



The Regulation and
Quality Improvement
Authority

Announced Inspection

Name of Establishment: Cavehill Dental Care
Establishment ID No: 11425
Date of Inspection: 20 November 2014
Inspector's Name: Stephen O'Connor
Inspection No: 20224

The Regulation and Quality Improvement Authority
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1.0 General Information

Name of establishment:	Cavehill Dental Care
Address:	165 Cavehill Road Belfast BT15 5BP
Telephone number:	028 90 370206
Registered organisation / registered provider:	Mr Martin MacAllister
Registered manager:	Mr Martin MacAllister
Person in charge of the establishment at the time of Inspection:	Mr Martin MacAllister
Registration category:	IH-DT
Type of service provision:	Private dental treatment
Maximum number of places registered: (dental chairs)	7
Date and type of previous inspection:	Announced Inspection 26 November 2013
Date and time of inspection:	20 November 2014 9:50am – 12:30pm
Name of inspector:	Stephen O'Connor

2.0 Introduction

The Regulation and Quality Improvement Authority (RQIA) is empowered under The Health and Personal Social Services (Quality, Improvement and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 to inspect dental practices providing private dental care and treatment. A minimum of one inspection per year is required.

This is a report of the announced inspection to assess the quality of services being provided. The report details the extent to which the standards measured during inspection were met.

3.0 Purpose of the Inspection

The purpose of this inspection was to consider whether the service provided to patients was in accordance with their assessed needs and preferences and was in compliance with legislative requirements, minimum standards and other good practice indicators. This was achieved through a process of analysis and evaluation of available evidence.

RQIA not only seeks to ensure that compliance with regulations and standards is met but also aims to use inspection to support providers in improving the quality of services. For this reason, inspection involves in-depth examination of an identified number of aspects of service provision.

The aims of the inspection were to examine the policies, practices and monitoring arrangements for the provision of dental care, and to determine the provider's compliance with the following:

- The HPSS (Quality, Improvement and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003;
- The Independent Health Care Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005;
- The Regulation and Improvement Authority (Independent Health Care) (Fees and Frequency of Inspections) (Amendment) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2011;
- The Minimum Standards for Dental Care and Treatment 2011; and
- Health Technical Memorandum HTM 01-05: Decontamination in Primary Care Dental Practices and Professional Estates Letter (PEL) (13) 13.

Other published standards which guide best practice may also be referenced during the inspection process.

4.0 Methods/Process

Committed to a culture of learning, the RQIA has developed an approach which uses self-assessment, a critical tool for learning, as a method for preliminary assessment of achievement of the Minimum Standards.

The inspection process has three key parts; self-assessment (including completion of self-declaration), pre-inspection analysis and the inspection visit by the inspector.

Specific methods/processes used in this inspection include the following:

- a self-assessment was submitted prior to the inspection and has been analysed;
- discussion with Mr Martin MacAllister, registered provider;
- examination of relevant records;
- consultation with relevant staff;
- tour of the premises; and
- evaluation and feedback.

Any other information received by RQIA about this practice has also been considered by the inspector in preparing for this inspection.

5.0 Consultation Process

During the course of the inspection, the inspector spoke with staff on duty. Questionnaires were provided to staff prior to the inspection by the practice, on behalf of the RQIA to establish their views regarding the service. Matters raised by staff were addressed by the inspector during the course of this inspection:

	Number	
Discussion with staff	3	
Staff Questionnaires	12 issued	13 returned

Prior to the inspection the registered person/s were asked, in the form of a declaration, to confirm that they have a process in place for consulting with service users and that a summary of the findings has been made available. The consultation process may be reviewed during this inspection.

6.0 Inspection Focus

The inspection sought to establish the level of compliance achieved with respect to the selected DHSSPS Minimum Standards for Dental Care and Treatment and a thematic focus incorporating selected standards and good practice indicators. An assessment on the progress in relation to the issues raised during and since the previous inspection was also undertaken.

In 2012 the DHSSPS requested that RQIA make compliance with best practice in local decontamination, as outlined in HTM 01-05 Decontamination in Primary Care Dental Premises, a focus for the 2013/14 inspection year.

The DHSSPS and RQIA took the decision to review compliance with best practice over two years. The focus of the two years is as follows:

- Year 1 – Decontamination – 2013/14 inspection year
- Year 2 - Cross infection control – 2014/15 inspection year

Standard 13 – Prevention and Control of Infection [Safe and effective care]

The dental service takes every reasonable precaution to make sure you are not exposed to risk of infection.

The decontamination section of the Infection Prevention Society Audit tool, which has been endorsed by the Department of Health, was used as a framework for development of a self-assessment tool and for planned inspections during 2013/14.

The following sections of the 2013 edition of the Infection Prevention Society Audit tool, which has been endorsed by the Department of Health have been used as a framework for the development of a self-assessment tool and for planned inspections in 2014/15:

- prevention of Blood-borne virus exposure;
- environmental design and cleaning;
- hand Hygiene;
- management of Dental Medical Devices;
- personal Protective Equipment; and
- waste.

A number of aspects of the Decontamination section of the Audit tool have also been revisited.

RQIA have highlighted good practice guidance sources to service providers, making them available on our website where possible. Where appropriate, requirements will be made against legislation and recommendations will be made against DHSSPS Minimum Standards for Dental Care and Treatment (2011) and other recognised good practice guidance documents.

The registered provider/manager and the inspector have each rated the practice's compliance level against each section of the self-assessment.

The table below sets out the definitions that RQIA has used to categorise the service's performance:

Guidance - Compliance statements		
Compliance statement	Definition	Resulting Action in Inspection Report
0 - Not applicable		A reason must be clearly stated in the assessment contained within the inspection report.
1 - Unlikely to become compliant		A reason must be clearly stated in the assessment contained within the inspection report.
2 - Not compliant	Compliance could not be demonstrated by the date of the inspection.	In most situations this will result in a requirement or recommendation being made within the inspection report.
3 - Moving towards compliance	Compliance could not be demonstrated by the date of the inspection. However, the service could demonstrate a convincing plan for full compliance by the end of the Inspection year.	In most situations this will result in a requirement or recommendation being made within the inspection report.
4 – Substantially Compliant	Arrangements for compliance were demonstrated during the inspection. However, appropriate systems for regular monitoring, review and revision are not yet in place.	In most situations this will result in a recommendation, or in some circumstances a requirement, being made within the inspection report.
5 – Compliant	Arrangements for compliance were demonstrated during the inspection. There are appropriate systems in place for regular monitoring, review and any necessary revisions to be undertaken.	In most situations this will result in an area of good practice being identified and comment being made within the inspection report.

