

Unannounced Care Inspection Report 18 October 2018



Edgewater

Type of Service: Nursing Home Address: 70 Victoria Road, Newbuildings, Londonderry, BT47 2RL Tel no: 02871342090 Inspector: Lyn Buckley

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Assurance, Challenge and Improvement in Health and Social Care

It should be noted that this inspection report should not be regarded as a comprehensive review of all strengths and areas for improvement that exist in the service. The findings reported on are those which came to the attention of RQIA during the course of this inspection. The findings contained within this report do not exempt the service from their responsibility for maintaining compliance with legislation, standards and best practice.

1.0 What we look for

Is care effective? Is care safe? Avoiding and preventing The right care, at the harm to service users right time in the right from the care, place with the treatment and best outcome. Is the service support that is well led? intended to help them. Effective leadership, management and governance which creates a culture focused on the needs and the experiences of service users in order to deliver safe, effective and compassionate care Is care compassionate? Service users are treated with dignity and respect and should be fully involved in decisions affecting their treatment, care and

support.

2.0 Profile of service

This is a registered nursing home which is registered to provide nursing care for up to 28 persons.

3.0 Service details

Organisation/Registered Provider: Edgewater Responsible Persons: Paul Steele Michael Curran	Registered Manager: John Green
Person in charge at the time of inspection: John Green	Date manager registered: 14 December 2007
Categories of care: Nursing Home (NH) I – Old age not falling within any other category.	Number of registered places: 28 There shall be a maximum of 1 named patient in category NH-PH for the duration of their stay in the home.

4.0 Inspection summary

An unannounced inspection took place on 18 October 2018 from 10:05 to 16:15.

This inspection was underpinned by The Health and Personal Social Services (Quality, Improvement and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003, The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005 and the Care Standards for Nursing Homes 2015.

The inspection assessed progress with any areas for improvement identified during and since the last care inspection and to determine if the home was delivering safe, effective and compassionate care and if the service was well led.

Evidence of good practice was found in relation to staffing, staff recruitment, induction, training, knowledge of adult safeguarding procedures, infection prevention and control and the home's environment. Also in relation to communication between patients, staff and other key stakeholders, staff knowledge and practice; governance arrangements, quality improvement; and the maintaining of good working relationships.

One area for improvement was identified in relation to the assessment and use of bedrails.

Patients described living in the home in very positive terms. Patients who could not verbalise their feelings in respect of their care were observed to be relaxed and comfortable in their surroundings. There was evidence that the management team listened to and valued patients.

The findings of this report will provide the home with the necessary information to assist them to fulfil their responsibilities, enhance practice and patients' experience.

4.1 Inspection outcome

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of areas for improvement	1	0

Details of the Quality Improvement Plan (QIP) were discussed with John Green, registered manager, as part of the inspection process. The timescales for completion commence from the date of inspection.

Enforcement action did not result from the findings of this inspection.

4.2 Action/enforcement taken following the most recent inspection dated 22 May 2018

The most recent inspection of the home was an unannounced care inspection undertaken on 22 May 2018. Other than those actions detailed in the QIP no further actions were required to be taken. Enforcement action did not result from the findings of this inspection.

5.0 How we inspect

Prior to the inspection a range of information relevant to the service was reviewed. This included the following records:

- notifiable events since the previous care inspection
- written and verbal communication received since the previous care inspection which includes information in respect of serious adverse incidents(SAI's), potential adult safeguarding issues and whistleblowing
- the returned QIP from the previous care inspection
- the previous care inspection report
- the registration details

During the inspection the inspector met with nine patients and six staff. Ten patients' questionnaires and ten patients' relatives' questionnaires were left for distribution. A poster was provided for staff inviting them to provide feedback to RQIA on-line. The inspector also provided the registered manager with 'Have we missed you' cards which were then placed in a prominent position to allow patients and their relatives, who were not present on the day of inspection, the opportunity to give feedback to RQIA regarding the quality of service provision.

A poster informing visitors to the home that an inspection was being conducted was displayed in the front foyer. The following records were examined during the inspection:

- duty rota for all staff from 8 to 21 October 2018
- records confirming registration of staff with the Nursing and Midwifery Council (NMC) and the Northern Ireland Social Care Council (NISCC)
- staff training records
- incident and accident records from 1 July 2018
- one staff recruitment and induction file
- four patient care records
- a sample of governance audits
- complaints record
- compliments received
- RQIA registration certificate
- a sample of monthly quality monitoring reports, from 1 January 2018, undertaken in accordance with Regulation 29 of The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005

Areas for improvement identified at the last care inspection were reviewed and assessment of compliance recorded as met, partially met, or not met.

The findings of the inspection were provided to the person in charge at the conclusion of the inspection.

