

Announced Inspection

Name of Establishment:	Bohill Curran Dental Care
Establishment ID No:	12189
Date of Inspection:	18 September 2014
Inspector's Name:	Emily Campbell
Inspection No:	18330

The Regulation and Quality Improvement Authority 9th floor Riverside Tower, 5 Lanyon Place, Belfast, BT1 3BT Tel: 028 9051 7500 Fax: 028 9051 7501

1.0 General Information

Name of establishment:	Bohill Curran Dental Care
Address:	9-11 St Patrick's Avenue Downpatrick BT30 6DW
Telephone number:	028 4461 6588
Registered organisation / registered provider:	Mr John Bohill Mr James Curran
Registered manager:	Mr John Bohill
Person in charge of the establishment at the time of Inspection:	Mr John Bohill Mr James Curran
Registration category:	IH-DT
Type of service provision:	Private dental treatment
Maximum number of places registered: (dental chairs)	2
Date and type of previous inspection:	Pre Registration Inspection 18 September 2013
Date and time of inspection:	18 September 2014 10.15am – 1.50pm
Name of inspector:	Emily Campbell

2.0 Introduction

The Regulation and Quality Improvement Authority (RQIA) is empowered under The Health and Personal Social Services (Quality, Improvement and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 to inspect dental practices providing private dental care and treatment. A minimum of one inspection per year is required.

This is a report of the announced inspection to assess the quality of services being provided. The report details the extent to which the standards measured during inspection were met.

3.0 Purpose of the Inspection

The purpose of this inspection was to consider whether the service provided to patients was in accordance with their assessed needs and preferences and was in compliance with legislative requirements, minimum standards and other good practice indicators. This was achieved through a process of analysis and evaluation of available evidence.

RQIA not only seeks to ensure that compliance with regulations and standards is met but also aims to use inspection to support providers in improving the quality of services. For this reason, inspection involves in-depth examination of an identified number of aspects of service provision.

The aims of the inspection were to examine the policies, practices and monitoring arrangements for the provision of dental care, and to determine the provider's compliance with the following:

- The HPSS (Quality, Improvement and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003;
- The Independent Health Care Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005;
- The Regulation and Improvement Authority (Independent Health Care) (Fees and Frequency of Inspections) (Amendment) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2011;
- The Minimum Standards for Dental Care and Treatment 2011; and
- Health Technical Memorandum HTM 01-05: Decontamination in Primary Care Dental Practices and Professional Estates Letter (PEL) (13) 13.

Other published standards which guide best practice may also be referenced during the inspection process.

4.0 Methods/Process

Committed to a culture of learning, the RQIA has developed an approach which uses self-assessment, a critical tool for learning, as a method for preliminary assessment of achievement of the Minimum Standards.

The inspection process has three key parts; self-assessment (including completion of self-declaration), pre-inspection analysis and the inspection visit by the inspector.

Specific methods/processes used in this inspection include the following:

- a self-assessment was submitted prior to the inspection and has been analysed;
- discussion with Mr James Curran and Mr John Bohill, registered providers;
- examination of relevant records;
- consultation with relevant staff;
- tour of the premises; and
- evaluation and feedback.

Any other information received by RQIA about this practice has also been considered by the inspector in preparing for this inspection.

5.0 Consultation Process

During the course of the inspection, the inspector spoke with staff on duty. Questionnaires were provided to staff prior to the inspection by the practice, on behalf of the RQIA to establish their views regarding the service. Matters raised by staff were addressed by the inspector during the course of this inspection:

	Number	
Discussion with staff	3	
Staff Questionnaires	4 issued	3 returned

Prior to the inspection the registered person/s were asked, in the form of a declaration, to confirm that they have a process in place for consulting with service users and that a summary of the findings has been made available. The consultation process may be reviewed during this inspection.

6.0 Inspection Focus

The inspection sought to establish the level of compliance achieved with respect to the selected DHSSPS Minimum Standards for Dental Care and Treatment and a thematic focus incorporating selected standards and good practice indicators. An assessment on the progress in relation to the issues raised during and since the previous inspection was also undertaken.

In 2012 the DHSSPS requested that RQIA make compliance with best practice in local decontamination, as outlined in HTM 01-05 Decontamination in Primary Care Dental Premises, a focus for the 2013/14 inspection year.

The DHSSPS and RQIA took the decision to review compliance with best practice over two years. The focus of the two years is as follows:

- Year 1 Decontamination 2013/14 inspection year
- Year 2 Cross infection control 2014/15 inspection year

Standard 13 – Prevention and Control of Infection [Safe and effective care]

The dental service takes every reasonable precaution to make sure you are not exposed to risk of infection.

The decontamination section of the Infection Prevention Society Audit tool, which has been endorsed by the Department of Health, was used as a framework for development of a self-assessment tool and for planned inspections during 2013/14.

The following sections of the 2013 edition of the Infection Prevention Society Audit tool, which has been endorsed by the Department of Health have been used as a framework for the development of a self-assessment tool and for planned inspections in 2014/15:

- prevention of Blood-borne virus exposure;
- environmental design and cleaning;
- hand Hygiene;
- management of Dental Medical Devices;
- personal Protective Equipment; and
- waste.

A number of aspects of the Decontamination section of the Audit tool have also been revisited.