7.0 Profile of Service

Cavehill Dental Care is located within a residential building, which has been converted and adapted for use as a dental surgery. The practice is located on the Cavehill Road on the outskirts of Belfast city centre. Private and on street car parking is available for patients.

The establishment is accessible for patients with a disability.

Cavehill Dental Care was originally registered with RQIA on 18 April 2012 for eight dental chairs. Following the previous inspection a variation to registration application was submitted to RQIA to decrease the number of registered dental chairs from eight to seven. A new registration certificate reflecting the decrease in dental surgeries was issued by RQIA on the 2 April 2014.

Cavehill Dental Care provides both private and NHS dental care. On the ground floor a waiting area and disabled toilet facilities are available for patient use. There are two surgeries, a decontamination room, a locker room, kitchen and store on this level. On the first floor there are five further surgeries, a waiting area, toilet and x-ray room.

Mr MacAllister is supported by a team of four dentists, a dental therapist and reception and nursing staff.

Mr MacAllister has been the registered provider and manager of Cavehill Dental Care since initial registration with RQIA on the 18 April 2012.

The establishment's statement of purpose outlines the range of services provided.

This practice is registered as an independent hospital (IH) providing dental treatment (DT).

8.0 Summary of Inspection

This announced inspection of Cavehill Dental Care was undertaken by Stephen O'Connor on 20 November 2014 between the hours of 9:50am and 12:30pm. Mr Martin MacAllister, registered provider was available during the inspection and for verbal feedback at the conclusion of the inspection. The inspection was facilitated by a dental nurse.

The requirements and recommendation made as a result of the previous inspection were also examined. Observations and discussion demonstrated that these have been addressed and compliance achieved. The detail of the action taken by Mr MacAllister can be viewed in the section following this summary.

Prior to the inspection, Mr MacAllister completed a self-assessment using the standard criteria outlined in the theme inspected. The comments provided by Mr MacAllister in the self-assessment were not altered in any way by RQIA. Mr MacAllister omitted to rate the practice compliance levels against each criterion. This should be taken into consideration on completion of future self-assessments. The self-assessment is included as appendix one in this report.

During the course of the inspection the inspector met with staff, discussed operational issues, examined a selection of records and carried out a general inspection of the establishment.

Questionnaires were also issued to staff; 13 were returned to RQIA within the timescale required. Review of submitted questionnaires and discussion with staff evidenced that staff were knowledgeable regarding the inspection theme and that they have received training appropriate to their relevant roles. Staff confirmed that they are familiar with the practice policies and procedures and have received infection prevention and control training. Clinical staff confirmed that they have been immunised against Hepatitis B. One of the 13 submitted questionnaires included comments in relation to staff training and decontamination issues; these comments were discussed with Mr MacAllister.

Inspection Theme – Cross infection control

Dental practices in Northern Ireland have been directed by the DHSSPS, that best practice recommendations in the Health Technical Memorandum (HTM) 01-05, Decontamination in primary care dental practices, along with Northern Ireland amendments, should have been fully implemented by November 2012. HTM 01-05 was updated in 2013 and Primary Care Dental Practices were advised of this through the issue of Professional Estates Letter (PEL) (13) 13 on 1 October 2013. The PEL (13) 13 advised General Dental Practitioners of the publication of the 2013 version of HTM 01-05 and the specific policy amendments to the guidance that apply in Northern Ireland.

RQIA reviewed the compliance of the decontamination aspect of HTM 01-05 in the 2013/2014 inspection year. The focus of the inspection for the 2014/2015 inspection year is cross infection control. A number of aspects of the decontamination section of HTM 01-05 have also been revisited.

A copy of the 2013 edition of HTM 01-05 Decontamination in primary dental care practices is available at the practice for staff reference. Staff are familiar with best practice guidance outlined in the document and Mr McAllister confirmed that the practice audits compliance on an ongoing basis.

The practice has a policy and procedure in place for the prevention and management of blood-borne virus exposure, including management of spillages, sharps and inoculation incidents in accordance with national guidance. Review of documentation and discussion with Mr MacAllister and staff evidenced that appropriate arrangements are in place for the prevention and management of blood-borne virus exposure. Staff confirmed that they are aware of, and are adhering to, the practice policy in this regard. Sharps management at the practice was observed to be in line with best practice.

The premises were clean and tidy and clutter was kept to a minimum. Satisfactory arrangements are in place for the cleaning of the general environment and dental equipment. A recommendation was made that floors in clinical areas should be sealed at the edges where they meet the skirting boards and kicker boards of cabinetry.

The practice has a hand hygiene policy and procedure in place and staff demonstrated that good practice is adhered to in relation to hand hygiene. Dedicated hand washing basins are available in the appropriate locations. A recommendation was made that the silicone blanking off the overflows in all stainless steel hand washing basins should be removed and the overflows should then be blanked off using a stainless steel plate sealed with antibacterial mastic. Information promoting hand hygiene is provided for staff and patients.

A written scheme for the prevention of legionella is available. A recommendation was made to further develop the legionella control measures to reduce the risk of legionella, to include monthly monitoring of hot and cold sentinel water temperatures and flushing of all infrequently used outlets and that records must be retained for inspection. Procedures are in place for the use, maintenance, service and repair of all medical devices. Observations made and discussion with staff confirmed that dental unit water lines (DUWLs) are appropriately managed.

The practice has a policy and procedure in place for the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) and staff spoken with demonstrated awareness of this.

Observations made confirmed that PPE was readily available and used appropriately by staff.

Appropriate arrangements were in place for the management of general and clinical waste, including sharps. Waste was appropriately segregated and suitable arrangements were in place for the storage and collection of waste by a registered waste carrier. Relevant consignment notes are retained in the practice for at least three years.

A decontamination room separate from patient treatment areas and dedicated to the decontamination process is available. Appropriate arrangements are in place for the decontamination of reusable dental instruments with the exception of dental handpieces which are manually cleaned prior to sterilisation. The decontamination

of dental handpieces was discussed with Mr MacAllister and a requirement was made in this regard. Appropriate validated equipment, including a washer disinfectant and three steam sterilisers have been provided to meet the practice requirements. Equipment logbooks evidenced that periodic tests are undertaken and recorded in keeping with HTM 01-05.

The evidence gathered through the inspection process concluded that Cavehill Dental Care is substantially compliant with this inspection theme.

Mr MacAllister confirmed on the submitted self-assessment that arrangements are in place for consultation with patients, at appropriate intervals, that feedback provided by patients has been used by the service to improve, and that results of the consultation have been made available to patients.

One requirement and three recommendations were made as a result of the announced inspection, details can be found in the main body of the report and the attached Quality Improvement Plan (QIP).

The inspector wishes to thank Mr MacAllister and staff for their helpful discussions, assistance and hospitality throughout the inspection process.

