

Inspection Report

4 August 2022



Enable Care Services (UK) Limited

Type of service: Domiciliary Care Agency
Address: Linenmill House, 2 Moygashel Mills Park, Moygashel,
Dungannon, BT71 7DH
Telephone number: 028 8555 7745

www.rqia.org.uk

Assurance, Challenge and Improvement in Health and Social Care

Information on legislation and standards underpinning inspections can be found on our website <https://www.rqia.org.uk/>

1.0 Service information

Organisation/Registered Provider: Enable Care Services (UK) Limited	Registered Manager: Mrs Edel Mary Beatty
Responsible Individual: Mrs Christine Margaret McGirr	Date registered: 13 November 2019
Person in charge at the time of inspection: Mrs Edel Mary Beatty	
Brief description of the accommodation/how the service operates: Enable Care Services (UK) Limited is a domiciliary care agency which provides a range of personal and social care services, meal provision and sitting services to people living in their own homes. Service users have a range of diagnoses including dementia, mental health conditions and learning and physical disabilities. The agency provides care to 667 service users, commissioned by the Southern Health and Social Care Trust (SHSCT) by 338 carers. The agency also has a small number of private service users within the Western Health and Social Care Trust (WHSCT).	

2.0 Inspection summary

An unannounced inspection took place on 4 August 2022 between 10.55 a.m. and 4.45 p.m. The inspection was conducted by a care inspector.

The inspection examined the agency's governance and management arrangements, reviewing areas such as staff recruitment, professional registrations, staff induction and training and adult safeguarding. The reporting and recording of accidents and incidents, complaints, whistleblowing, Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS), restrictive practices, Dysphagia and Covid-19 guidance was also reviewed.

One area for improvement identified related to the recruitment process.

Good practice was identified in relation to the training and induction of staff. There were good governance and management arrangements in place.

3.0 How we inspect

RQIA's inspections form part of our ongoing assessment of the quality of services. Our reports reflect how they were performing at the time of our inspection, highlighting both good practice and any areas for improvement. It is the responsibility of the service provider to ensure compliance with legislation, standards and best practice, and to address any deficits identified during our inspections.

In preparation for this inspection, a range of information about the service was reviewed. This included any previous areas for improvement identified, registration information, and any other written or verbal information received from service users, relatives, staff or the Commissioning Trust.

As a public-sector body, RQIA has a duty to respect, protect and fulfil the rights that people have under the Human Rights Act 1998 when carrying out our functions. In our inspections of domiciliary care agencies, we are committed to ensuring that the rights of people who receive services are protected. This means we will seek assurances from providers that they take all reasonable steps to promote people's rights. Users of domiciliary care services have the right to expect their dignity and privacy to be respected and to have their independence and autonomy promoted. They should also experience the individual choices and freedoms associated with any person living in their own home.

Information was provided to service users, relatives, staff and other stakeholders on how they could provide feedback on the quality of services. This included questionnaires and an electronic survey.

4.0 What did people tell us about the service?

During the inspection we spoke with a number of service users, relatives, staff members and HSC representatives.

The information provided indicated that there were no concerns in relation to the agency.

Comments received included:

Service users' comments:

- "Carers are great. Always happy. Excellent care."
- "I can't praise the staff enough."
- "I am getting an excellent service. The carers go up and beyond."

Service users' relatives/representatives' comments:

- "Carers are very jolly, upbeat and friendly."
- "The carers are well mannered and very friendly."
- "The carers are very helpful. They go over and beyond for my relative."

Staff comments:

- “Training is good and mine is up to date.”
- “I feel supported by my manager.”

HSC Trust representatives’ comments:

- “My service user has been very happy with the care Enable Care have been providing. Communication has been good and on accepting the package, they were quickly able to identify any matters of concern that I was able to discuss with my service user. It is always easy to get through to someone on the phone in Enable Care and to get a response back from the appropriate supervisor.”
- “I have always found Enable Care to be a good Agency to work with and feel we work in partnership daily to provide a good quality service.”
- “The communication with the team has always been good and any direction or request made to Enable has been handled in a timely manner. The staff in the office who would be the daily contacts are very easy to get on with and work with, they are sensible proactive and approachable which makes for good working relationships.”
- “The level of communication is always good from enable and if further information is required this is always provided, having attended a number of meetings with the staff from Enable I have found them to act in a professional manner and not opposed to suggestions or change to improve the service or make better use of time/resources.”
- “There have been several occasions where Enable have at the last minute supported my team with urgent packages of care or when in crisis and many occasions the staff have stayed beyond the allocated time during an emergency which at times may go unrecognised but I want to make clear, it is very much appreciated by the team and their families but is often forgotten in the business of day to day work.”

Five returned questionnaires indicated that the respondents were either very satisfied or satisfied with the care and support provided. Two comments were received in relation to the turnover of staff and the shadowing of staff. This feedback was shared with the manager and assurances were provided that these would be improved upon.

No staff responded to the electronic survey.

