

Inspection Report

25 January 2022



Cornfield Care Centre

Type of service: Nursing Home
Address: Kingfisher, Nightingale and Goldfinch Suites, 51 Seacoast
Road, Limavady, BT49 9DW
Telephone number: 028 7776 1300

www.rqia.org.uk

Assurance, Challenge and Improvement in Health and Social Care

Information on legislation and standards underpinning inspections can be found on our website <https://www.rqia.org.uk/>

1.0 Service information

<p>Organisation/Registered Provider: Cornfield Care Centre</p> <p>Responsible Individual: Mr Marcus Jervis Nutt</p>	<p>Registered Manager: Mrs Patricia Deighan</p> <p>Date registered: 10 January 2017</p>
<p>Person in charge at the time of inspection: Mrs Patricia Deighan</p>	<p>Number of registered places: 76</p> <p>Including a maximum of 51 patients in categories NH-I, NH-PH, NH-PH(E) and a maximum of 25 patients in NH-DE category. The home is also approved to provide care on a day basis to three persons.</p>
<p>Categories of care: Nursing (NH): I – old age not falling within any other category DE – dementia PH – physical disability other than sensory impairment PH(E) - physical disability other than sensory impairment – over 65 years</p>	<p>Number of patients accommodated in the nursing home on the day of this inspection: 75</p>
<p>Brief description of the accommodation/how the service operates: This is a registered nursing home which provides nursing care for up to 76 patients. The home is divided into three units over one floor. One unit provides care for patients living with dementia and the other two units provide general nursing care.</p> <p>The home shares the same site with another registered nursing home, under the same senior management.</p>	

2.0 Inspection summary

An unannounced inspection took place on 25 January 2022, from 10.15am to 3.35pm. The inspection was conducted by a pharmacist inspector.

The inspection focused on medicines management within the home. The purpose was to assess if the home was delivering safe, effective and compassionate care and if the home was well led with respect to medicines management.

Review of medicines management found that robust arrangements were in place for the safe management of medicines. Medicine records and medicine related care plans were well maintained. There were effective auditing processes in place to ensure that staff were trained and competent to manage medicines and patients were administered their medicines as prescribed. One area for improvement was identified in relation to recording the reason for and outcome of the use of 'when required' medicines, as prescribed in the management of distressed reactions.

Based on the inspection findings and discussions held, RQIA are satisfied that this service is providing safe and effective care in a caring and compassionate manner; and that the service is well led by the management team.

RQIA would like to thank the staff for their assistance throughout the inspection.

3.0 How we inspect

RQIA's inspections form part of our ongoing assessment of the quality of services. Our reports reflect how they were performing at the time of our inspection, highlighting both good practice and any areas for improvement. It is the responsibility of the service provider to ensure compliance with legislation, standards and best practice, and to address any deficits identified during our inspections.

To prepare for this inspection, information held by RQIA about this home was reviewed. This included previous inspection findings, incidents and correspondence. The inspection was completed by examining a sample of medicine related records, the storage arrangements for medicines, staff training and the auditing systems used to ensure the safe management of medicines. The inspector also spoke to staff and management about how they plan, deliver and monitor the management of medicines in the home. Patient/representative views were also obtained where possible.

4.0 What people told us about the service

To reduce footfall throughout the home, the inspector did not meet any patients. Patients were observed to be relaxed and content in the home.

The inspector met with three nurses, the manager and the operations manager. Staff were warm and friendly and it was evident from discussions that they knew the patients well. All staff were wearing face masks and other personal protective equipment (PPE) as needed. PPE signage was displayed.

The nurses spoken with expressed satisfaction with how the home was managed and the training received. They said that the team communicated well and that management were readily available to discuss any issues and concerns should they arise.

Feedback methods included a staff poster and paper questionnaires which were provided to the manager for any patient or their family representative to complete and return using pre-paid, self-addressed envelopes.

At the time of issuing this report, two relative questionnaires had been returned to RQIA. Responses indicated that the respondents were very satisfied with the care provided. No staff responses were received.

Comments included, "My xxx continues to receive outstanding care ... staff go the extra mile every day".