9.0 Follow-up on Previous Issues

No	Regulation Ref.	Requirements	Action taken - as confirmed during this inspection	Inspector's Validation of Compliance
1	30 (h)	An application of variation should be submitted to RQIA to decrease the number of dental surgeries from eight to seven.	An application of variation was submitted to RQIA to decrease the number of dental surgeries from eight to seven. A new registration certificate reflecting the decrease in dental surgeries was issued by RQIA on the 2 April 2014. This requirement has been addressed.	Compliant
2	15 (2) (b)	Ensure annual servicing, is carried out on the relative analgesia administration units, distribution pipework, and inhalation gas cylinder heads that supply the relative analgesia administration unit. This should be carried out by a suitably qualified and competent person and written confirmation of safety checks should be retained for inspection.	Review of a sample of records and discussion with Mr MacAllister demonstrated that relative analgesia administration units have been serviced by a suitably qualified person. Mr MacAllister confirmed that a rolling programme of servicing has been established. This requirement has been addressed.	Compliant
3	15 (2) (b)	Ensure the washer disinfectant and steam sterilisers are validated and that arrangements are put in place for annual validation thereafter.	Review of documentation demonstrated that the washer disinfectant and steam sterilisers have been validated. Mr MacAllister confirmed that arrangements are in place for the annual revalidation of these machines. This requirement has been addressed.	Compliant

4	15 (2) (b)	<p>Ensure logbooks are established for the washer disinfecter, vacuum steriliser and the two non-vacuum sterilisers. Logbooks should contain the following information;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Details of the machine and location; • Commissioning report; • Daily/weekly test record sheets; • Annual service/validation certification; • Fault history; • Records to show staff have been trained in the correct use of the machine; • Relevant contacts e.g. service engineer. 	<p>Review of documentation and discussion with a dental nurse demonstrated that separate logbooks have been established for each machine used during the decontamination process. The logbooks include all relevant information as outlined in HTM 01-05.</p> <p>This requirement has been addressed.</p>	Compliant
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No	Minimum Standard Ref.	Recommendations	Action Taken – as confirmed during this inspection	Inspector's Validation of Compliance
1	13	Data loggers should be fitted to the non-vacuum sterilisers to ensure cycle parameters are recorded. Information recorded on the data logger should be replicated to the practice computer on a regular basis, and records retained for at least two years.	<p>Observation and discussion demonstrated that data loggers have been fitted to the non-vacuum sterilisers. All four machines used during the decontamination process have data loggers fitted. The information recorded on the data loggers is uploaded to the practice computer system on a daily basis.</p> <p>This recommendation has been addressed.</p>	Compliant

10.0 Inspection Findings

10.1 Prevention of Blood-borne virus exposure

STANDARD 13 – Prevention and Control of Infection (Safe and effective care)

The dental service takes every reasonable precaution to make sure you are not exposed to risk of infection.

Criteria Assessed:

11.2 You receive care and treatment from a dental team (including temporary members) who have undergone appropriate checks before they start work in the service.

13.2 Your dental service adheres to the appropriate infection control policies and procedures in line with current best practice and legislation.

13.3 Your dental service has systems in place, including induction and ongoing training, to make sure these policies and procedures are known, and are being appropriately applied to the service at all times.

Inspection Findings:

Mr MacAllister omitted to rate the practice arrangements for the prevention of blood-borne virus exposure on the self-assessment.

The practice has a policy and procedure in place for the prevention and management of blood-borne virus exposure, including management of spillages, sharps and inoculation incidents in accordance with national guidance.

Review of documentation and discussion with Mr MacAllister and staff evidenced that:

- the prevention and management of blood-borne virus exposure is included in the staff induction programme;
- staff training has been provided for clinical staff; and
- records are retained regarding the Hepatitis B immunisation status of clinical staff.

Mr MacAllister confirmed that no new staff have commenced work in the practice since the previous inspection, and that in the future new clinical staff will receive an occupational health check.

Discussion with staff confirmed that staff are aware of the policies and procedures in place for the prevention and management of blood-borne virus exposure.

Observations made and discussion with staff evidenced that sharps are appropriately handled. Sharps boxes are wall mounted, appropriately used, signed and dated on assembly and final closure. Used sharps boxes are locked with the integral lock and stored ready for collection away from public access.

Discussion with staff and review of documentation evidenced that arrangements are in place for the management of a sharps injury, including needle stick injury. Staff are aware of the actions to be taken in the event of a sharps injury.

Provider's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance level against the standard assessed	No rating given
Inspector's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance level against the standard assessed	Compliant

10.2 Environmental design and cleaning

STANDARD 13 – Prevention and Control of Infection (Safe and effective care)

The dental service takes every reasonable precaution to make sure you are not exposed to risk of infection.

Criterion Assessed:

13.1 Your dental service's premises are clean.

Inspection Findings:

Mr MacAllister omitted to rate the practice arrangements for environmental design and cleaning on the self-assessment.

The practice has a policy and procedure in place for cleaning and maintaining the environment.

The inspector undertook a tour of the premises, to include three of the seven surgeries and the decontamination room; these areas were found to be maintained to a good standard of cleanliness. Clinical and decontamination areas were tidy and uncluttered and work surfaces were intact and easy to clean. Floor coverings are impervious and some are covered at the edges, however not all floors are sealed at the edges. A recommendation was made that floors in clinical areas should be sealed at the edges where they meet the skirting boards and kicker boards of cabinetry. Fixtures, fittings, dental chairs and equipment were free from damage, dust and visible dirt.

It was observed that the walls and ceilings in one of the surgeries viewed were wallpapered with embossed wallpaper that had been painted. The use of wallpaper in clinical areas was discussed with Mr MacAllister and the inspector advised that the use of wallpaper in clinical areas should be avoided. The inspector advised that consideration should be given to finished wall surfaces during the next refurbishment of clinical areas. Mr MacAllister confirmed that a refurbishment programme is ongoing.

Discussion with staff confirmed that appropriate arrangements are in place for cleaning including:

- Equipment surfaces, including the dental chair, are cleaned between each patient;
- Daily cleaning of floors, cupboard doors and accessible high level surfaces;
- Weekly/monthly cleaning schedule;
- Cleaning equipment is colour coded;
- Cleaning equipment is stored in a non-clinical area; and
- Dirty water is disposed of at an appropriate location.

Discussion with staff and review of submitted questionnaires confirmed that staff had received relevant training to undertake their duties.

The practice has a local policy and procedure for spillage in accordance with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) and staff spoken with demonstrated awareness of this.