5.0 The inspection

5.1 What has this service done to meet any areas for improvement identified at or since the last inspection?

Due to the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic, the Department of Health (DoH) directed RQIA to continue to respond to ongoing areas of risk identified in services. An inspection was not undertaken in the 2021-2022 inspection year, due to the impact of the first surge of Covid-19.

The last care inspection of the agency was undertaken on 8 February 2021 by a care inspector. A Quality Improvement Plan (QIP) was issued. This was approved by the care inspector and was validated during this inspection.

Areas for improvement from the last inspection on 8 February 2021		
Action required to ensure compliance with The Domiciliary Care Agencies Minimum Standards (revised) 2021		Validation of compliance
Area for Improvement 1 Ref: Standard 10.5 Stated: Second time	The registered person shall ensure staff are trained to create, use, manage and dispose of records in line with good practice and legislative requirements.	Met
	Action taken as confirmed during the inspection: We reviewed four service users' daily logs and it was noted that improvements had been made. Therefore the agency is now compliant with this standard.	

5.2 Inspection findings

5.2.1 What are the systems in place for identifying and addressing risks?

The agency's provision for the welfare, care and protection of service users was reviewed. The organisation's adult safeguarding policy and procedures were reflective of the Department of Health's (DoH) regional policy and clearly outlined the procedure for staff in reporting concerns. The organisation had an identified Adult Safeguarding Champion (ASC). The agency's annual Adult Safeguarding Position report was reviewed and found to be satisfactory.

Discussions with the manager established that they were knowledgeable in matters relating to adult safeguarding, the role of the ASC and the process for reporting and managing adult safeguarding concerns.

Staff were required to complete adult safeguarding training during induction and annually thereafter. Staff who spoke with the inspector had a clear understanding of their responsibility in identifying and reporting any actual or suspected incidences of abuse and the process for reporting concerns in normal business hours and out of hours. They could also describe their role in relation to reporting poor practice and their understanding of the agency's policy and procedure with regard to whistleblowing.

The agency retained records of any referrals made to the HSC Trust in relation to adult safeguarding. A review of records confirmed that these had been managed appropriately.

Service users said they had no concerns regarding their safety; they described how they could speak to staff if they had any concerns about safety or the care being provided. The agency had provided service users with information about keeping themselves safe and the details of the process for reporting any concerns.

RQIA had been notified appropriately of any incidents that had been reported to the Police Service of Northern Ireland (PSNI) in keeping with the regulations. Incidents had been managed appropriately.

Staff were provided with training appropriate to the requirements of their role. One service user required the use of specialised equipment to assist them with moving. Training was provided by the training co-ordinator in the service user's home to the staff involved in their care.

A review of care records identified that moving and handling risk assessments and care plans were up to date. Where a service user required the use of more than one piece of specialised equipment, direction on the use of each was included in the care plan. Daily records completed by staff noted the type of equipment used on each occasion. A review of the policy pertaining to moving and handling training and incident reporting identified that there was a clear procedure for staff to follow in the event of deterioration in a service user's ability to weight bear.

Care reviews had been undertaken in keeping with the agency's policies and procedures. There was also evidence of regular contact with service users and their representatives, in line with the commissioning trust's requirements.

All staff had been provided with training in relation to medicines management. The manager advised that no service users required their medicine to be administered with a syringe. The manager also advised that the agency does not accept any packages of care that require the administer of medicines by syringe.

The Mental Capacity Act (MCA) provides a legal framework for making decisions on behalf of service users who may lack the mental capacity to do so for themselves. The MCA requires that, as far as possible, service users make their own decisions and are helped to do so when needed. When service users lack mental capacity to take particular decisions, any made on their behalf must be in their best interests and as least restrictive as possible. Staff who spoke with the inspector demonstrated their understanding that service users who lack capacity to make decisions about aspects of their care and treatment have rights as outlined in the MCA.

Staff had completed appropriate DoLS training appropriate to their job roles. The manager reported that none of the service users were subject to DoLS. A resource folder was available for staff to reference.

5.2.2 What are the arrangements for promoting service user involvement?

From reviewing service users' care records, it was good to note that service users had an input into devising their own plan of care. The service users' care plans contained details about their likes and dislikes and the level of support they may require. Care and support plans are kept under regular review and services users and /or their relatives participate, where appropriate, in the review of the care provided on an annual basis, or when changes occur.

5.2.3 What are the systems in place for identifying service users' Dysphagia needs in partnership with the Speech and Language Therapist (SALT)?

New standards for thickening food and fluids were introduced in August 2018. This was called the International Dysphagia Diet Standardisation Initiative (IDDSI). A number of service users were assessed by SALT with recommendations provided and some required their food and fluids to be of a specific consistency. A review of training

records confirmed that staff had completed training in Dysphagia and in relation to how to respond to choking incidents.

Discussions with staff and review of service users' care records reflected the multi-disciplinary input and the collaborative working undertaken to ensure service users' health and social care needs were met within the agency. There was evidence that staff made referrals to the multi-disciplinary team and these interventions were proactive, timely and appropriate. Staff also implemented the specific recommendations of the SALT to ensure the care received in the setting was safe and effective.

