

Announced Care Inspection Report 23 September 2020



John Gilleece at 438

Type of Service: Independent Hospital (IH) – Dental Treatment

Address: 438 Lisburn Road, Belfast, BT9 6GR

Tel No: 028 9066 1688

Inspector: Gerry Colgan

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Assurance, Challenge and Improvement in Health and Social Care

It should be noted that this inspection report should not be regarded as a comprehensive review of all strengths and areas for improvement that exist in the service. The findings reported on are those which came to the attention of RQIA during the course of this inspection. The findings contained within this report do not exempt the service from their responsibility for maintaining compliance with legislation, standards and best practice.

1.0 What we look for



In respect of dental practices for the 2020/21 inspection year we are moving to a more focused, shorter inspection which will concentrate on the following key patient safety areas:

- management of operations in response to the COVID-19 pandemic;
- management of medical emergencies;
- infection prevention and control (IPC);
- decontamination of reusable dental instruments;
- governance arrangements and review of the report of the visits undertaken by the Registered Provider in line with Regulation 26, where applicable; and
- review of the areas for improvement identified during the previous care inspection (where applicable).

2.0 Profile of service

This is a registered dental practice with three registered places.

3.0 Service details

Organisation/Registered Provider: Mr John Gilleece	Registered Manager: Mr John Gilleece
Person in charge at the time of inspection: Mr John Gilleece	Date manager registered: 6 February 2020
Categories of care: Independent Hospital (IH) – Dental Treatment	Number of registered places: 3

John Gilleece at 438/03 Dental Studio was originally registered with the Regulation and Quality Improvement Authority (RQIA) on 11 November 2013 as a partnership with Mr John Gilleece and Mr Damian Flannagan as the Responsible Individuals.

In October 2019 RQIA was informed by Mr Damian Flannagan that he was leaving the practice. On 13 January 2020 RQIA received an application to re-register the practice with RQIA as the business entity had changed from a partnership involving Mr Gilleece and Mr Flanagan to Mr Gilleece as a sole provider. We reviewed the application to register the new entity operating the practice and following due processes approval was granted. John Gilleece at 438 is now registered with Mr John Gilleece as the Registered Person and Registered Manager.

4.0 Action/enforcement taken following the most recent inspection dated 29 October 2019

The most recent inspection of the John Gilleece at 438 was an announced care inspection. The completed QIP was returned and approved by the care inspector.

4.1 Review of areas for improvement from the last care inspection dated 29 October 2019

Areas for improvement from the last care inspection		
Action required to ensure compliance with The Independent Health Care Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005		Validation of compliance
Area for improvement 1 Ref: Regulation 15 (6) Stated: First time	The registered person shall ensure that adrenaline is provided to facilitate the administration of the various doses and quantity needed as recommended by the Health and Social Care Board (HSCB) and in keeping with the BNF.	Met
	Action taken as confirmed during the inspection: A review of medication confirmed that adrenaline is provided to facilitate the administration of the various doses and quantity needed as recommended by the Health and Social Care Board (HSCB) and in keeping with the BNF.	
Action required to ensure compliance with The Minimum Standards for Dental Care and Treatment (2011)		Validation of compliance
Area for improvement 1 Ref: Standard 8.6 Stated: First time	The registered person shall ensure that clinical records of each conscious sedation treatment are documented in accordance with Conscious Sedation in The Provision of Dental Care (2003) as outlined in the body of the report.	Met
	Action taken as confirmed during the inspection: A review of records confirmed that clinical records of each conscious sedation treatment are documented in accordance with Conscious Sedation in The Provision of Dental Care (2003).	
Area for improvement 2 Ref: Standard 8.6 Stated: First time	The registered person shall complete a nitrous oxide risk assessment in accordance with the Northern Ireland Adverse Incident Centre (NIAIC) alert NIA-2017-001 issued on 6 September 2017.	Met

	<p>Action taken as confirmed during the inspection: A review of records confirmed that a nitrous oxide risk assessment has been completed and a copy shared with RQIA.</p>	
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5.0 Inspection summary

We undertook an announced inspection on 23 September 2020 from 10:00 to 11:15 hours.

This inspection was underpinned by The Health and Personal Social Services (Quality, Improvement and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003, The Independent Health Care Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005, The Regulation and Improvement Authority (Independent Health Care) (Fees and Frequency of Inspections) (Amendment) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2011 and the Department of Health (DoH) Minimum Standards for Dental Care and Treatment (2011).

The purpose of this inspection was to focus on the themes for the 2020/21 inspection year. A poster informing patients that an inspection was being conducted was displayed during the inspection.