<p>Provider’s overall assessment of the dental practice’s compliance level against the standard assessed</p>	<p>No rating given</p>
<p>Inspector’s overall assessment of the dental practice’s compliance level against the standard assessed</p>	<p>Substantially compliant</p>

10.3 Hand Hygiene

<p>STANDARD 13 – Prevention and Control of Infection (Safe and effective care) The dental service takes every reasonable precaution to make sure you are not exposed to risk of infection.</p>
<p>Criteria Assessed: 13.2 Your dental service adheres to the appropriate infection control policies and procedures in line with current best practice and legislation. 13.3 Your dental service has systems in place, including induction and ongoing training, to make sure these policies and procedures are known, and are being appropriately applied to the service at all times.</p>
<p>Inspection Findings: Mr MacAllister omitted to rate the practice arrangements for hand hygiene on the self-assessment.</p> <p>The practice has a hand hygiene policy and procedure in place.</p> <p>Review of documentation demonstrated that hand hygiene is included in the induction programme and that hand hygiene training is updated periodically.</p> <p>Discussion with staff confirmed that hand hygiene is performed before and after each patient contact and at appropriate intervals. Observations made evidenced that clinical staff had short clean nails and jewellery such as wrist watches and stoned rings were not worn in keeping with good practice.</p> <p>Dedicated hand washing basins are available in the dental surgeries and the decontamination room and adequate supplies of liquid soap, paper towels and disinfectant rub/gel were available. The stainless steel hand washing basins have overflows that have been blanked off using silicone. This was discussed with Mr MacAllister and a recommendation was made that the silicone blanking off the overflows in all stainless steel hand washing basins should be removed and the overflows should then be blanked off using a stainless steel plate sealed with antibacterial mastic. Staff confirmed that nail brushes and bar soap are not used in the hand hygiene process in keeping with good practice.</p> <p>Laminated /wipe-clean posters promoting hand hygiene were on display in dental surgeries, the decontamination room and toilet facilities.</p>

<p>Provider’s overall assessment of the dental practice’s compliance level against the standard assessed</p>	<p>No rating given</p>
<p>Inspector’s overall assessment of the dental practice’s compliance level against the standard assessed</p>	<p>Substantially compliant</p>

10.4 Management of Dental Medical Devices

<p>STANDARD 13 – Prevention and Control of Infection (Safe and effective care) The dental service takes every reasonable precaution to make sure you are not exposed to risk of infection.</p>
<p>Criterion Assessed: 13.4 Your dental service meets current best practice guidance on the decontamination of reusable dental and medical instruments.</p>
<p>Inspection Findings: Mr MacAllister omitted to rate the practice approach to the management of dental medical devices on the self-assessment.</p> <p>The practice has an infection control policy that includes procedures for the use, maintenance, service and repair of all medical devices.</p> <p>The inspector reviewed the written scheme for the prevention of legionella contamination in water pipes and other water lines and discussion with Mr MacAllister and staff demonstrated that this is adhered to. A recommendation was made to further develop the legionella control measures to reduce the risk of legionella, to include monthly monitoring of hot and cold sentinel water temperatures and flushing of all infrequently used outlets and that records must be retained for inspection.</p> <p>Staff confirmed that impression materials, prosthetic and orthodontic appliances are decontaminated prior to despatch to laboratory and before being placed in the patient’s mouth.</p> <p>Observations made and discussion with staff confirmed that DUWLs are appropriately managed. This includes that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Filters are cleaned/replaced as per manufacturer’s instructions; • An independent bottled-water system is used to dispense distilled water to supply the DUWLs in two of the seven dental surgeries; • Self-contained water bottles are removed, flushed with distilled water and left open to the air for drying on a daily basis in accordance with manufacturer's guidance; • Water supply to the DUWLs in five of the seven surgeries is provided through the direct mains water supply. The dental nurse who facilitated the inspection confirmed on discussion that there is a physical air gap separating DUWLs from mains water systems; • A single use sterile water source is used for irrigation in dental surgical procedures; • DUWLs in the independent bottled-water systems are drained at the end of each working day; • DUWLs are flushed at the start of each working day and between every patient; • DUWLs and handpieces are fitted with anti-retraction valves; and • DUWLs are purged using disinfectant as per manufacturer’s recommendations.

<p>Provider’s overall assessment of the dental practice’s compliance level against the standard assessed</p>	<p>No rating given</p>
<p>Inspector’s overall assessment of the dental practice’s compliance level against the standard assessed</p>	<p>Substantially compliant</p>

10.5 Personal Protective Equipment

<p>STANDARD 13 – Prevention and Control of Infection (Safe and effective care) The dental service takes every reasonable precaution to make sure you are not exposed to risk of infection.</p>
<p>Criterion Assessed: 13.2 Your dental service adheres to the appropriate infection control policies and procedures in line with current best practice and legislation. 13.3 Your dental service has systems in place, including induction and ongoing training, to make sure these policies and procedures are known, and are being appropriately applied to the service at all times.</p>
<p>Inspection Findings: Mr MacAllister omitted to rate the practice approach to the management of personal protective equipment (PPE) on the self-assessment. The practice has a policy and procedure in place for the use of PPE and staff spoken with demonstrated awareness of this. Review of documentation demonstrated that the use of PPE is included in the induction programme. Observations made and discussion with staff evidenced that PPE was readily available and in use in the practice. Discussion with staff confirmed that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hand hygiene is performed before donning and following the removal of disposable gloves; • Single use PPE is disposed of appropriately after each episode of patient care; • Heavy duty gloves are available for domestic cleaning and decontamination procedures where necessary; and • Eye protection for staff and patients is decontaminated after each episode. <p>Staff confirmed that they were aware of the practice uniform policy.</p>

<p>Provider’s overall assessment of the dental practice’s compliance level against the standard assessed</p>	<p>No rating given</p>
<p>Inspector’s overall assessment of the dental practice’s compliance level against the standard assessed</p>	<p>Compliant</p>

10.6 Waste

<p>STANDARD 13 – Prevention and Control of Infection (Safe and effective care) The dental service takes every reasonable precaution to make sure you are not exposed to risk of infection.</p>
<p>Criterion Assessed: 13.2 Your dental service adheres to the appropriate infection control policies and procedures in line with current best practice and legislation. 13.3 Your dental service has systems in place, including induction and ongoing training, to make sure these policies and procedures are known, and are being appropriately applied to the service at all times..</p>
<p>Inspection Findings: Mr MacAllister omitted to rate the practice approach to the management of waste on the self-assessment.</p> <p>The practice has a policy and procedure in place for the management and disposal of waste in keeping with HTM 07-01. Review of documentation demonstrated that the management of waste is included in the induction programme and that waste management training is updated periodically.</p> <p>Review of documentation confirmed that contracted arrangements are in place for the disposal of waste by a registered waste carrier and relevant consignment notes are retained in the practice for at least three years.</p> <p>Observations made and discussion with staff confirmed that they are aware of the different types of waste and appropriate disposal streams.</p> <p>Pedal operated bins are available throughout the practice.</p> <p>Appropriate arrangements are in place in the practice for the storage and collection of general and clinical waste, including sharps waste.</p> <p>The inspector observed adequate provision of sharps containers including those for pharmaceutical waste, throughout the practice. These were being appropriately managed as discussed in section 10.1 of the report.</p>

