

Inspection Report

13 June 2022











Dumbarton House

Type of service: Domiciliary Care Agency Address: 79 Somerton Road, Belfast, BT15 4DG Telephone number: 028 9087 2121

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Assurance, Challenge and Improvement in Health and Social Care

Information on legislation and standards underpinning inspections can be found on our website https://www.rqia.org.uk/

1.0 Service information

Organisation/Registered Provider:

Threshold (Richmond Fellowship NI Ltd)

Responsible Individual:

Dr Raman Kupar

Registered Manager:

Mr Stewart Lecky

Date registered:

Pending registration

Person in charge at the time of inspection:

Mr Stewart Lecky

Brief description of the accommodation/how the service operates:

Dumbarton House, located on Somerton Road in Belfast, is a supported living type domiciliary care agency provided by Threshold (Richmond Fellowship NI Ltd). The agency's aim is to provide care and support to meet the individual assessed needs of up to 12 people with enduring mental ill-health issues.

Under the direction of the manager, staff are available to provide care and support to service users 24 hours a day with tasks of everyday living, emotional support and assistance to access community services, with the overall goal of promoting health and maximising quality of life.

2.0 Inspection summary

An unannounced inspection took place on 13 June 2022 between 9.30 a.m. and 2.45 p.m. The inspection was conducted by a care inspector.

The inspection examined the agency's governance and management arrangements, reviewing areas such as staff recruitment, professional registrations, staff induction and training and adult safeguarding. The reporting and recording of accidents and incidents, complaints, whistleblowing, Deprivation of Liberty Safeguarding (DoLS), restrictive practices, Dysphagia and Covid-19 guidance was also reviewed.

Good practice was identified in relation to service user involvement. There were good governance and management arrangements in place.

Dumbarton House uses the term 'residents' to describe the people to whom they provide care and support. For the purposes of the inspection report, the term 'service user' is used, in keeping with the relevant regulations.

This inspection resulted in no areas for improvement being identified.

3.0 How we inspect

RQIA's inspections form part of our ongoing assessment of the quality of services. Our reports reflect how they were performing at the time of our inspection, highlighting both good practice and any areas for improvement. It is the responsibility of the service provider to ensure compliance with legislation, standards and best practice, and to address any deficits identified during our inspections.

In preparation for this inspection, a range of information about the service was reviewed. This included any previous areas for improvement identified, registration information, and any other written or verbal information received from service users, relatives, staff or the Commissioning Trust.

As a public-sector body, RQIA has a duty to respect, protect and fulfil the rights that people have under the Human Rights Act 1998 when carrying out our functions. In our inspections of domiciliary care agencies, we are committed to ensuring that the rights of people who receive services are protected. This means we will seek assurances from providers that they take all reasonable steps to promote people's rights. Users of domiciliary care services have the right to expect their dignity and privacy to be respected and to have their independence and autonomy promoted. They should also experience the individual choices and freedoms associated with any person living in their own home.

Information was provided to service users, relatives, staff and other stakeholders on how they could provide feedback on the quality of services. This included questionnaires and an electronic survey.

4.0 What did people tell us about the service?

During the inspection we spoke with a number of service users, relatives and staff members. The information provided indicated that there were no concerns in relation to the agency.

Comments received included:

Service users' comments:

- "I like my room and the others here."
- "I feel safe here."
- "Plenty of stuff to do, but I don't have to do anything I don't want to."
- "If I had any troubles, I'd speak to anyone."

Service users' relatives/representatives' comments:

- "(My relative) seems happy, he likes living there."
- "No complaints or concerns."
- "(Relative) can do what he wants to do."

Staff comments:

- "I love it, the work is brilliant."
- "The manager provides good stability."
- "Residents get a unique level of care."
- "Staff are reliable and emotionally available for the residents."