RQIA have highlighted good practice guidance sources to service providers, making them available on our website where possible. Where appropriate, requirements will be made against legislation and recommendations will be made against DHSSPS Minimum Standards for Dental Care and Treatment (2011) and other recognised good practice guidance documents. The registered provider/manager and the inspector have each rated the practice's compliance level against each section of the self-assessment.

The table below sets out the definitions that RQIA has used to categorise the service's performance:

Guidance - Compliance statements			
Compliance statement	Definition	Resulting Action in Inspection Report	
0 - Not applicable		A reason must be clearly stated in the assessment contained within the inspection report.	
1 - Unlikely to become compliant		A reason must be clearly stated in the assessment contained within the inspection report.	
2 - Not compliant	Compliance could not be demonstrated by the date of the inspection.	In most situations this will result in a requirement or recommendation being made within the inspection report.	
3 - Moving towards compliance	Compliance could not be demonstrated by the date of the inspection. However, the service could demonstrate a convincing plan for full compliance by the end of the Inspection year.	In most situations this will result in a requirement or recommendation being made within the inspection report.	
4 – Substantially Compliant	Arrangements for compliance were demonstrated during the inspection. However, appropriate systems for regular monitoring, review and revision are not yet in place.	In most situations this will result in a recommendation, or in some circumstances a requirement, being made within the inspection report.	
5 – Compliant	Arrangements for compliance were demonstrated during the inspection. There are appropriate systems in place for regular monitoring, review and any necessary revisions to be undertaken.	In most situations this will result in an area of good practice being identified and comment being made within the inspection report.	

7.0 Profile of Service

Bohill Curran Dental Care was a new dental practice established in September 2013. The practice is located in a single storey building in the centre of Downpatrick. The premises have been extensively refurbished and renovated to provide a modern dental practice.

Time limited on street car parking is available for patients and public car parking is available within walking distance.

The establishment is accessible for patients with a disability.

Bohill Curran Dental Care operates two dental chairs, providing both private and NHS dental care. A reception, waiting area, toilet facilities and decontamination room are available. The practice has capacity for a third dental surgery which is currently used as a staff and storage area. If and when the third surgery is commissioned, application of variation should be submitted to RQIA.

Mr John Bohill and Mr James Curran, registered providers, are supported by an associate dentist and a team or dental nurses/receptionists.

Messrs Bohill and Curran have been the registered providers and Mr Bohill the registered manager of the practice since registration with RQIA in September 2013.

The establishment's statement of purpose outlines the range of services provided.

This practice is registered with RQIA as an independent hospital (IH) providing dental treatment (DT).

8.0 Summary of Inspection

This announced inspection of Bohill Curran Dental Care was undertaken by Emily Campbell on 18 September 2014 between the hours of 10.15am and 1.50pm. Mr James Curran, registered provider, facilitated the inspection and was available throughout and for verbal feedback at the conclusion of the inspection. Mr John Bohill, registered provider/manager, was available during part of the inspection and was provided with verbal feedback on aspects of the inspection.

The requirement and recommendations made as a result of the previous inspection were also examined. Observations and discussion demonstrated that the requirement and nine of the 11 recommendations made have been addressed. Two recommendations have been partially addressed and the unaddressed aspects in relation to x-ray audits and installation of disposable glove holders in the decontamination room have been stated for the second time. The detail of the action taken by Mr Bohill and Mr Curran can be viewed in the section following this summary.

Prior to the inspection, Mr Bohill and Mr Curran completed a self-assessment using the standard criteria outlined in the theme inspected. The comments provided by Mr Bohill and Mr Curran in the self-assessment were not altered in any way by RQIA. Mr Bohill and Mr Curran did not rate the practice compliance levels against each criterion, however, these were provided verbally during the inspection by Mr Curran. The self-assessment is included as appendix one in this report.

During the course of the inspection the inspector met with staff, discussed operational issues, examined a selection of records and carried out a general inspection of the establishment.

Questionnaires were also issued to staff; three were returned to RQIA within the timescale required. Review of submitted questionnaires and discussion with staff evidenced that staff were knowledgeable regarding the inspection theme and that they have received training appropriate to their relevant roles. Staff confirmed that they are familiar with the practice policies and procedures and have received infection prevention and control training. Clinical staff also confirmed that they have been immunised against Hepatitis B.

Inspection Theme – Cross infection control

Dental practices in Northern Ireland have been directed by the DHSSPS, that best practice recommendations in the Health Technical Memorandum (HTM) 01-05, Decontamination in primary care dental practices, along with Northern Ireland amendments, should have been fully implemented by November 2012. HTM 01-05 was updated in 2013 and Primary Care Dental Practices were advised of this through the issue of Professional Estates Letter (PEL) (13) 13 on 1 October 2013. The PEL (13) 13 advised General Dental Practitioners of the publication of the 2013 version of HTM 01-05 and the specific policy amendments to the guidance that apply in Northern Ireland. RQIA reviewed the compliance of the decontamination aspect of HTM 01-05 in the 2013/2014 inspection year. The focus of the inspection for the 2014/2015 inspection year is cross infection control. A number of aspects of the decontamination section of HTM 01-05 have also been revisited.

A copy of the 2013 edition of HTM 01-05 Decontamination in primary dental care practices was not available at the practice, however, Mr Curran confirmed by email on 2 October 2014 that this had been downloaded and made available to staff. The Infection Prevention Society (IPS) HTM 01-05 audit tool which has been endorsed by the Department of Health had not been completed at the time of the inspection, however, this was subsequently carried out and a copy was provided to the inspector by email on 20 September 2014.