<p>Provider’s overall assessment of the dental practice’s compliance level against the standard assessed</p>	<p>No rating given</p>
<p>Inspector’s overall assessment of the dental practice’s compliance level against the standard assessed</p>	<p>Compliant</p>

10.7 Decontamination

<p>STANDARD 13 – Prevention and Control of Infection (Safe and effective care) The dental service takes every reasonable precaution to make sure you are not exposed to risk of infection.</p>
<p>Criterion Assessed: 13.4 Your dental service meets current best practice guidance on the decontamination of reusable dental and medical instruments.</p>
<p>Inspection Findings: Mr MacAllister omitted to rate the decontamination arrangements of the practice on the self-assessment.</p> <p>A decontamination room separate from patient treatment areas and dedicated to the decontamination process is available. It was observed that the door separating the decontamination room from the corridor/reception has been removed. Mr MacAllister confirmed that the door had been removed in order to accommodate the fitting of worktops in the decontamination room. Mr MacAllister confirmed in an email to the inspector on the 5 December 2014 that the door had been refitted.</p> <p>Appropriate equipment, including a washer disinfector and three steam sterilisers have been provided to meet the practice requirements.</p> <p>Review of documentation evidenced that equipment used in the decontamination process has been appropriately validated.</p> <p>Review of equipment logbooks evidenced that periodic tests are undertaken and recorded in keeping with HTM 01-05.</p> <p>Arrangements are in place to ensure that reusable dental instruments are appropriately cleaned, sterilised and stored following use in keeping with best practice guidance as outlined in HTM 01-05, with the exception of dental handpieces which are manually cleaned prior to sterilisation. A sample of handpieces viewed on the day of inspection had the washer disinfector compatible symbol. This was discussed with Mr MacAllister and a requirement was made in this regard.</p>

<p>Provider’s overall assessment of the dental practice’s compliance level against the standard assessed</p>	<p>No rating given</p>
<p>Inspector’s overall assessment of the dental practice’s compliance level against the standard assessed</p>	<p>Substantially compliant</p>

<p>Inspector’s overall assessment of the dental practice’s compliance level against the standard assessed</p>	<p>Compliance Level</p>
	<p>Substantially compliant</p>

11.0 Additional Areas Examined

11.1 Staff Consultation/Questionnaires

During the course of the inspection, the inspector spoke with three dental nurses, one of which facilitated the inspection. Questionnaires were also provided to staff prior to the inspection by the practice on behalf of the RQIA. Thirteen were returned to RQIA within the timescale required.

Review of submitted questionnaires and discussion with staff evidenced that staff were knowledgeable regarding the inspection theme and that they have received training appropriate to their relevant roles. Staff confirmed that they are familiar with the practice policies and procedures and have received infection prevention and control training. Clinical staff confirmed that they have been immunised against Hepatitis B.

One of the 13 submitted questionnaires included comments in relation to staff training and decontamination procedures. These comments were discussed with Mr MacAllister.

11.2 Patient Consultation

Mr MacAllister confirmed on the submitted self-assessment that arrangements are in place for consultation with patients, at appropriate intervals, that feedback provided by patients has been used by the service to improve, and that results of the consultation have been made available to patients.

12.0 Quality Improvement Plan

The details of the Quality Improvement Plan appended to this report were discussed with Mr MacAllister as part of the inspection process.

The timescales for completion commence from the date of inspection.

The registered provider/manager is required to record comments on the Quality Improvement Plan.

Matters to be addressed as a result of this inspection are set in the context of the current registration of your premises. The registration is not transferable so that in the event of any future application to alter, extend or to sell the premises the RQIA would apply standards current at the time of that application.

Enquiries relating to this report should be addressed to:

Stephen O'Connor
The Regulation and Quality Improvement Authority
9th Floor
Riverside Tower
5 Lanyon Place
Belfast
BT1 3BT

Stephen O'Connor
Inspector/Quality Reviewer

Date



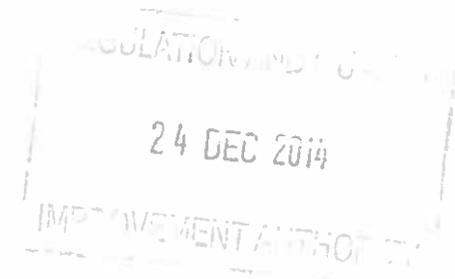
The Regulation and
Quality Improvement
Authority

Quality Improvement Plan

Announced Inspection

Cavehill Dental Care

20 November 2014



The areas where the service needs to improve, as identified during this inspection visit, are detailed in the inspection report and Quality Improvement Plan.

The specific actions set out in the Quality Improvement Plan were discussed with Mr Martin MacAllister either during or after the inspection visit.

Any matters that require completion within 28 days of the inspection visit have also been set out in separate correspondence to the registered persons.

Registered providers/managers should note that failure to comply with regulations may lead to further enforcement and/or prosecution action as set out in The HPSS (Quality, Improvement and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003.

It is the responsibility of the registered provider/manager to ensure that all requirements and recommendations contained within the Quality Improvement Plan are addressed within the specified timescales.

Matters to be addressed as a result of this inspection are set in the context of the current registration of your premises. The registration is not transferable so that in the event of any future application to alter, extend or to sell the premises the RQIA would apply standards current at the time of that application.

STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

This section outlines the actions which must be taken so that the registered person/s meets legislative requirements based on The HPSS (Quality, Improvement and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003, and The Independent Health Care Regulations (NI) 2005 as amended.