We undertook a tour of the premises, met with Mr Gilleece, Registered Person and two dental nurses and reviewed relevant records and documents in relation to the day to day operation of the practice.

We found evidence of good practice in relation to the management of medical emergencies; infection prevention and control; decontamination of reusable dental instruments; the practices' adherence to best practice guidance in relation to COVID-19; and governance arrangements.

No immediate concerns were identified regarding the delivery of front line patient care.

The findings of the inspection were provided to Mr Gilleece at the conclusion of the inspection.

5.1 Inspection outcome

Areas for improvement	Regulations	Standards
	0	0

This inspection resulted in no areas for improvement being identified. Findings of the inspection were discussed with Mr Gilleece, Registered Person, as part of the inspection process and can be found in the main body of the report.

6.0 Inspection findings

6.1 Management of operations in response to the COVID-19 pandemic

We discussed the management of operations in response to the COVID-19 pandemic and application of the Health and Social Care Board (HSCB) operational guidance with Mr Gilleece. We found that COVID-19 policies and procedures were in place in keeping with best practice guidance.

Areas of good practice: Management of operations in response to COVID-19 pandemic

We confirmed the practice had identified a COVID-19 lead; had reviewed and amended policies and procedures in accordance with the HSCB operational guidance to include arrangements to maintain social distancing; prepare staff; implement enhanced infection prevention and control procedures; and the patient pathway.

Areas for improvement: Management of operations in response to COVID-19 pandemic

We identified no areas for improvement regarding the management of operations in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

	Regulations	Standards
Areas for improvement	0	0

6.2 Management of medical emergencies

We reviewed the arrangements in place for the management of medicines within the practice to ensure that medicines were safely, securely and effectively managed in compliance with legislative requirements, professional standards and guidelines and we found them to be satisfactory.

We found that medicines were stored safely and securely and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. We confirmed that all emergency medicines as specified within the British National Formulary (BNF) for use in the event of a medical emergency in a dental practice were available. We also confirmed that all emergency equipment as recommended by the Resuscitation Council (UK) guidelines was available.

We noted a robust system was in place to ensure that emergency medicines and equipment do not exceed their expiry date and were ready for immediate use in the event of a medical emergency.

We spoke with Mr Gilleece who told us the management of medical emergencies was included in the staff induction programme and that training was updated on an annual basis in keeping with best practice guidance. We reviewed training records and evidenced that staff last completed medical emergency refresher training during October 2019. We found that this training included first aid and scenario-based exercises that simulated medical emergencies that have the potential to occur in a dental practice.

These included; anaphylaxis; asthma; cardiac emergencies; myocardial infarction; epileptic seizures; hypoglycaemia; syncope; choking and aspiration; and adrenaline insufficiency.

Mr Gilleece confirmed that staff demonstrated a good understanding of the actions to be taken in the event of a medical emergency and were able to identify the location of medical emergency medicines and equipment. Mr Gilleece told us that they felt well prepared to manage a medical emergency should this occur.

We were satisfied that sufficient emergency medicines and equipment were in place and staff were well prepared to manage a medical emergency should this occur.

Areas of good practice: Management of medical emergencies

We reviewed the arrangements in respect of the management of a medical emergency and confirmed that the dental practice takes a proactive approach to this key patient safety area. This included ensuring that staff had the knowledge and skills to react to a medical emergency, should it arise.

Areas for improvement: Management of medical emergencies

We identified no areas for improvement regarding the management of medical emergencies.

	Regulations	Standards
Areas for improvement	0	0

6.3 Infection prevention and control (IPC)

We reviewed arrangements in relation to IPC procedures throughout the practice to evidence that the risk of infection transmission to patients, visitors and staff was minimised. We undertook a tour of the premises and noted that the clinical and decontamination areas were clean, tidy and uncluttered. We found that all areas of the practice were fully equipped to meet the needs of patients.

We established that personal protective equipment (PPE) was readily available in keeping with best practice guidance. A higher level of PPE is required when dental treatment using aerosol generating procedures (AGPs) are undertaken including the use of FFP3 masks. An FFP3 face mask is a respirator mask that covers the mouth and nose of the wearer. The performance of these masks depends on achieving good contact between the wearer’s skin and the mask. The only way to ensure that the FFP3 mask offers the desired level of protection is for the wearer to be fit tested for a particular make and model of the mask. We reviewed the fit testing records and confirmed that the appropriate staff had been fit tested for FFP3 masks.