The practice does not have a policy in place for the prevention and management of blood-borne virus exposure, however, procedures for the management of spillages and sharps and inoculation incidents are provided. A recommendation was made that a policy for the prevention and management of blood-borne virus exposure should be developed. Records are retained regarding the Hepatitis B immunisation status of some clinical staff but not all and a recommendation was made in this regard. Discussion with staff confirmed that staff are aware of the arrangements for the prevention and management of blood-borne virus exposure. A recommendation was made that all sharps boxes are dated on assembly and final closure.

The inspector undertook a tour of the premises which were found to be maintained to a good standard of cleanliness. Clinical and decontamination areas were tidy and uncluttered, with the exception of the worktop at the dirty side of the decontamination room where disposable gloves were located. As discussed previously, a recommendation was made for the second time in this regard. Floor coverings are impervious and were coved at the edges. A recommendation was made that cabinetry should be sealed in clinical and decontamination areas where cabinetry meets the flooring. Fixtures, fittings, dental chairs and equipment were free from damage, dust and visible dirt, with the exception of dust which was noted on some liquid dispensers and a dental unit water line drainage unit in the surgeries. A recommendation was made that more attention to detail is paid to the cleaning in dental surgeries.

The practice has a hand hygiene policy and procedure in place and staff demonstrated that good practice is adhered to in relation to hand hygiene. Dedicated hand washing basins are available in the appropriate locations. Information promoting hand hygiene is provided for staff and patients.

A written scheme for the prevention of legionella is available. Procedures are in place for the use, maintenance, service and repair of all medical devices. Observations made and discussion with staff confirmed that dental unit water lines (DUWLs) are appropriately managed.

The practice has a policy and procedure in place for the use of PPE. A recommendation was made that this should be further developed to include the arrangements for the disinfection of non-single use items such as eye protection and to include the use of heavy duty gloves for environmental

cleaning. Staff spoken with demonstrated good awareness in the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) and observations made confirmed that PPE was readily available and used appropriately by staff.

Appropriate arrangements were in place for the management of general and clinical waste, including sharps, with the exception of signing and dating all sharps boxes as previously discussed. Waste was appropriately segregated and suitable arrangements were in place for the storage and collection of waste by a registered waste carrier. Relevant consignment notes are retained in the practice for at least three years. A recommendation was made that the policy and procedure for the management and disposal of waste should be further developed to include the classifications of the different types of waste.

A decontamination room separate from patient treatment areas and dedicated to the decontamination process is available. Appropriate validated equipment, including a washer disinfector, a DAC Universal and a steam steriliser have been provided to meet the practice requirements. Equipment logbooks evidenced that periodic tests are undertaken and recorded in keeping with HTM 01-05.

The evidence gathered through the inspection process concluded that Bohill Curran Dental Care is substantially compliant with this inspection theme.

Mr Bohill and Mr Curran confirmed on the submitted self-assessment that arrangements are in place for consultation with patients and that results of the consultation will be made available to patients. Mr Bohill and Mr Curran indicated on the declaration that feedback provided by patients has not been used by the service to improve. This was discussed with Mr Curran, who confirmed that feedback would be used to improve services. Mr Curran advised that the practice are in the process of carrying out their first patient satisfaction survey and plans have been established for this to be carried out every September.

Seven recommendations were made as a result of the announced inspection, details can be found in the main body of the report and the attached Quality Improvement Plan (QIP).

The inspector wishes to thank Mr Bohill, Mr Curran and staff for their helpful discussions, assistance and hospitality throughout the inspection process.

9.0 Follow-up on Previous Issues

No	Regulation Ref.	Requirements	Action taken - as confirmed during this inspection	Inspector's Validation of Compliance
1	15 (2)	The washer disinfector and vacuum steriliser should be validated. Arrangements should be established for annual re- validation thereafter for the washer disinfector, DAC Universal and steriliser.	Review of documentation evidenced that the decontamination equipment was validated on 11 October 2013 and Mr Curran confirmed that arrangements had been established for annual revalidation. Equipment is scheduled to be revalidated on 2 October 2014. Requirement addressed.	Compliant

No	Minimum Standard Ref.	Recommendations	Action Taken – as confirmed during this inspection	Inspector's Validation of Compliance
1	1	The patient guide. It was recommended that this is further developed to include the following in keeping with regulation 8 of The Independent Health Care Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005:	Review of the patient guide confirmed that this recommendation has been addressed.	Compliant
		 Expand on the detail regarding the arrangements for patient consultation Detail the timescales for complaints management Information on how the most recent RQIA report can be obtained 		
2	9	 The complaints policy should be further developed to reflect the following: The GDC and HSCB should be identified as other agencies that may be utilised within the investigation at local level The Dental Complaints Service should be included as a referral route in the event of dissatisfaction for private care The details of RQIA should reflect it's role as an oversight body in complaints management 	Review of the complaints policy confirmed that this recommendation has been addressed.	Compliant
3	15	The safeguarding policy should be further developed in relation to the protection of vulnerable adults and to include the contact numbers for onward referral of both children and vulnerable adults.	Review of the safeguarding policies confirmed that this recommendation has been addressed.	Compliant

