Refresher training in medicines management was provided in the last year.

Systems were in place to manage the ordering of prescribed medicines to ensure adequate supplies were available and to prevent wastage. Staff advised of the procedures to identify and report any potential shortfalls in medicines.

There were satisfactory arrangements in place to manage changes to prescribed medicines. Personal medication records and handwritten entries on medicine administration records were updated by two registered nurses. This safe practice was acknowledged.

There were procedures in place to ensure the safe management of medicines during a patient's admission to the home and discharge from the home.

Records of the receipt, administration and disposal of controlled drugs subject to record keeping requirements were maintained in a controlled drug record book. Checks were performed on controlled drugs which require safe custody, at the end of each shift. However, a stock discrepancy was noted in one Schedule 4 (Part 1) controlled drug. The acting manager agreed to investigate this discrepancy and to submit a report to RQIA by 9 January 2017. Written responses were submitted to RQIA on 3 and 9 January 2017. Diazepam stocks were not closely monitored; a requirement was made.

Robust arrangements were observed for the management of high risk medicines e.g. insulin. The use of separate administration charts was acknowledged.

Discontinued or expired medicines were disposed of appropriately. Discontinued controlled drugs were denatured and rendered irretrievable prior to disposal.

The temperature of the first floor medicine refrigerator had not been appropriately managed. The temperature during the inspection was 0.1°C and the minimum temperature thermometer reading was -4.6°C. The temperature range had not been monitored and recorded since 4 December 2016. Insulin was being stored in the refrigerator (this medicine needs to be stored between 2°C and 8°C). The temperature of this medicine refrigerator needs to be appropriately managed; a requirement was made. Medicines were stored securely. Medicine storage areas were clean, tidy and well organised. There were systems in place to alert staff of the expiry dates of medicines with a limited shelf life, once opened.

### Areas for improvement

Diazepam stocks must be closely monitored. A requirement was made.

The temperature of each medicine refrigerator must be appropriately managed.

<b>Number of requirements</b>	2	<b>Number of recommendations</b>	0
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### 4.4 Is care effective?

The sample of medicines examined had been administered in accordance with the prescriber's instructions. There was evidence that time critical medicines had been administered at the correct time. There were arrangements in place to alert staff of when doses of weekly and three monthly medicines were due.

When a patient was prescribed a medicine for administration on a "when required" basis for the management of distressed reactions, the dosage instructions were recorded on the personal medication record. There had been no recent use of medication in this manner.

Staff knew how to recognise signs, symptoms and triggers which may cause a change in a patient's behaviour and were aware that this change may be associated with pain. A care plan was maintained.

The sample of records examined indicated that medicines which were prescribed to manage pain had been administered as prescribed. Staff were aware that ongoing monitoring was necessary to ensure that the pain was well controlled and the patient was comfortable. Staff advised that most of the patients could verbalise any pain, and a pain assessment tool was used as needed. A care plan was maintained. Staff also advised that a pain assessment was completed as part of the admission process.

The management of swallowing difficulty was examined. For those patients prescribed a thickening agent, this was recorded on their personal medication record and included details of the fluid consistency. Administrations were recorded and care plans and speech and language assessment reports were in place.

Staff confirmed that compliance with prescribed medicine regimes was monitored and omissions or refusals likely to have an adverse effect on the patient's health were reported to the prescriber.

Medicine records were well maintained and facilitated the audit process. Areas of good practice were acknowledged. They included additional records for insulin and transdermal patches.

Practices for the management of medicines were audited throughout the month by the staff and management. This included running stock balances for nutritional supplements. As previously stated, diazepam stocks need to be closely monitored.

Following discussion with the acting manager and staff, it was evident that when applicable, other healthcare professionals were contacted in response to the patients' healthcare needs.

### Areas for improvement

No areas for improvement were identified during the inspection.

<b>Number of requirements</b>	0	<b>Number of recommendations</b>	0
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### 4.5 Is care compassionate?

The administration of medicines to patients was completed in a caring manner; patients were given time and encouragement to take their medicines. Patients spoken to stated that they were very satisfied with the care experienced.