NO.	REGULATION REFERENCE	REQUIREMENTS	NUMBER OF TIMES STATED	DETAILS OF ACTION TAKEN BY REGISTERED PERSON(S)	TIMESCALE
1	15 (3)	<p>All reusable dental instruments; manufacturer's instructions permitting should be cleaned in the washer disinfectant.</p> <p>Compatible dental handpieces must be processed through the washer disinfectant as part of the decontamination process.</p> <p>Ref: 10.7</p>	One	<p>Already being done</p> <p>This is at odds with advice given by Elaine Fugard.</p>	Immediate and ongoing

RECOMMENDATIONS					
These recommendations are based on The Minimum Standards for Dental Care and Treatment (2011), research or recognised sources. They promote current good practice and if adopted by the registered person may enhance service, quality and delivery.					
NO.	MINIMUM STANDARD REFERENCE	RECOMMENDATIONS	NUMBER OF TIMES STATED	DETAILS OF ACTION TAKEN BY REGISTERED PERSON(S)	TIMESCALE
1	13	Floors in all clinical areas should be sealed at the edges where they meet the skirting boards and kicker boards of cabinetry. Ref: 10.2	One	Being done ---	Two months
2	13	The silicone blanking off the overflows in all stainless steel hand washing basins should be removed and the overflows should then be blanked off using a stainless steel plate sealed with antibacterial mastic. Ref: 10.3	One	See attached sheet - Being done -	Two months
3	13	Further develop the legionella control measures to reduce the risk of legionella, to include monthly monitoring of hot and cold sentinel water temperatures and flushing of all infrequently used outlets. Records must be retained for inspection. Ref:10.4	One	Already being done. Has been completed	One month

Notes Re RQIA Recommendations

I would like these notes as an addendum to your public report.

15(3)

This is already being done, however this is at odds with the recommendation given by Elaine Fugard.

13 Ref 10.2

This is being carried out.

13 Ref 10.3

The registered provider has the opinion that this is nonsense. All of the overflows have been neatly closed using clear silicon "sealer". The clue is in the name.....sealer! It has been neatly carried out. Adding a fabricated stainless steel plate will be unsightly, and I would suggest, more of a bacterial trap. Nonetheless, we will comply with your requirement.

13 Ref 10.4

Legionella Control measures are in place, a full legionella assessment has been carried out by Coral Environmental Ltd

Martin MacAllister

Registered Provider and Owner



The Regulation and
Quality Improvement
Authority



**Self Assessment audit tool of compliance with
HTM01-05 - Decontamination - Cross Infection Control**

Name of practice: Cavehill Dental Care
RQIA ID: 11425
Name of inspector: Stephen O'Connor

This self-assessment tool should be completed in reflection of the current decontamination and cross infection control arrangements in your practice.

THE REGULATION AND QUALITY IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY
9th floor Riverside Tower, 5 Lanyon Place, Belfast, BT1 3BT
Tel: 028 9051 7500 Fax: 028 9051 7501

1 Prevention of bloodborne virus exposure			
Inspection criteria <i>(Numbers in brackets reflect HTM 01-05/policy reference)</i>	Yes	No	If NO provide rationale and actions to be taken with timescales to achieve compliance with HTM 01-05.
1.1 Does the practice have a policy and procedure/s in place for the prevention and management of blood borne virus exposure, including management of spillages, sharps and inoculation incidents in accordance with national guidance? (2.6)	✓		
1.2 Have all staff received training in relation to the prevention and management of blood-borne virus exposure? (1.22, 9.1, 9.5)	✓		
1.3 Have all staff at risk from sharps injuries received an Occupational Health check in relation to risk reduction in blood-borne virus transmission and general infection? (2.6)		✓	In progress
1.4 Can decontamination and clinical staff demonstrate current immunisation with the hepatitis B vaccine e.g. documentation? (2.4s, 8.8)		✓	In progress
1.5 Are chlorine-releasing agents available for blood /bodily fluid spillages and used as per manufacturer's instructions? (6.74)	✓		
1.6 Management of sharps Any references to sharps management should be read in conjunction with The Health and Safety (Sharp Instruments in Healthcare) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2013 Are sharps containers correctly assembled?	✓		

1.7 Are in-use sharps containers labelled with date, locality and a signature?	✓		
1.8 Are sharps containers replaced when filled to the indicator mark?	✓		
1.9 Are sharps containers locked with the integral lock when filled to the indicator mark? Then dated and signed?	✓		
1.10 Are full sharps containers stored in a secure facility away from public access?	✓		
1.11 Are sharps containers available at the point of use and positioned safely (e.g. wall mounted)?	✓		
1.12 Is there a readily-accessible protocol in place that ensures staff are dealt with in accordance with national guidance in the event of blood-borne virus exposure? (2.6)	✓		
1.13 Are inoculation injuries recorded?	✓		
1.14 Are disposable needles and disposable syringes discarded as a single unit?	✓		
Provider's level of compliance			Provider to complete

2 Environmental design and cleaning			
Inspection criteria	Yes	No	If NO provide rationale and actions to be taken with timescales to achieve compliance with HTM 01-05.
2.1 Does the practice have a policy and procedure for cleaning and maintaining the environment? (2.6, 6.54)	✓		
2.2 Have staff undertaking cleaning duties been fully trained to undertake such duties? (6.55)	✓		
2.3 Is the overall appearance of the clinical and decontamination environment tidy and uncluttered? (5.6)	✓		
2.4 Is the dental chair cleaned between each patient? (6.46, 6.62)	✓		
2.5 Is the dental chair free from rips or tears? (6.62)	✓		
2.6 Are all surfaces i.e. walls, floors, ceilings, fixtures and fittings and chairs free from damage and abrasion? (6.38)	✓		
2.7 Are all work-surface joints intact, seamless, with no visible damage? (6.46, 6.47)	✓		
2.8 Are all surfaces i.e. walls, floors, ceilings, fixtures and fittings and chairs free from dust and visible dirt? (6.38)	✓		
2.9 Are the surfaces of accessible ventilation fittings/grills cleaned at a minimum weekly? (6.64)	✓		
2.10 Are all surfaces including flooring in clinical and decontamination areas impervious and easy to clean? (6.46, 6.64)	✓		

<p>2.11 Do all floor coverings in clinical and decontamination areas have covered edges that are sealed and impervious to moisture? (6.47)</p>	<p>✓</p>	<p>✓</p>	<p>In new surgeries and Decontamination room</p>
<p>2.12 Are keyboard covers or "easy-clean" waterproof keyboards used in clinical areas? (6.66)</p>	<p>✓</p>	<p></p>	<p></p>
<p>2.13 Are toys provided easily cleaned? (6.73)</p>	<p></p>	<p>✓</p>	<p>No toys provided We are a real dental</p>
<p>2.14 Confirm free standing or ceiling mounted fans are not used in clinical/ decontamination areas? (6.40)</p>	<p>✓</p>	<p></p>	<p>Practice .</p>
<p>2.15 Is cleaning equipment colour-coded, in accordance with the National Patient Safety Agency recommendations as detailed in HTM 01-05? (6.53)</p>	<p>✓</p>	<p></p>	<p></p>
<p>2.16 Is cleaning equipment stored in a non-clinical area? (6.60)</p>	<p>✓</p>	<p></p>	<p></p>
<p>2.17 Where disposable single-use covers are used, are they discarded after each patient contact? (6.65)</p>	<p>✓</p>	<p></p>	<p></p>
<p>2.18 Are the surfaces of equipment cleaned between each patient (E.g. work surfaces, dental chairs, curing lamps, delivery units, inspection handles and lights, spittoons, external surface of aspirator and X-ray heads)? (6.62)</p>	<p>✓</p>	<p></p>	<p></p>
<p>2.19 Are all taps, drainage points, splash backs, sinks, aspirators, drains, spittoons, cleaned after every session with a surfactant/detergent? (6.63)</p>	<p>✓</p>	<p></p>	<p></p>
<p>2.20 Are floors, cupboard doors and accessible high level surfaces and floors cleaned daily? (6.63)</p>	<p>✓</p>	<p></p>	<p></p>