Staff demonstrated a good knowledge of service users' wishes, preferences and assessed needs. These were recorded within care plans along with associated SALT dietary requirements. Staff were familiar with how food and fluids should be modified.

5.2.4 What systems are in place for staff recruitment and are they robust?

The review of staff records identified deficits in the recruitment processes. Whilst two references had been received for each staff member, concerns were identified in relation to the references not being consistently sought from the staff member's most recent employer. This meant that the agency would not be aware of any performance issues or safeguarding issues the staff member may have been involved in. It was also noted that references were being sought and accepted from personal email addresses with no follow up by the agency to ensure the reference was suitable. There was a gap in employment in one recruitment record. There was no evidence of any exploration or discussion regarding this. An area for improvement has been identified in this regard.

Checks were made to ensure that staff were appropriately registered with the Northern Ireland Social Care Council (NISCC). There was a robust system in place for professional registrations to be monitored by the manager on a weekly basis. Staff spoken with confirmed that they were aware of their responsibilities to keep their registrations up to date.

The agency was not supplying any volunteers.

5.2.5 What are the arrangements for staff induction and are they in accordance with NISCC Induction Standards for social care staff?

There was evidence that all newly appointed staff had completed a structured orientation and induction, having regard to NISCC's Induction Standards for new workers in social care, to ensure they were competent to carry out the duties of their job in line with the agency's policies and procedures. There was a robust, structured, three day induction programme which also included shadowing of a more experienced staff member. Written records were retained by the agency of the person's capability and competency in relation to their job role.

The agency has maintained a record for each member of staff of all training, including induction and professional development activities undertaken.

All registrants must maintain their registration for as long as they are in practice. This includes renewing their registration and completing Post Registration Training and Learning. The manager was advised to discuss the post registration training requirement with staff to ensure that all staff are compliant with the requirements.

5.2.6 What are the arrangements to ensure robust managerial oversight and governance?

There were monitoring arrangements in place in compliance with Regulations and Standards. A review of the reports of the agency's quality monitoring established that there was engagement with service users, service users' relatives, staff and HSC Trust representatives. The reports included details of a review of service user care records; accident/incidents; safeguarding matters; staff recruitment and training, and staffing arrangements.

The Annual Quality Report was reviewed and was satisfactory.

No incidents had occurred that required investigation under the Serious Adverse Incidents (SAIs) or Significant Event Audits (SEAs) procedures.

The agency's registration certificate was up to date and displayed appropriately along with current certificates of public and employers' liability insurance.

There was a system in place to ensure that complaints were managed in accordance with the agency's policy and procedure. Where complaints were received since the last inspection, these were appropriately managed and were reviewed as part of the agency's quality monitoring process. In some circumstances, complaints can be made directly to the commissioning body about agencies. This was discussed with the manager. Advice was given in relation to updating the complaints policy about how such complaints are managed and recorded.

There was a system in place to ensure that records were retrieved from discontinued packages of care in keeping with the agency's policies and procedures.

6.0 Conclusion

Based on the inspection findings, one area for improvement was identified. Despite this, RQIA was satisfied that this agency was providing services in a safe, effective, caring and compassionate manner and the service was well led by the manager / management team.

7.0 Quality Improvement Plan (QIP)/Areas for Improvement

An area for improvement has been identified where action is required to ensure compliance with The Domiciliary Care Agencies Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2007.

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of Areas for Improvement	1	0

The area for improvement and details of the QIP were discussed with Mrs Edel Mary Beatty, Registered Manager, as part of the inspection process. The timescales for completion commence from the date of inspection.

Quality Improvement Plan	
Action required to ensure compliance with The Domiciliary Care Agencies Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2007	
Area for improvement 1 Ref: Regulation 13(d) Schedule 3 Stated: First time	<p>The registered person shall ensure that no domiciliary care worker is supplied by the agency unless— (d) full and satisfactory information is available in relation to him in respect of each of the matters specified in Schedule 3.</p> <p>Ref: 5.2.4</p>
To be completed by: Immediately from the date of inspection and ongoing	<p>Response by registered person detailing the actions taken:</p> <p>We endeavour to obtain a reference from the most recent employer although this is not always forthcoming as some employers are reluctant to provide a reference for many reasons such as retaining their current staff member, GDPR reasons and only supply employment dates. We are experiencing high volume of applicants many of whom have little or no work experience. Any private emails that are supplied will be followed up by a phone call to the particular referee to ensure the reference is suitable.</p> <p>We will ensure any gaps in employment are noted and exploration into the gaps.</p>

Please ensure this document is completed in full and returned via Web Portal



The Regulation and Quality Improvement Authority

7th Floor, Victoria House
15-27 Gloucester Street
Belfast
BT1 4LS

Tel 028 9536 1111
Email info@rqia.org.uk
Web www.rqia.org.uk
 [@RQIANews](https://twitter.com/RQIANews)

Assurance, Challenge and Improvement in Health and Social Care