4	8	Establish a quality assurance system that takes account of patients' views. Implement six monthly x-ray quality audits and annual x-ray justification and clinical evaluation recording audits.	Discussion with Mr Curran confirmed that a patient satisfaction questionnaire has been developed and a patient survey is currently under way. Mr Curran confirmed that the results of the findings of	Substantially compliant
			results of the findings of the survey would be made available to patients and other interested parties.	
			Review of the radiation protection file and discussion with Mr Curran confirmed that six monthly x-ray quality audits and annual x-ray justification and clinical evaluation recording audits have not been undertaken. As the practice has just been operational for one year the annual audit is just due now.	
			This recommendation has been partially addressed and the unaddressed aspect is stated for the second time.	
5	13	The decontamination of dental instruments policy should be further developed to reflect the local arrangements in the practice.	Review of the decontamination of dental instruments policy confirmed that this recommendation has been addressed.	Compliant
6	13	Wall mounted holders should be provided for personal protective equipment in the decontamination room.	Review of the decontamination room evidenced that this recommendation has been partially addressed. Arrangements have yet to be established to wall	Substantially compliant

				1
			mount disposable gloves and a recommendation has been made for the second time in this regard.	
7	13	The expiry date should be marked on wrapped instruments following decontamination.	Review of wrapped processed instruments evidenced that this recommendation has been addressed.	Compliant
8	13	Logbooks should be established for the washer disinfector, DAC Universal and steriliser and periodic tests recorded as detailed in HTM 01-05.	Review of documentation and discussion with staff evidenced that logbooks have been established for each piece of decontamination equipment and periodic testing is undertaken and recorded in keeping with HTM 01-05. Recommendation addressed.	Compliant
9	13	The Infection Prevention Society (IPS) HTM 01-05 audit tool which has been endorsed by the Department of Health should be completed and a subsequent action plan generated from any identified deficits.	The IPS audit tool had not been undertaken at the time of the inspection. However, this was subsequently completed and a copy provided to the inspector by email on 20 September 2014. Recommendation addressed.	Compliant
10	12	Implement a monthly checking procedure to monitor the expiry dates of emergency medications and associated equipment. Buccal Midazolam should be provided as opposed to Diazemuls in keeping with Resuscitation Council (UK) guidance and HSCB direction.	The inspector observed that a monthly emergency medication and equipment checking procedure has been implemented. Review of emergency medicines confirmed that Midazolam is provided in buccal format. The	Compliant

			inspector advised that on expiration of the current provision of buccal Midazolam, the specific preparation of 'Buccolam' should be provided in keeping with guidance issued on the 20 May 2013 by the Health and Social Care Board (HSCB). The inspector provided Mr Curran with a copy of the letter issued by the HSCB in this regard following the inspection. Recommendation addressed.	
11	8	The recommendations made by the radiation protection advisor (RPA) should be addressed and records maintained. The employers procedures should be further developed to ensure that all aspects as required under the IR(ME)R regulations are included.	Review of documentation and discussion with Mr Curran confirmed that the recommendations made by the RPA have been addressed and records maintained. Employers procedures had not been further developed at the time of the inspection and Mr Curran was referred to draft employers procedures available on the RQIA website. Mr Curran confirmed by email on 2 October 2014, that the draft procedures had been downloaded and localised to the practice. Recommendation addressed.	Compliant

10.0 Inspection Findings

10.1 Prevention of Blood-borne virus exposure

STANDARD 13 – Prevention and Control of Infection (Safe and effective care) The dental service takes every reasonable precaution to make sure you are not exposed to risk of infection.

Criteria Assessed:

11.2 You receive care and treatment from a dental team (including temporary members) who have undergone appropriate checks before they start work in the service.

13.2 Your dental service adheres to the appropriate infection control policies and procedures in line with current best practice and legislation.

13.3 Your dental service has systems in place, including induction and ongoing training, to make sure these policies and procedures are known, and are being appropriately applied to the service at all times.

Inspection Findings:

Mr Curran verbally rated the practice arrangements for the prevention of blood-borne virus exposure as compliant during the inspection.

The practice does not have a policy in place for the prevention and management of blood-borne virus exposure, however, procedures for the management of spillages and sharps and inoculation incidents are provided. A recommendation was made that a policy for the prevention and management of blood-borne virus exposure should be developed.

Review of documentation and discussion with staff evidenced that:

- the prevention and management of blood-borne virus exposure is included in the staff induction programme;
- staff training has been provided for clinical staff; and
- all recently appointed staff have received an occupational health check.

Records are retained regarding the Hepatitis B immunisation status of some clinical staff. A recommendation was made that records should be retained in relation to all clinical staff.

Discussion with staff confirmed that staff are aware of the arrangements for the prevention and management of blood-borne virus exposure.

Observations made and discussion with staff evidenced that sharps are appropriately handled. One dentist in the practice advised that the dental nurse disposes of used needles; however, it was agreed by the dentist during the inspection that they would dispose of their own sharps waste with immediate effect in keeping with good practice. Sharps boxes are wall mounted and appropriately used. Used sharps boxes are locked with the integral lock and stored ready for collection away from public access. The majority of sharps boxes were dated on assembly and final closure but not all. A recommendation was made in this regard. Used sharps boxes are locked with the integral lock and stored ready for collection away from public access.

Discussion with staff and review of documentation evidenced that arrangements are in place for the management of a sharps injury, including needle stick injury. Staff are aware of the actions to be taken in the event of a sharps injury.

Provider's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance level against the standard assessed	Compliant
Inspector's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance level against the standard assessed	Substantially compliant

10.2 Environmental design and cleaning

STANDARD 13 – Prevention and Control of Infection (Safe and effective care) The dental service takes every reasonable precaution to make sure you are not exposed to risk of infection.