<p>2.21 Is there a designated area for the disposal of dirty water, which is outside the kitchen, clinical and decontamination areas; for example toilet, drain or slop-hopper (slop hopper is a device used for the disposal of liquid or solid waste)?</p>			
<p>2.22 Does the practice have a local policy and procedure/s for spillage in accordance with COSHH? (2.4d, 2.6)</p>			
<p>Provider's level of compliance</p>			<p>Provider to complete</p>

3 Hand hygiene			
Inspection criteria	Yes	No	If NO provide rationale and actions to be taken with timescales to achieve compliance with HTM 01-05.
3.1 Does the practice have a local policy and procedure for hand hygiene? (2.6 Appendix 1)	✓		
3.2 Is hand hygiene an integral part of staff induction? (6.3)	✓		
3.3 Is hand hygiene training provided periodically throughout the year? (1.22, 6.3)	✓		
3.4 Is hand hygiene carried out before and after every new patient contact? (Appendix 1)	✓		
3.5 Is hand hygiene performed before donning and following the removal of gloves? (6.4, Appendix 1)	✓		
3.6 Do all staff involved in any clinical and decontamination procedures have short nails that are clean and free from nail extensions and varnish? (6.8, 6.23, Appendix 1)	✓		
3.7 Do all clinical and decontamination staff remove wrist watches, wrist jewellery, rings with stones during clinical and decontamination procedures? (6.9, 6.22)	✓		
3.8 Are there laminated or wipe-clean posters promoting hand hygiene on display? (6.12)	✓		
3.9 Is there a separate dedicated hand basin provided for hand hygiene in each surgery where clinical practice takes place? (2.4g, 6.10)	✓		

<p>3.10 Is there a separate dedicated hand basin available in each room where the decontamination of equipment takes place? (2.4u, 5.7, 6.10)</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>3.11 Are wash-hand basins free from equipment and other utility items? (2.4g, 5.7)</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>3.12 Are hand hygiene facilities clean and intact (check sinks taps, splash backs, soap and paper towel dispensers)? (6.11, 6.63)</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>3.13 Do the hand washing basins provided in clinical and decontamination areas have :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • no plug; and • no overflow. <p>Lever operated or sensor operated taps.(6.10)</p>	<p>✓</p>		<p>Overflows have been sealed</p>
<p>3.14 Confirm nailbrushes are not used at wash-hand basins? (Appendix 1)</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>3.15 Is there good quality, mild liquid soap dispensed from single-use cartridge or containers available at each wash-hand basin?</p> <p>Bar soap should not be used. (6.5, Appendix 1)</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>3.16 Is skin disinfectant rub/gel available at the point of care? (Appendix 1)</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>3.17 Are good quality disposable absorbent paper towels used at all wash-hand basins? (6.6, Appendix 1)</p>	<p>✓</p>		

<p>3.18 Are hand-cream dispensers with disposable cartridges available for all clinical and decontamination staff? (6.7, Appendix 1)</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>Provider's level of compliance</p>			<p>Provider to complete</p>

4 Management of dental medical devices			
Inspection criteria	Yes	No	If NO provide rationale and actions to be taken with timescales to achieve compliance with HTM 01-05.
4.1 Does the practice have an infection control policy that includes procedures for the use, maintenance, service and repair of all medical devices? (1.18, 2.4a, 2.6, 2.7, 3.54)	✓		
4.2 Has the practice carried out a risk assessment for legionella under the Health and Safety Commission's "Legionnaires' disease - the control of legionella bacteria in water systems Approved Code of Practice and Guidance" (also known as L8)? (6.75-6.90, 19.0)		✓	In progress
4.3 Has the practice a written scheme for prevention of legionella contamination in water pipes and other water lines?(6.75, 19.2)		✓	In progress
4.4 Impression material, prosthetic and orthodontic appliances: Are impression materials, prosthetic and orthodontic appliances decontaminated in the surgery prior to despatch to laboratory in accordance with manufacturer's instructions?(7.0)	✓		
4.5 Impression material, prosthetic and orthodontic appliances: Are prosthetic and orthodontic appliances decontaminated before being placed in the patient's mouth? (7.1b)	✓		
4.6 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Are in-line filters cleaned/replaced as per manufacturer's instructions?(6.89, 6.90)		✓	In progress

<p>4.7 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Is there an independent bottled-water system used to dispense distilled, reverse osmosis (RO) or sterile water to supply the DUWL? (6.84)</p>			<p>In non sirona C4 chairs</p>
<p>4.8 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): For dental surgical procedures involving irrigation; is a separate single-use sterile water source used for irrigation? (6.91)</p>			
<p>4.9 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Are the DUWLs drained down at the end of every working day?(6.82)</p>			
<p>4.10 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Are self-contained water bottles (bottled water system) removed, flushed with distilled or RO water and left open to the air for drying on a daily basis, and if necessary overnight, and in accordance with manufacturer's guidance? (6.83)</p>			
<p>4.11 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Where bottled water systems are not used is there a physical air gap separating dental unit waterlines from mains water systems. (Type A)?(6.84)</p>			
<p>4.12 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Are DUWLs flushed for a minimum of 2 minutes at start of each working day and for a minimum of 20-30 seconds between every patient? (6.85)</p>			
<p>4.13 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Are all DUWL and hand pieces fitted with anti-retraction valves? (6.87)</p>			
<p>4.14 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Are DUWLs either disposable or purged using manufacturer's recommended disinfectants? (6.84-6.86)</p>			

<p>4.15 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Are DUWL filters changed according to the manufacturer's guidelines? (6.89)</p>			
<p>Provider's level of compliance</p>			<p>Provider to complete</p>