5.0 The inspection

5.1 What has this service done to meet any areas for improvement identified at or since the last inspection?

The last inspection to the nursing home was undertaken on 16 November 2021 by a care inspector; no areas for improvement were identified.

5.2 Inspection findings

5.2.1 What arrangements are in place to ensure that medicines are appropriately prescribed, monitored and reviewed?

Patients in nursing homes should be registered with a general practitioner (GP) to ensure that they receive appropriate medical care when they need it. At times patients' needs may change and therefore their medicines should be regularly monitored and reviewed. This is usually done by the GP, the pharmacist or during a hospital admission.

Patients in the home were registered with a GP and medicines were dispensed by a community pharmacist.

Personal medication records were in place for each patient. These are records used to list all of the prescribed medicines, with details of how and when they should be administered. It is important that these records accurately reflect the most recent prescription to ensure that medicines are administered as prescribed and because they may be used by other healthcare professionals, for example, at medication reviews and hospital appointments.

The personal medication records reviewed at the inspection were accurate and up to date. In line with best practice, a second nurse had verified and signed the personal medication records when they were written and updated to provide a check that they were accurate.

Copies of patients' prescriptions/hospital discharge letters were retained in the home so that any entry on the personal medication record could be checked against the prescription. This is safe practice.

Patients will sometimes get distressed and will occasionally require medicines to help them manage their distress. It is important that care plans are in place to direct nurses when it is appropriate to administer these medicines and that records are kept of when the medicine was given, the reason it was given and what the outcome was.

If nurses record the reason and outcome of giving the medicine, then they can identify common triggers which may cause the patient's distress and if the prescribed medicine is effective for the patient.

The management of medicines prescribed on a "when required" basis for distressed reactions was reviewed for five patients. The nurses on duty knew how to recognise signs, symptoms and triggers which may cause a change in a patient's behaviour and were aware that this change may be associated with pain. Directions for use were clearly recorded on personal medication records and care plans directing the use of these medicines were in place. Records of administration were maintained. The reason for and outcome of administration were recorded on some occasions. However, this should be recorded on all occasions. An area for improvement was identified.

The management of pain was discussed. Nurses advised that they were familiar with how each patient expressed their pain and that pain relief was administered when required. Care plans were in place.

Some patients may need their diet modified to ensure that they receive adequate nutrition. This may include thickening fluids to aid swallowing and food supplements in addition to meals. Care plans detailing how the patient should be supported with their food and fluid intake should be in place to direct staff. All staff should have the necessary training to ensure that they can meet the needs of the patient.

The management of thickening agents and nutritional supplements were reviewed. A speech and language assessment report and care plan was in place. Records of prescribing and administration included the recommended consistency level.

Care plans were in place when patients required insulin to manage their diabetes.

5.2.2 What arrangements are in place to ensure that medicines are supplied on time, stored safely and disposed of appropriately?

Medicines stock levels must be checked on a regular basis and new stock must be ordered on time. This ensures that the patient's medicines are available for administration as prescribed. It is important that they are stored safely and securely so that there is no unauthorised access and disposed of promptly to ensure that a discontinued medicine is not administered in error.

The records inspected showed that medicines were available for administration when patients required them. Staff advised that they had a good relationship with the community pharmacist and that medicines were supplied in a timely manner.

The medicines storage areas were observed to be securely locked to prevent any unauthorised access. They were tidy and organised so that medicines belonging to each patient could be easily located. Temperatures of medicine storage areas were monitored and recorded to ensure that medicines were stored appropriately. Medicine refrigerators and controlled drugs cabinets were available for use as needed.

Satisfactory arrangements were in place for the safe disposal of medicines.

5.2.3 What arrangements are in place to ensure that medicines are appropriately administered within the home?

It is important to have a clear record of which medicines have been administered to patients to ensure that they are receiving the correct prescribed treatment.

A sample of the medicines administration records was reviewed. Records were found to have been fully and accurately completed. The records were filed once completed.