Criterion Assessed:

13.1 Your dental service's premises are clean.

Inspection Findings:

Mr Curran verbally rated the practice arrangements for environmental design and cleaning as compliant during the inspection.

The practice has a policy and procedure in place for cleaning and maintaining the environment.

The inspector undertook a tour of the premises which were found to be maintained to a good standard of cleanliness. Clinical and decontamination areas were tidy and uncluttered, with the exception of the worktop at the dirty side of the decontamination room where disposable gloves were located. As discussed in section 9.0, a recommendation was made for the second time in this regard. Work surfaces were intact and easy to clean. Floor coverings are impervious and were coved at the edges. A recommendation was made that cabinetry should be sealed in clinical and decontamination areas where cabinetry meets the flooring. Fixtures, fittings, dental chairs and equipment were free from damage, dust and visible dirt, with the exception of dust which was noted on some dispensers and a dental unit water line drainage unit in the surgeries. A recommendation to detail is paid to the cleaning in dental surgeries.

Discussion with staff confirmed that appropriate arrangements are in place for cleaning including:

- Equipment surfaces, including the dental chair, are cleaned between each patient;
- Daily cleaning of floors, cupboard doors and accessible high level surfaces;
- Weekly/monthly cleaning schedule;
- Cleaning equipment is colour coded;
- Cleaning equipment is stored in a non-clinical area; and
- Dirty water is disposed of at an appropriate location.

Discussion with staff and review of submitted questionnaires confirmed that staff had received relevant training to undertake their duties.

The practice has a local policy and procedure for spillage in accordance with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) and staff spoken with demonstrated awareness of this.

Provider's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance level against the standard assessed	Compliant
Inspector's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance level against the standard assessed	Substantially compliant

10.3 Hand Hygiene

STANDARD 13 – Prevention and Control of Infection (Safe and effective care) The dental service takes every reasonable precaution to make sure you are not exposed to risk of infection.

Criteria Assessed:

13.2 Your dental service adheres to the appropriate infection control policies and procedures in line with current best practice and legislation.

13.3 Your dental service has systems in place, including induction and ongoing training, to make sure these policies and procedures are known, and are being appropriately applied to the service at all times.

Inspection Findings:

Mr Curran verbally rated the practice arrangements for hand hygiene as compliant during the inspection.

The practice has a hand hygiene policy and procedure in place.

Staff confirmed that hand hygiene is included in the induction programme and that hand hygiene training is updated periodically.

Discussion with staff confirmed that hand hygiene is performed before and after each patient contact and at appropriate intervals. Observations made evidenced that clinical staff had short clean nails and jewellery such as wrist watches and stoned rings were not worn in keeping with good practice.

Dedicated hand washing basins are available in the dental surgeries and the decontamination room and adequate supplies of liquid soap, paper towels and disinfectant rub/gel were available. Staff confirmed that nail brushes and bar soap are not used in the hand hygiene process in keeping with good practice.

The inspector observed that laminated posters promoting hand hygiene were on display in dental surgeries, the decontamination room and toilet facilities.

Provider's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance level against the standard assessed	Compliant
Inspector's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance level against the standard assessed	Compliant

10.4 Management of Dental Medical Devices

STANDARD 13 – Prevention and Control of Infection (Safe and effective care) The dental service takes every reasonable precaution to make sure you are not exposed to risk of infection.

Criterion Assessed:

13.4 Your dental service meets current best practice guidance on the decontamination of reusable dental and medical instruments.

Inspection Findings:

Mr Curran verbally rated the practice approach to the management of dental medical devices as compliant during the inspection.

The practice has an infection control policy that includes procedures for the use, maintenance, service and repair of all medical devices.

The inspector reviewed the written scheme for the prevention of legionella contamination in water pipes and other water lines and discussion with staff confirmed that this is adhered to.

Staff confirmed that impression materials, prosthetic and orthodontic appliances are decontaminated prior to despatch to laboratory and before being placed in the patient's mouth.

Observations made and discussion with staff confirmed that DUWLs are appropriately managed. This includes that:

- Filters are cleaned/replaced as per manufacturer's instructions;
- Water supply to the DUWLs is provided through the direct mains water supply. Mr Curran confirmed on discussion that there is a physical air gap separating DUWLs from mains water systems;
- DUWLs are flushed at the start of each working day and between every patient;
- DUWLs and handpieces are fitted with anti-retraction valves; and
- DUWLs are purged using disinfectant as per manufacturer's recommendations.

Provider's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance level against the standard assessed	Compliant
Inspector's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance level against the standard assessed	Compliant

10.5 Personal Protective Equipment

STANDARD 13 – Prevention and Control of Infection (Safe and effective care) The dental service takes every reasonable precaution to make sure you are not exposed to risk of infection.

Criterion Assessed:

13.2 Your dental service adheres to the appropriate infection control policies and procedures in line with current best practice and legislation.

13.3 Your dental service has systems in place, including induction and ongoing training, to make sure these policies and procedures are known, and are being appropriately applied to the service at all times.

Inspection Findings:

Mr Curran verbally rated the practice approach to the management of personal protective equipment (PPE) as compliant during the inspection.

The practice has a policy and procedure in place for the use of PPE. A recommendation was made that this should be further developed to include the arrangements for the disinfection of non-single use items such as eye protection and to include the use of heavy duty gloves for environmental cleaning. Staff spoken with demonstrated good awareness in the use of PPE and confirmed that the use of PPE is included in the induction programme.