5 Personal Protective Equipment			
Inspection criteria	Yes	No	If NO provide rationale and actions to be taken with timescales to achieve compliance with HTM 01-05.
5.1 Does the practice have a policy and procedures for the use of personal protective equipment? (2.6, 6.13)	✓		
5.2 Are staff trained in the use of personal protective equipment as part of the practice induction? (6.13)	✓		
5.3 Are powder-free CE marked gloves used in the practice? (6.20)	✓		
5.4 Are alternatives to latex gloves available? (6.19, 6.20)	✓		
5.5 Are all single-use PPE disposed of after each episode of patient care? (6.21, 6.25, 6.36c)	✓		
5.6 Is hand hygiene performed before donning and following the removal of gloves? (6.4 Appendix 1)	✓		
5.7 Are clean, heavy duty household gloves available for domestic cleaning and decontamination procedures where necessary? (6.23)	✓		
5.8 Are heavy-duty household gloves washed with detergent and hot water and left to dry after each use? (6.23)	✓		
5.9 Are heavy-duty household gloves replaced weekly or more frequently if worn or torn? (6.23)	✓		

<p>5.10 Are disposable plastic aprons worn during all decontamination processes or clinical procedures where there is a risk that clothing/uniform may become contaminated? (6.14, 6.24-6.25)</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>5.11 Are single-use plastic aprons disposed of as clinical waste after each procedure? (6.25)</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>5.12 Are plastic aprons, goggles, masks or face shields used for any clinical and decontamination procedures where there is a danger of splashes? (6.14, 6.26-6.29)</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>5.13 Are masks disposed of as clinical waste after each use? (6.27, 6.36)</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>5.14 Are all items of PPE stored in accordance with manufacturers' instructions? (6.14)</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>5.15 Are uniforms worn by all staff changed at the end of each day and when visibly contaminated? (6.34)</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>5.16 Is eye protection for staff used during decontamination procedures cleaned after each session or sooner if visibly contaminated? (6.29)</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>5.17 Is eye protection provided for the patient and staff decontaminated after each episode of patient care? (6.29)</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>Provider's level of compliance</p>			<p>Provider to complete</p>

6 Waste			
Inspection criteria	Yes	No	If NO provide rationale and actions to be taken with timescales to achieve compliance with HTM 07-01.
6.1 Does the practice have a policy and procedure/s for the management and disposal of waste? (2.6, 6.1 (07-01) 6.4 (07-01))	✓		
6.2 Have all staff attended induction and on-going training in the process of waste disposal? (1.22, 6.43 (07-01) 6.51 (07-01))	✓		
6.3 Is there evidence that the waste contractor is a registered waste carrier? (6.87 (07-01) 6.90 (07-01))	✓		
6.4 Are all disposable PPE disposed of as clinical waste? (6.26, 6.27, 6.36, HTM 07-01 PEL (13) 14)	✓		
6.5 Are orange bags used for infectious Category B waste such as blooded swabs and blood contaminated gloves? (HTM 07-01, PEL (13) 14, 5.39 (07-01) Chapter 10 - Dental 12 (07-01))	✓		
6.6 Are black/orange bags used for offensive/hygiene waste such as non-infectious recognisable healthcare waste e.g. gowns, tissues, non-contaminated gloves, X-ray film, etc, which are not contaminated with saliva, blood, medicines, chemicals or amalgam? (HTM 07-01, PEL (13) 14, 5.50 (07-01) Chapter 10-Dental 8 (07-01))	✓		
6.8 Are black/clear bags used for domestic waste including paper towels? (HTM 07-01, PEL (13) 14, 5.51 (07-01))	✓		

<p>6.9 Are bins foot operated or sensor controlled, lidded and in good working order? (5.90 (07-01))</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>6.10 Are local anaesthetic cartridges and other Prescription Only Medicines (POMs) disposed of in yellow containers with a purple lid that conforms to BS 7320 (1990)/UN 3291? (HTM 07-01 PEL (13) 14, Chapter 10 - Dental 11 (07-01))</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>6.11 Are clinical waste sacks securely tied and sharps containers locked before disposal? (5.87 (07-01))</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>6.12 Are all clinical waste bags and sharps containers labelled before disposal? (5.23 (07-01), 5.25 (07-01))</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>6.13 Is waste awaiting collection stored in a safe and secure location away from the public within the practice premises? (5.33 (07-01), 5.96 (07-01))</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>6.14 Are all clinical waste bags fully described using the appropriate European Waste Catalogue (EWC) Codes as listed in HTM 07-01 (Safe Management of Healthcare Waste)?(3.32 (07-01))</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>6.15 Are all consignment notes for all hazardous waste retained for at least 3 years?(6.105 (07-01))</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>6.16 Has the practice been assured that a "duty of care" audit has been undertaken and recorded from producer to final disposal? (6.1 (07-01), 6.9 (07-01))</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>6.17 Is there evidence the practice is segregating waste in accordance with HTM 07-01? (5.86 (07-01), 5.88 (07-01), 4.18 (07-01))</p>	<p>✓</p>		
<p>Provider's level of compliance</p>			<p>Provider to complete</p>

7 Decontamination			
Inspection criteria	Yes	No	If NO provide rationale and actions to be taken with timescales to achieve compliance with HTM 01-05.
7.1 Does the practice have a room separate from the patient treatment area, dedicated to decontamination meeting best practice standards? (5.3–5.8)	✓		
7.2 Does the practice have washer disinfectors in sufficient numbers to meet the practice requirements? (PEL(13)13)	✓		
7.3 Are all reusable instruments being disinfected using the washer disinfectors? (PEL(13)13)	✓		
7.4 Does the practice have steam sterilisers in sufficient numbers to meet the practice requirements?	✓		
7.5 a Has all equipment used in the decontamination process been validated?	✓		
7.5 b Are arrangements in place to ensure that all equipment is validated annually? (1.9, 11.1, 11.6, 12,13, 14.1, 14.2, 15.6)			
7.6 Have separate log books been established for each piece of equipment? Does the log book contain all relevant information as outlined in HTM01-05? (11.9)	✓		

<p>7.7 a Are daily, weekly, monthly periodic tests undertaken and recorded in the log books as outlined in HTM 01-05? (12, 13, 14)</p> <p>7.7 b Is there a system in place to record cycle parameters of equipment such as a data logger?</p>			
<p>Provider's level of compliance</p>			<p>Provider to complete</p>

<p>Please provide any comments you wish to add regarding good practice</p>

Appendix 1



Name of practice: Cavehill Dental Care

Declaration on consultation with patients

The need for consultation with patients is outlined in The Independent Health Care Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005, Regulation 17(3) and The Minimum Standards for Dental Care and Treatment 2011, Standard 9.

1 Do you have a system in place for consultation with patients, undertaken at appropriate intervals?

Yes No

If no or other please give details:

2 If appropriate has the feedback provided by patients been used by the service to improve?

Yes No

3 Are the results of the consultation made available to patients?

Yes No