HSC Trust representatives' comments:

- "Staff are very good, provide information right away."
- "I am regularly updated on any changes to my client's mental physical health etc."
- "Staff and manager seem to have a good understanding of his needs."
- "The clients I visit are very happy in Dumbarton and have an excellent relationship with the staff there."

5.0 The inspection

5.1 What has this service done to meet any areas for improvement identified at or since the last inspection?

Due to the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic, the Department of Health (DoH) directed RQIA to continue to respond to ongoing areas of risk identified in services. An inspection was not undertaken in the 2021-2022 inspection year, due to the impact of Covid-19.

The last care inspection of the agency was undertaken on 10 November 2020 by a care inspector. A Quality Improvement Plan (QIP) was issued. This was approved by the care inspector and was validated during this inspection.

Areas for improvement from the last inspection on 10 November 2020		
Action required to ensure compliance with The Domiciliary Care		Validation of
Agencies Minimum Standards (revised) 2021		compliance
Area for improvement 1	The registered person shall ensure that working practices are safe and without risk to	
Ref: Standard 16.1	health and wellbeing. This refers specifically to wellness checks being undertaken for	
Stated: First time	service users and staff, as outlined in the Covid-19 Guidance for supported Living	
To be completed by:	Services.	
Immediate from the date		Met
of the inspection		
	Action taken as confirmed during the	
	inspection:	
	Inspection of relevant documents established	
	that a section to record wellness checks had	
	been added to the existing Covid 19	
	temperature checks.	

5.2 Inspection findings

5.2.1 What are the systems in place for identifying and addressing risks?

The agency's provision for the welfare, care and protection of service users was reviewed. The organisation's adult safeguarding policy and procedures were reflective of the Department of Health's (DoH) regional policy and clearly outlined the procedure for staff in reporting concerns. The organisation had an identified Adult Safeguarding Champion (ASC). The agency's annual Adult Safeguarding Position report was reviewed and found to be satisfactory.

Discussions with the manager/person in charge established that they were knowledgeable in matters relating to adult safeguarding, the role of the ASC and the process for reporting and managing adult safeguarding concerns.

Staff were required to complete adult safeguarding training during induction and every two years thereafter. Staff who spoke with the inspector had a clear understanding of their responsibility in identifying and reporting any actual or suspected incidences of abuse and the process for reporting concerns in normal business hours and out of hours. They could also describe their role in relation to reporting poor practice and their understanding of the agency's policy and procedure with regard to whistleblowing.

The agency retained records of any referrals made to the HSC Trust in relation to adult safeguarding. A review of records confirmed that these had been managed appropriately.

Service users said they had no concerns regarding their safety; they described how they could speak to staff if they had any concerns about safety or the care being provided. The agency had provided service users with information about keeping themselves safe and the details of the process for reporting any concerns.

RQIA had been not been notified appropriately of an incident that had been reported to the Police Service of Northern Ireland (PSNI) in keeping with the regulations. Whilst the incident was managed appropriately, the manager was reminded that RQIA must be informed of all safeguarding incidents which are reported to PSNI in future.

Staff were provided with training appropriate to the requirements of their role. No service users required the use of specialised equipment to assist them with moving. Moving and handling is included within the agency's mandatory training programme.

Care reviews had been undertaken in keeping with the agency's policies and procedures. There was also evidence of regular contact with service users and their representatives, in line with the commissioning trust's requirements.

All staff had been provided with training in relation to medicines management. A review of the policy relating to medicines management identified that it included direction for staff in relation to administering liquid medicines. The manager advised that no service users required their medicine to be administered with a syringe. The manager was aware that should this be required, a competency assessment would be undertaken before staff undertook this task.

The Mental Capacity Act (MCA) provides a legal framework for making decisions on behalf of service users who may lack the mental capacity to do so for themselves. The MCA requires that, as far as possible, service users make their own decisions and are helped to do so when needed. When service users lack mental capacity to take particular decisions, any made on their behalf must be in their best interests and as least restrictive as possible. Staff who spoke with the inspector demonstrated their understanding that service users who lack capacity to make decisions about aspects of their care and treatment have rights as outlined in the MCA.