Observations made and discussion with staff evidenced that PPE was readily available and in use in the practice.

Discussion with staff confirmed that:

- Hand hygiene is performed before donning and following the removal of disposable gloves;
- Single use PPE is disposed of appropriately after each episode of patient care;
- Heavy duty gloves are available for domestic cleaning and decontamination procedures where necessary; and
- Eye protection for staff and patients is decontaminated after each episode.

Staff confirmed that they were aware of the practice uniform policy.

Provider's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance level against the standard assessed	Compliant
Inspector's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance level against the standard assessed	Substantially compliant

10.6 Waste

STANDARD 13 – Prevention and Control of Infection (Safe and effective care) The dental service takes every reasonable precaution to make sure you are not exposed to risk of infection.

Criterion Assessed:

13.2 Your dental service adheres to the appropriate infection control policies and procedures in line with current best practice and legislation.

13.3 Your dental service has systems in place, including induction and ongoing training, to make sure these policies and procedures are known, and are being appropriately applied to the service at all times..

Inspection Findings:

Mr Curran verbally rated the practice approach to the management of waste as compliant during the inspection.

The practice has a policy and procedure in place for the management and disposal of waste. A recommendation was made that this should be further developed to include the classifications of the different types of waste in the practice in keeping with HTM 07-01. Staff confirmed that the management of waste is included in the induction programme and that waste management training is updated periodically.

Review of documentation confirmed that contracted arrangements are in place for the disposal of waste by a registered waste carrier. Relevant consignment notes are retained in the practice and Mr Curran confirmed these will be retained for at least three years.

Observations made and discussion with staff confirmed that staff are aware of the different types of waste and appropriate disposal streams.

Pedal operated bins are available throughout the practice.

Appropriate arrangements are in place in the practice for the storage and collection of general and clinical waste, including sharps waste.

The inspector observed adequate provision of sharps containers including those for pharmaceutical waste, throughout the practice. These were being managed as discussed in section 10.1 of the report.

Provider's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance level against the standard assessed	Compliant
Inspector's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance level against the standard assessed	Substantially compliant

10.7 Decontamination

STANDARD 13 – Prevention and Control of Infection (Safe and effective care) The dental service takes every reasonable precaution to make sure you are not exposed to risk of infection.

Criterion Assessed: 13.4

Your dental service meets current best practice guidance on the decontamination of reusable dental and medical instruments.

Inspection Findings:

Mr Curran verbally rated the decontamination arrangements of the practice as compliant during the inspection.

A decontamination room separate from patient treatment areas and dedicated to the decontamination process is available.

Appropriate equipment, including a washer disinfector, a DAC Universal and a steam steriliser have been provided to meet the practice requirements.

Review of documentation evidenced that equipment used in the decontamination process has been appropriately validated.

Review of equipment logbooks evidenced that periodic tests are undertaken and recorded in keeping with HTM 01-05.

Provider's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance level against the standard assessed	Compliant
Inspector's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance level against the standard assessed	Compliant

Inspector's overall assessment of the dental practice's compliance	Compliance Level
level against the standard assessed	Substantially
	compliant
	-

11.0 Additional Areas Examined

11.1 Staff Consultation/Questionnaires

During the course of the inspection, the inspector spoke with and associate dentist and two dental nurses. Staff advised they had settled well into the new practice and had no issues or concerns. Questionnaires were also provided to staff prior to the inspection by the practice on behalf of the RQIA. Three were returned to RQIA within the timescale required.

Review of submitted questionnaires and discussion with staff evidenced that staff were knowledgeable regarding the inspection theme and that they have received training appropriate to their relevant roles. Staff confirmed that they are familiar with the practice policies and procedures and have received infection prevention and control training. Clinical staff also confirmed that they have been immunised against Hepatitis B.

11.2 Patient Consultation

Mr Bohill and Mr Curran confirmed on the submitted self-assessment that arrangements are in place for consultation with patients and that results of the consultation will be made available to patients. Mr Bohill and Mr Curran indicated on the declaration that feedback provided by patients has not been used by the service to improve. This was discussed with Mr Curran, who confirmed that feedback would be used to improve services. Mr Curran advised that the practice are in the process of carrying out their first patient satisfaction survey and plans have been established for this to be carried out every September.

12.0 Quality Improvement Plan

The details of the Quality Improvement Plan appended to this report were discussed with Mr Bohill and Mr Curran as part of the inspection process.

The timescales for completion commence from the date of inspection.

The registered provider/manager is required to record comments on the Quality Improvement Plan.

Matters to be addressed as a result of this inspection are set in the context of the current registration of your premises. The registration is not transferable so that in the event of any future application to alter, extend or to sell the premises the RQIA would apply standards current at the time of that application.

Enquiries relating to this report should be addressed to:

Emily Campbell The Regulation and Quality Improvement Authority 9th Floor Riverside Tower 5 Lanyon Place Belfast BT1 3BT



The **Regulation** and **Quality Improvement Authority** /

Quality Improvement Plan

4

Announced Inspection

Bohill Curran Dental Care

18 September 2014

The areas where the service needs to improve, as identified during this inspection visit, are detailed in the inspection report and Quality Improvement Plan.

The specific actions set out in the Quality Improvement Plan were discussed with Mr John Bohill and Mr James Curran either during or after the inspection visit.