6.0 The inspection

6.1 Review of areas for improvement from the most recent inspection dated 22 May 2018

The most recent inspection of the home was an unannounced care inspection. The completed QIP was returned and approved by the care inspector. This QIP was validated by the care inspector during this inspection.

6.2 Review of areas for improvement from the last care inspection dated 22 May 2018

Areas for improvement from the last care inspection		
Action required to ensure compliance with The Care Standards for Validation of		
Nursing Homes (2015)		compliance
Area for improvement 1 Ref: Standard 46 Stated: First time	The registered person shall ensure that requirement in relation to the storage of patient equipment in a bathroom where there is a toilet are review in conjunction with the regional IPC guidelines. Any action required to be taken should be implemented.	Met

If necessary, for advice contact the local Trust's IPC nurse/team or the Public Health Agency (PHA).
Action taken as confirmed during the inspection: Observation throughout the nursing home evidenced that this area for improvement had been met.

6.3 Inspection findings

6.4 Is care safe?

Avoiding and preventing harm to patients and clients from the care, treatment and support that is intended to help them.

The registered manager confirmed the planned daily staffing levels for the home and that these levels were subject to regular review to ensure the assessed needs of the patients were met. A review of the staffing rota from 8 to 21 October 2018 evidenced that the planned staffing levels were adhered to. Rotas also confirmed that catering and housekeeping were on duty daily to meet the needs of the patients and to support the nursing and care staff.

Observation of the delivery of care evidenced that patients' needs were met by the levels and skill mix of staff on duty and that staff attended to patients' needs in a timely and caring manner.

Staff spoken with were satisfied that there was sufficient staff on duty to meet the needs of the patients. We also sought staff opinion on staffing via the online survey; however no comments were recorded before the issuing of this report.

Patients spoken with indicated that they were well looked after by the staff and felt safe and happy living in Edgewater. One patient when asked about the staff and the registered manager stated "they mean the world to me and you couldn't get better." This view and similar was reiterated by patients throughout the inspection. We also sought the opinion of patients on staffing via questionnaires. None were returned within the timescale indicated.

While we did not speak with patients' relatives during the inspection, we sought relatives' opinion on staffing via questionnaires. None were returned within the timescale indicated.

As stated previously, observation of the delivery of care evidenced that patients' needs were met by the levels and skill mix of staff on duty and that staff attended to patients' needs in a timely and caring manner. Review of one staff recruitment file evidenced that this was maintained in accordance with Regulation 21, Schedule 2 of The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005. Records also evidenced that enhanced AccessNI checks were sought, received and reviewed prior to staff commencing work. Discussion with staff and review of records evidenced that newly appointed staff completed a structured orientation and induction programme at the commencement of their employment.

A review of records confirmed that a process was in place to monitor the registration status of registered nurses with the NMC and care staff registration with the NISCC. There were systems and processes also in place to ensure that alerts issued by Chief Nursing Officer (CNO) and the Northern Ireland Adverse Incidents Centre (NIAIC) were managed appropriately and shared with key staff.

We discussed the provision of mandatory training with staff and reviewed staff training records for 2018. Staff confirmed that they were enabled to attend training and that the training provided them with the necessary skills and knowledge to care for the patients. Training records were maintained in accordance with Standard 39 of The Nursing Homes Care Standards. Observation of the delivery of care evidenced that training had been embedded into practice, for example, the moving and handling of patients.

Staff spoken with were knowledgeable regarding their roles and responsibilities in relation to adult safeguarding and their duty to report concerns. Discussion with the registered manager confirmed that the regional operational safeguarding policy and procedures were embedded into practice.

Review of four patients' care records evidenced that a range of validated risk assessments were completed and reviewed as required. These assessments informed the care planning process.

We reviewed accidents/incidents records from 1 July 2018 in comparison with the notifications submitted by the home to RQIA in accordance with Regulation 30 of The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005. Records were maintained appropriately and notifications were submitted in accordance with regulation.

Discussion with the registered manager and review of records confirmed that on at least a monthly basis falls occurring in the home were analysed to identify if any patterns or trends were emerging. Following this review an action plan was devised to address any identified deficits. This information was also reviewed as part of the responsible individual's monthly monitoring visit in accordance with Regulation 29 of The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005.

From a review of records, observation of practices and discussion with the registered manager, the nurse in charge of the shift and staff, there was evidence of proactive management of falls. For example, the environment was maintained to promote safety; falls risk assessments and care plans were in place to manage falls risks and when a fall occurred these were reviewed to ensure they were still effective. However, falls involving patient equipment such as bedrails were not reviewed in full. That is, the risk assessment for the use of bedrails had not been reviewed to ensure the continued use of the bedrails was appropriate following a fall.

In addition, from a review of other patients' bedrail risk assessments it was evident that nursing staff did not routinely record their decision to use bedrails when the risk assessment tool indicated that they should not or that alternatives should be considered. Details were discussed with the registered manager and an area for improvement was made.