We confirmed the practice continues to audit compliance with Health Technical Memorandum (HTM) 01-05: Decontamination in primary care dental practices using the Infection Prevention Society (IPS) audit tool. This audit includes key elements of IPC, relevant to dentistry, including the arrangements for environmental cleaning; the use of personal protective equipment; hand hygiene practice; and waste and sharps management.

Mr Gilleece confirmed that IPS audits were completed in a meaningful manner and the process involved all dental nurses on a rotational basis.

Mr Gilleece told us that the outcome of the audit was discussed during regular staff meetings and should the audit identify areas for improvement, an action plan would be generated to address the issues identified and that the IPS audit will be completed every six months.

We confirmed that arrangements were in place to ensure that staff received IPC and COVID-19 training commensurate with their roles and responsibilities.

Areas of good practice: Infection prevention and control

We reviewed the current arrangements with respect to infection prevention and control practice and evidenced good practice that was being actively reviewed.

Areas for improvement: Infection prevention and control

We identified no areas for improvement regarding infection prevention and control.

	Regulations	Standards
Areas for improvement	0	0

6.4 Decontamination of reusable dental instruments

We observed a decontamination room separate from patient treatment areas and dedicated to the decontamination process was available. We evidenced the decontamination room facilitated the flow from dirty through to clean areas for the cleaning and sterilising of reusable instruments.

We confirmed that the decontamination of reusable dental instruments was being audited in line with best practice outlined in HTM 01-05 using the IPS audit tool.

We found arrangements were in place to ensure staff received training in respect to the decontamination of reusable dental instruments commensurate with their roles and responsibilities.

The processes regarding the decontamination of reusable dental instruments were being audited in line with the best practice outlined in HTM 01-05 using the IPS audit tool. We reviewed the most recent IPS audit, completed during June 2020 and found that the audit had been completed in a meaningful manner and had identified areas of good practice.

We found that appropriate equipment, including a washer disinfecter and a steam steriliser had been provided to meet the requirements of the practice. We established that equipment used in the decontamination process had been appropriately validated and inspected in keeping with the written scheme of examination. Equipment logbooks evidenced that periodic tests were undertaken and recorded in keeping with HTM 01-05.

We found staff were aware of what equipment, used by the practice, should be treated as single use and what equipment was suitable for decontamination. We confirmed that single use devices were only used for single-treatment episodes and were disposed of following use.

A review of current practice evidenced that arrangements were in place to ensure that reusable dental instruments were appropriately cleaned, sterilised and stored following use in keeping with the best practice guidance outlined in HTM 01-05.

Areas of good practice: Decontamination of reusable dental instruments

We found the current arrangements evidenced that best practice, as outlined in HTM 01-05, was being achieved in respect of the decontamination of reusable dental instruments. This included proactively auditing practice, taking action when issues were identified and ensuring staff had the knowledge and skills to ensure standards were maintained.

Areas for improvement: Decontamination of reusable dental instruments

We identified no areas for improvement regarding the decontamination of reusable dental instruments.

	Regulations	Standards
Areas for improvement	0	0

6.5 Visits by the Registered Provider (Regulation 26)

Where the business entity operating a dental practice is a corporate body or partnership or an individual owner who is not in day to day management of the practice, unannounced quality monitoring visits by the Registered Provider must be undertaken and documented every six months; as required by Regulation 26 of The Independent Health Care Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005. We established that Mr Gilleece was in day to day charge of the practice, therefore the unannounced quality monitoring visits by the Registered Provider were not applicable.

6.6 Equality data

We discussed the arrangements in place regarding the equality of opportunity for patients and the importance of staff being aware of equality legislation and recognising and responding to the diverse needs of patients. Mr Gilleece told us that equality data collected was managed in line with best practice.

6.7 Patient and staff views

Six patients submitted questionnaire responses to RQIA. All six patients indicated that they were very satisfied that their care was safe and effective, that they were treated with compassion and that the service was well led. The following comments were provided in submitted questionnaire responses:

- “Brilliant service and excellent care both by the clinicians and dental nurses.”
- “A fantastic dental practice.”
- “I have total trust in the dentist and his staff. Great customer care and treatment.”

We found that three staff submitted questionnaire responses to RQIA. We found these staff felt patient care was safe, effective, that patients were treated with compassion and that the service was well led. All staff indicated that they were very satisfied with each of these areas of patient care.

6.8 Total number of areas for improvement

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of areas for improvement	0	0

7.0 Quality improvement plan

We identified no areas for improvement and a quality improvement plan (QIP) is not required or included, as part of this inspection report.



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