Controlled drugs are medicines which are subject to strict legal controls and legislation. They commonly include strong pain killers. There were satisfactory arrangements in place for the management of controlled drugs.

Management and staff audit medicine administration on a regular basis within the home. A range of audits were carried out. The date of opening was recorded on medicines so that they could be easily audited. This is good practice.

5.2.4 What arrangements are in place to ensure that medicines are safely managed during transfer of care?

People who use medicines may follow a pathway of care that can involve both health and social care services. It is important that medicines are not considered in isolation, but as an integral part of the pathway, and at each step. Problems with the supply of medicines and how information is transferred put people at increased risk of harm when they change from one healthcare setting to another.

A review of records indicated that satisfactory arrangements were in place to manage medicines for new patients or patients returning from hospital. Written confirmation of the patient's medicine regime was obtained at or prior to admission and details shared with the community pharmacy. The medicine records had been accurately completed.

Review of medicines for patients who had a recent hospital stay and were discharged back to this home, showed that hospital discharge letters had been received and a copy had been forwarded to the patient's GP. The patients' personal medication records had been updated to reflect medication changes which had been initiated during the hospital stay. Medicines had been accurately received into the home and administered in accordance with the most recent directions. There was evidence that staff had followed up any discrepancies in a timely manner to ensure that the correct medicines were available for administration.

5.2.5 What arrangements are in place to ensure that staff can identify, report and learn from adverse incidents?

Occasionally medicines incidents occur within homes. It is important that there are systems in place which quickly identify that an incident has occurred so that action can be taken to prevent a recurrence and that staff can learn from the incident. A robust audit system will help staff to identify medicine related incidents.

Management and staff were familiar with the type of incidents that should be reported. The medicine related incidents which had been reported to RQIA since the last inspection were discussed. There was evidence that the incidents had been reported to the prescriber for guidance, investigated and the learning shared with staff in order to prevent a recurrence.

The audits completed at the inspection indicated that medicines were being administered as prescribed. However, audit discrepancies were observed in the administration of three medicines. These were highlighted to the manager for close monitoring.

5.2.6 What measures are in place to ensure that staff in the home are qualified, competent and sufficiently experienced and supported to manage medicines safely?

To ensure that patients are well looked after and receive their medicines appropriately, staff who administer medicines to patients must be appropriately trained. The registered person has a responsibility to check that staff are competent in managing medicines and that they are supported. Policies and procedures should be up to date and readily available for staff reference.

There were records in place to show that staff responsible for medicines management had been trained and deemed competent. Ongoing review was monitored through supervision sessions with staff and at annual appraisal. Medicines management policies and procedures were in place.

6.0 Quality Improvement Plan/Areas for Improvement

Areas for improvement have been identified where action is required to ensure compliance with the Care Standards for Nursing Homes, 2015.

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of Areas for Improvement	0	1

Areas for improvement and details of the Quality Improvement Plan were discussed with Mrs Patricia Deighan, registered manager, and Mrs Heather Moore, operations manager, as part of the inspection process. The timescales for completion commence from the date of inspection.

Quality Improvement Plan

Action required to ensure compliance with Care Standards for Nursing Homes, April 2015

<p>Area for improvement 1</p> <p>Ref: Standard 18</p> <p>Stated: First time</p> <p>To be completed by: 1 February 2022</p>	<p>The registered person shall ensure that the reason for and the outcome of administration is recorded on every occasion, when medication is administered on a 'when required' basis, for the management of distressed reactions.</p> <p>Ref: 5.2.1</p>
	<p>Response by registered person detailing the actions taken:</p> <p>Registered nurses have been informed that when medication is administered on a when required basis the reason for and the outcome of administration must be recorded appropriately on every occasion.</p>

Please ensure this document is completed in full and returned via the Web Portal



The Regulation and
Quality Improvement
Authority

The Regulation and Quality Improvement Authority

7th Floor, Victoria House
15-27 Gloucester Street
Belfast
BT1 4LS

Tel 028 9536 1111
Email info@rqia.org.uk
Web www.rqia.org.uk
🐦 @RQIANews

Assurance, Challenge and Improvement in Health and Social Care