We did observe the use of a bed mattress as a 'fallout/crash mat' for one patient. The registered manager was aware of and had access to fallout/crash mats and agreed to review the use of the bed mattress in line with falls management and use of equipment to prevent injury when a fall occurred.

A review of the home's environment was undertaken and included observations of a sample of bedrooms, bathrooms, lounges, the dining room and storage areas. The home was found to be warm, well decorated, fresh smelling and clean throughout. Patients and staff spoken with were complimentary in respect of the home's environment.

Fire exits and corridors were observed to be clear of clutter and obstruction. Observation of practice and care delivery, discussion with staff and review of records evidenced that infection prevention and control measures and best practice guidance were consistently adhered to. Systems were in place to monitor the incidents of HCAI's and the manager understood the role of PHA in the management of infectious outbreaks.

Areas of good practice

There were examples of good practice found throughout the inspection in relation to staffing, staff recruitment, induction, training, knowledge of adult safeguarding procedures, infection prevention and control and the home's environment.

Areas for improvement

Areas for improvement were identified in relation to the management of bedrails.

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of areas for improvement	1	0

6.5 Is care effective?

The right care, at the right time in the right place with the best outcome.

Review of four patient care records evidenced that care plans were in place to direct the care required and reflected the assessed needs of the patient. We reviewed the management of nutrition, patients' weight, management of infections and wound care. Care records contained details of the specific care requirements in each of the areas reviewed and a daily record was maintained to evidence the delivery of care. For example, repositioning charts were maintained for patients deemed at risk of developing a pressure ulcer. We discussed that the registered manager should consider that reposition charts and care plans both record the frequency of repositioning required.

Care records reflected that, where appropriate, referrals were made to healthcare professionals such as, general practitioners (GPs), speech and language therapists (SALT) and dieticians. Supplementary care charts such as food and fluid intake records evidenced that contemporaneous records were maintained. There was evidence that care plans had been reviewed in accordance with recommendations made by other healthcare professionals such as, the SALT or the dietician changed.

Discussion with staff evidenced that nursing and care staff were required to attend a handover meeting at the beginning of each shift. Staff were aware of the importance of handover reports in ensuring effective communication and confirmed that the shift handover provided information regarding each patient's condition and any changes noted.

Staff stated that there was effective teamwork; each staff member knew their role, function and responsibilities. Staff also confirmed that if they had any concerns, they could raise these with the registered manager or the nurse in charge. All grades of staff consulted demonstrated the ability to communicate effectively with their colleagues and other healthcare professionals.

There was evidence that the care planning process included input from patients and/or their representatives, if appropriate. There was evidence of regular communication with representatives within the care records.

Patient spoken with expressed their confidence in raising concerns with the home's staff and the registered manager.

Areas of good practice

There were examples of good practice found throughout the inspection in relation to record keeping, audits and reviews, communication between patients, staff and other key stakeholders.

Areas for improvement

No areas for improvement were identified during the inspection.

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of areas for improvement	0	0

6.6 Is care compassionate?

Patients and clients are treated with dignity and respect and should be fully involved in decisions affecting their treatment, care and support.

We arrived in the home at 10:05 and were greeted by the registered manager and staff who were helpful. Patients were observed finishing their breakfast or a morning cup of tea/coffee in the dining room, in one of the lounges or in their bedroom, as was their personal preference. Some patients remained in bed, again in keeping with their personal preference or their assessed needs. Patients had access to fresh water and/or juice and staff were observed assisting patients to enjoy their chosen activity and to eat and drink as required.

Staff demonstrated a detailed knowledge of patients' wishes, preferences and assessed needs and how to provide comfort if required. Staff interactions with patients were observed to be compassionate, caring and timely. Patients were afforded choice, privacy, dignity and respect. Staff were also aware of the requirements regarding patient information and patient confidentiality. Discussion with patients and staff and review of the activity programme displayed evidenced that arrangements were in place to meet patients' social, religious and spiritual needs within the home.

The environment had been adapted to promote positive outcomes for the patients. Bedrooms were personalised with possessions that were meaningful to the patient and reflected their life experiences. A variety of methods were used to promote orientation, for example, appropriate signage, photographs, the provision of clocks and prompts for the date.

We observed the serving of the lunchtime meal. Patients were assisted to the dining room or had trays delivered to them as required. Staff were observed assisting patients with their meal appropriately and a registered nurse was overseeing the mealtime. Patients able to communicate indicated that they enjoyed their meal. Staff demonstrated their knowledge of patients' likes and dislikes regarding food and drinks, how to modify fluids and how to care for and support patients during mealtimes.

Cards and letters of compliment and thanks were displayed in the home. Some of the comments recorded included:

"Would like to thank you all for your help and support... The provision of food was really appreciated...but most of all thank you to all who came and supported and comforted our family."