Any matters that require completion within 28 days of the inspection visit have also been set out in separate correspondence to the registered persons.

Registered providers/managers should note that failure to comply with regulations may lead to further enforcement and/or prosecution action as set out in The HPSS (Quality, Improvement and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003.

It is the responsibility of the registered provider/manager to ensure that all requirements and recommendations contained within the Quality Improvement Plan are addressed within the specified timescales.

Motters to be addressed as a result of this inspection are set in the context of the current registration of your premises. The registration is not transferable so that in the event of any future application to alter, extend or to sell the premises the RQIA would apply standards current at the time of that application.

Inspection ID: 18330

.

REC	OMMENDATIONS				
Thes	e recommendation	is are based on The Minimum Standards for Dent ood practice and if adopted by the registered pe			
They	promote current q	lood practice and if adopted by the register	al Care and Treatr	nent (2011), research or recogni	ised sourc
NO.	MINIMUM STANDARD REFERENCE	RECOMMENDATIONS	NUMBER OF TIMES STATED	DETAILS OF ACTION TAKEN	TIMESC
1	8	Implement six monthly x-ray quality audits and annual x-ray justification and clinical evaluation recording audits.	Two	RETROSPECTENE AUDITS CARRIED CUT FOR 3 DENTISTS X 20 RADS GEH. COMES ENLISED	Two mor
2	13			DEAT. CUT, LES COCOSED]
		Wall mounted holders should be provided for disposable gloves in the decontamination room.	Two	Dane	Three mc
 		Ref 9.0 & 10.2		L	
3	13	A policy for the provention and			
		A policy for the prevention and management of blood-borne virus exposure should be developed.	One	ATTACHED	Three mo
		The policy and procedure in place for the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) should be further developed to include the arrangements for the disinfection of non-single use items such as eye protection and to include the use of heavy duty gloves for environmental cleaning.		ATTACITE	
		The policy and procedure for the management and disposal of waste should be further developed to include the classifications of the different types of waste in the practice in keeping with HTM 07- 01.		ATTACHES	
		Ref 10.1, 10.5 & 10.6			

Bohill Curran Dental Care – Announced Inspection 18 September 2014

Inspection ID: 18330

4	13	Records should be retained regarding the Transfer Hepatitis B immunisation status of all clinical staff.	One	ALL COLLECTED FROM OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH DONNE HOSPIAL + REPARMED IN PRACTICE	Three mo
5	13	Sharps boxes should be signed and dated on assembly and final closure. Ref 10.1	One	NURSES BEENG MORE VICELANT	Immediate and ongoi
6	13	Cabinetry should be sealed in clinical and decontamination areas where cabinetry meets the flooring. Ref 10.2	One	Done cet'14	Three mor
7	13	More attention to detail should be paid to the cleaning in dental surgeries. Ref 10.2	One	ALL STATE BEENG WRE USGEANT RE CLEANENG. SON DES RUE ADDED TO DASLY CLEANE	Immediate and ongoin
			,	LIST .	- I

÷

.

٠

Bohill Curran Dental Care – Announced Inspection 18 September 2014

Please complete the following table to demonstrate that this Quality Improvement Plan has been completed by the registered manager and approved by the responsible person / identified responsible person and return to independent.healthcare@rgia.org.uk

Name of Registered Manager JAMES CUREAN **Completing QIP** Name of Responsible Person / Identified Responsible Person **Approving QIP**

5 13			
QIP Position Based on Comments from Registered Persons	Yes	Inspector	Date
Response assessed by inspector as acceptable		E.CAMPBELL	20 11.11
Further information requested from provider			<u> </u>

Bohill Curran Dental Care – Announced Inspection 18 September 2014



Self Assessment audit tool of compliance with

HTM01-05 - Decontamination - Cross Infection Control

Name of practice: Bol

RQIA ID:

2.42

Bohill Curran Dental Care

12189

Name of inspector: Emily Campbell

This self-assessment tool should be completed in reflection of the current decontamination and cross infection control arrangements in your practice.

THE REGULATION AND QUALITY IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY 9th floor Riverside Tower, 5 Lanyon Place, Belfast, BT1 3BT Tel: 028 9051 7500 Fax: 028 9051 7501

1 Prevention of bloodborne virus	exposure	9	
Inspection criteria (Numbers in brackets reflect HTM 01-05/policy reference)	Yes	No	If NO provide rationale and actions to be taken with timescales to achieve compliance with HTM 01-05.
1.1 Does the practice have a policy and procedure/s in place for the prevention and management of blood borne virus exposure, including management of spillages, sharps and inoculation incidents in accordance with national guidance? (2.6)	/		
1.2 Have all staff received training in relation to the prevention and management of blood-borne virus exposure? (1.22, 9.1, 9.5)			
1.3 Have all staff at risk from sharps injuries received an Occupational Health check in relation to risk reduction in blood- borne virus transmission and general infection? (2.6)	/		
1.4 Can decontamination and clinical staff demonstrate current immunisation with the hepatitis B vaccine e.g. documentation? (2.4s, 8.8)	/		
1.5 Are chlorine-releasing agents available for blood /bodily fluid spillages and used as per manufacturer's instructions? (6.74)	/		
1.6 <i>Management of sharps</i> Any references to sharps management should be read in conjunction with The Health and Safety (Sharp Instruments in Healthcare) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2013			
Are sharps containers correctly assembled?	/		

.