Staff had completed appropriate Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS) training appropriate to their job roles. The manager reported that none of the service users were subject to DoLS. Advice was given in relation to developing a resource folder containing DoLS information which would be available for staff to reference and a register maintained should any service user be subject to DoLS.

5.2.2 What are the arrangements for promoting service user involvement?

From reviewing service users' care records and through discussions with service users, it was good to note that service users had an input into devising their own plan of care. The service users' care plans contained details about their likes and dislikes and the level of support they may require. Care and support plans are kept under regular review and services users and /or their relatives participate, where appropriate, in the review of the care provided on an at least annual basis, or when changes occur.

It was also good to note that the agency had service users' meetings on a regular basis which enabled the service users to discuss the provisions of their care. Some matters discussed included food choices and music activities. Service users had made comments such as "I really like the food" and "The music group is good fun".

5.2.3 What are the systems in place for identifying service users' Dysphagia needs in partnership with the Speech and Language Therapist (SALT)?

New standards for thickening food and fluids were introduced in August 2018. This was called the International Dysphagia Diet Standardisation Initiative (IDDSI). Whilst none of the service users had swallowing difficulties, the manager was aware that training in Dysphagia could be accessed, if required in the future. A review of training records confirmed that staff had not completed training in Dysphagia but had training in relation to how to respond to choking incidents. The manager later confirmed to RQIA that Dysphagia training had been sourced and that staff had completed the training.

5.2.4 What systems are in place for staff recruitment and are they robust?

A review of the agency's staff recruitment records confirmed that all pre-employment checks, including criminal record checks (AccessNI), were completed and verified before staff members commenced employment and had direct engagement with service users. Checks were made to ensure that staff were appropriately registered with the Northern Ireland Social Care Council (NISCC) there was a system in place for professional registrations to be monitored.

Staff spoken with confirmed that they were aware of their responsibilities to keep their registrations up to date.

There were no volunteers working in the agency.

5.2.5 What are the arrangements for staff induction and are they in accordance with NISCC Induction Standards for social care staff?

There was evidence that the newly appointed staff member had completed a structured orientation and induction, having regard to NISCC's Induction Standards for new workers in social care, to ensure they were competent to carry out the duties of their job in line with the agency's policies and procedures. There was a robust, structured, two week induction programme which also included shadowing of a more experienced staff member. Written records were retained by the agency of the person's capability and competency in relation to their job role.

5.2.6 What are the arrangements to ensure robust managerial oversight and governance?

There were monitoring arrangements in place in compliance with Regulations and Standards. A review of the reports of the agency's quality monitoring established that there was engagement with service users, service users' relatives, staff and HSC Trust representatives. The reports included details of a review of service user care records; accident/incidents; safeguarding matters; staff recruitment and training, and staffing arrangements.

The Annual Quality Report was reviewed and was satisfactory.

No incidents had occurred that required investigation under the Serious Adverse Incidents (SAIs) or Significant Event Audits (SEAs) procedures.

The agency's registration certificate was up to date and displayed appropriately along with current certificates of public and employers' liability insurance.

There was a system in place to ensure that complaints were managed in accordance with the agency's policy and procedure. One complaint was received since the last inspection; this was appropriately managed and was reviewed as part of the agency's quality monitoring process.

The manager had submitted an application to RQIA for registration as manager; this will be reviewed in due course.

6.0 Conclusion

RQIA was satisfied that this agency was providing services in a safe, effective, caring and compassionate manner and the service was well led by the manager.

7.0 Quality Improvement Plan (QIP)/Areas for Improvement

This inspection resulted in no areas for improvement being identified. Findings of the inspection were discussed with the manager, as part of the inspection process and can be found in the main body of the report.





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