"I'm writing to say thank you to you and to all the staff at Edgewater who looked after my ...so well from when ...first arrived right through to ...final illness."

Consultation with nine patients individually, and with others in smaller groups, confirmed that living in Edgewater was a very positive experience. As stated previously, patients were particularly positive in their comments about staff and the registered manager. Patients who could not verbalise their feelings in respect of their care were observed to be relaxed and comfortable in their surroundings and in their interactions with staff. We also provided ten patient questionnaires; none were returned within the timescale indicated.

Ten relative questionnaires were provided; none were returned within the timescale. We also spoke with six staff and their comments and views are recorded throughout his report. In addition staff were invited to complete an on line survey; no responses were received before the issuing of this report.

Any comments from patients, patient relatives and staff, in returned questionnaires or online responses, received after the return date or issuing of this report will be shared with the registered manager for their information and action as required.

Areas of good practice

There were examples of good practice found throughout the inspection in relation to the culture and ethos of the home, dignity and privacy, listening to and valuing patients; and taking account of the views of patients.

Areas for improvement

No areas for improvement were identified during the inspection.

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of areas for improvement	0	0

6.7 Is the service well led?

Effective leadership, management and governance which creates a culture focused on the needs and experience of service users in order to deliver safe, effective and compassionate care.

The certificate of registration issued by RQIA was appropriately displayed in the foyer of the home. Discussion with staff, and observations confirmed that the home was operating within the categories of care registered.

Since the last inspection there has been no change in management arrangements. A review of the duty rota evidenced that the registered manager's hours, and the capacity in which these were worked, were clearly recorded. Discussion with staff and patients evidenced that the registered manager's working patterns supported effective engagement with patients, their relatives and the multi-professional team. Staff were able to identify the person in charge of the home in the absence of the registered manager.

Review of the home's complaints records evidenced that systems were in place to ensure that complaints were managed in accordance with Regulation 24 of The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005 and the DHSSPS Care Standards for Nursing Homes 2015.

Discussion with the registered manager and review of records evidenced that a number of audits were completed to assure the quality of care and services. For example, audits were completed regarding accidents/incidents and IPC practices. In addition robust measures were also in place to provide the registered manager with an overview of the management of infections, wounds, occurring in the home.

Discussion with the registered manager and review of records evidenced that quality monitoring visits were completed on a monthly basis by the responsible individual in accordance with Regulation 29 of The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005.

Discussion with the registered manager and review of records evidenced that systems were in place to ensure that notifiable events were investigated and reported to RQIA or other relevant bodies appropriately.

Discussion with staff confirmed that there were good working relationships and that management were supportive and responsive to any suggestions or concerns raised. There was evidence of a proactive approach to quality improvement initiatives to enhance the patient experience, the working environment and the homely environment.

Areas of good practice

There were examples of good practice found throughout the inspection in relation to governance arrangements, management of complaints and incidents, quality improvement and maintaining good working relationships.

Areas for improvement

No areas for improvement were identified during the inspection.

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of areas for improvement	0	0

7.0 Quality improvement plan

Areas for improvement identified during this inspection are detailed in the QIP. Details of the QIP were discussed with John Green, registered manager, as part of the inspection process. The timescales commence from the date of inspection.

The registered provider/manager should note that if the action outlined in the QIP is not taken to comply with regulations and standards this may lead to further enforcement action including possible prosecution for offences. It is the responsibility of the registered provider to ensure that all areas for improvement identified within the QIP are addressed within the specified timescales.

Matters to be addressed as a result of this inspection are set in the context of the current registration of the nursing home. The registration is not transferable so that in the event of any future application to alter, extend or to sell the premises RQIA would apply standards current at the time of that application.

7.1 Areas for improvement

Areas for improvement have been identified where action is required to ensure compliance with The Nursing Home Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005 and The Care Standards for Nursing Homes (2015).

7.2 Actions to be taken by the service

The QIP should be completed and detail the actions taken to address the areas for improvement identified. The registered provider should confirm that these actions have been completed and return the completed QIP via Web Portal for assessment by the inspector.

Quality Improvement Plan Action required to ensure compliance with The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern	
Ireland) 2005	
Area for improvement 1 Ref: Regulation 14 (2) (c) Stated: First time	The registered person shall ensure that bedrail risk assessment are completed in full and include the decision making of nursing staff to use bedrails in the first instance and particularly the decision to continue their use when a patient has sustained a fall involving bedrails.
To be completed by: Immediate action required.	Ref: 6.4 Response by registered person detailing the actions taken: Nurse maanger has reviewed bed rail risk assessments with staff nurses. System in place to ensure full completion and ensure monthly decision on continued use or at any time required changed. This is now audited.

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Please ensure this document is completed in full and returned via Web Portal





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