As part of the inspection process, we issued questionnaires to staff, patients and patients' representatives. Three patients and one patient's representatives completed and returned questionnaires within the specified timeframe. Comments received were very positive; the responses were recorded as 'satisfied' or 'very satisfied' with the management of medicines in the home.

Five members of staff also completed a questionnaire. The responses were positive and raised no concerns about the management of medicines in the home.

Patients who could not verbalise their feelings in respect of their care were observed to be relaxed and comfortable in their surroundings and in their interactions with staff.

### Areas for improvement

No areas for improvement were identified during the inspection.

<b>Number of requirements</b>	0	<b>Number of recommendations</b>	0
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### 4.6 Is the service well led?

Written policies and procedures for the management of medicines were in place. Following discussion with staff it was evident that they were familiar with the policies and procedures and that any updates were highlighted to staff.

There were robust arrangements in place for the management of medicine related incidents. Staff confirmed that they knew how to identify and report incidents. Medicine related incidents reported since the last medicines management inspection were discussed. There was evidence of the action taken and learning implemented following incidents.

A review of the audit records indicated that satisfactory outcomes had been achieved. Where a discrepancy had been identified, there was evidence of the action taken and learning which had resulted in a change of practice.

Following discussion with the acting manager and registered nurses, it was evident that staff were familiar with their roles and responsibilities in relation to medicines management.

The recommendation made at the last medicines management inspection had been addressed.

Staff confirmed that any concerns in relation to medicines management were raised with management.

### Areas for improvement

No areas for improvement were identified during the inspection.

<b>Number of requirements</b>	0	<b>Number of recommendations</b>	0
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## 5.0 Quality improvement plan

Any issues identified during this inspection are detailed in the QIP. Details of the QIP were discussed with Ms Catalina Puiu, Acting Manager, as part of the inspection process. The timescales commence from the date of inspection.

The registered provider/manager should note that failure to comply with regulations may lead to further enforcement action including possible prosecution for offences. It is the responsibility of the registered provider to ensure that all requirements and recommendations contained within the QIP are addressed within the specified timescales.

Matters to be addressed as a result of this inspection are set in the context of the current registration of the nursing home. The registration is not transferable so that in the event of any future application to alter, extend or to sell the premises RQIA would apply standards current at the time of that application.

## 5.1 Statutory requirements

This section outlines the actions which must be taken so that the registered provider meets legislative requirements based on The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005.

## 5.2 Recommendations

This section outlines the recommended actions based on research, recognised sources and Care Standards for Nursing Homes 2015. They promote current good practice and if adopted by the registered provider/manager may enhance service, quality and delivery.

## 5.3 Actions to be taken by the registered provider

The QIP should be completed and detail the actions taken to meet the legislative requirements and recommendations stated. The registered provider should confirm that these actions have been completed and return the completed QIP to [web portal](#) for assessment by the inspector.

It should be noted that this inspection report should not be regarded as a comprehensive review of all strengths and areas for improvement that exist in the service. The findings reported on are those which came to the attention of RQIA during the course of this inspection. The findings contained within this report do not exempt the registered provider from their responsibility for maintaining compliance with the regulations and standards. It is expected that the requirements and recommendations outlined in this report will provide the registered provider with the necessary information to assist them to fulfil their responsibilities and enhance practice within the service.

## Quality Improvement Plan

### Statutory requirements

<p><b>Requirement 1</b></p> <p><b>Ref:</b> Regulation 13(4)</p> <p><b>Stated:</b> First time</p> <p><b>To be completed by:</b> 29 January 2017</p>	<p>The registered provider must ensure that diazepam stocks are closely monitored.</p>
	<p><b>Response by registered provider detailing the actions taken:</b> All Diazepam are audited and checked on each handover, so each nurse is responsible for receiving and checking, commenced on 30/12/16.</p>
<p><b>Requirement 2</b></p> <p><b>Ref:</b> Regulation 13(4)</p> <p><b>Stated:</b> First time</p> <p><b>To be completed by:</b> 29 January 2017</p>	<p>The registered provider must ensure that the temperature of each medicine refrigerator is appropriately managed.</p>
	<p><b>Response by registered provider detailing the actions taken:</b> The temperature of the medicine refrigerator is monitored and recorded daily , a new thermometer is in place , the reading so far is been in safe limits.</p>



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