		Inspection	ID: 18330/RQIA ID: 12189
1.7 Are in-use sharps containers labelled with date, locality and a signature?			
1.8 Are sharps containers replaced when filled to the indicator mark?	/		
1.9 Are sharps containers locked with the integral lock when filled to the indicator mark? Then dated and signed?			
1.10 Are full sharps containers stored in a secure facility away from public access?	/		
1.11 Are sharps containers available at the point of use and positioned safely (e.g. wall mounted)?			
1.12 Is there a readily-accessible protocol in place that ensures staff are dealt with in accordance with national guidance in the event of blood-borne virus exposure? (2.6)			
1.13 Are inoculation injuries recorded?			
1.14 Are disposable needles and disposable syringes discarded as a single unit?			
Provider's level of compliance	L	4	Provider to complete

1

.

.....

2 Environmental design and cleaning				
Inspection criteria	Yes	No	If NO provide rationale and actions to be taken with timescales to achieve compliance with HTM 01-05.	
2.1 Does the practice have a policy and procedure for cleaning and maintaining the environment? (2.6, 6.54)	/			
2.2 Have staff undertaking cleaning duties been fully trained to undertake such duties? (6.55)	/			
2.3 Is the overall appearance of the clinical and decontamination environment tidy and uncluttered? (5.6)	/			
2.4 Is the dental chair cleaned between each patient? (6.46, 6.62)	/			
2.5 Is the dental chair free from rips or tears? (6.62)	/			
2.6 Are all surfaces i.e. walls, floors, ceilings, fixtures and fittings and chairs free from damage and abrasion? (6.38)	/			
2.7 Are all work-surface joints intact, seamless, with no visible damage? (6.46, 6.47)	/			
2.8 Are all surfaces i.e. walls, floors, ceilings, fixtures and fittings and chairs free from dust and visible dirt? (6.38)	/			
2.9 Are the surfaces of accessible ventilation fittings/grills cleaned at a minimum weekly? (6.64)				
2.10 Are all surfaces including flooring in clinical and decontamination areas impervious and easy to clean? (6.46, 6.64)	~			
	P	1		

 \mathbf{x}

2.11 Do all floor coverings in clinical and decontamination areas have coved edges that are sealed and impervious to moisture? (6.47)		
2.12 Are keyboard covers or "easy- clean" waterproof keyboards used in clinical areas? (6.66)		
2.13 Are toys provided easily cleaned? (6.73)		No TOTS A- RESENT
2.14 Confirm free standing or ceiling mounted fans are not used in clinical/ decontamination areas? (6.40)		
2.15 Is cleaning equipment colour- coded, in accordance with the National Patient Safety Agency recommendations as detailed in HTM 01-05? (6.53)	/	
2.16 Is cleaning equipment stored in a non-clinical area? (6.60)	/	
2.17 Where disposable single-use covers are used, are they discarded after each patient contact? (6.65)	/	
2.18 Are the surfaces of equipment cleaned between each patient (E.g. work surfaces, dental chairs, curing lamps, delivery units, inspection handles and lights, spittoons, external surface of aspirator and X-ray heads)? (6.62)		
2.19 Are all taps, drainage points, splash backs, sinks, aspirators, drains, spittoons, cleaned after every session with a surfactant/detergent? (6.63)		
2.20 Are floors, cupboard doors and accessible high level surfaces and floors cleaned daily? (6.63)		

1

.

.

Inspection ID: 18330/RQIA ID: 12189

2.21 Is there a designated area for the disposal of dirty water, which is outside the kitchen, clinical and decontamination areas; for example toilet, drain or slop- hopper (slop hopper is a device used for the disposal of liquid or solid waste)?		DIRTY L DISPSED	JANER Down TOFLES
2.22 Does the practice have a local policy and procedure/s for spillage in accordance with COSHH? (2.4d, 2.6)			
Provider's level of compliance		P	rovider to complete

· ·

10

- C.

Inspection criteria	Yes	No	If NO provide rationale and actions to be taken with timescales to achieve compliance with HTM 01-05.
3.1 Does the practice have a local policy and procedure for hand hygiene? (2.6 Appendix 1)	/		
3.2 Is hand hygiene an integral part of staff induction? (6.3)	/		
3.3 Is hand hygiene training provided periodically throughout the year? (1.22, 6.3)			DAVE ON ANIMA BASES VEA ISOALANA CAD ONCENE CLAEMED
3.4 Is hand hygiene carried out before and after every new patient contact? (Appendix 1)			
 3.5 Is hand hygiene performed before donning and following the removal of gloves? (6.4, Appendix 1) 	/		
3.6 Do all staff involved in any clinical and decontamination procedures have short nails that are clean and free from nail extensions and varnish? (6.8, 6.23, Appendix 1)			
3.7 Do all clinical and decontamination staff remove wrist watches, wrist jewellery, rings with stones during clinical and decontamination procedures? (6.9, 6.22)			
3.8 Are there laminated or wipe- clean posters promoting hand hygiene on display? (6.12)	/		
3.9 Is there a separate dedicated hand basin provided for hand hygiene in each surgery where clinical practice takes place? (2.4g, 6.10)			

.

. .

.

3.10 Is there a separate dedicated hand basin available in each room where the decontamination of equipment takes place? (2.4u, 5.7, 6.10)	/		
3.11 Are wash-hand basins free from equipment and other utility items? (2.4g, 5.7)			
3.12 Are hand hygiene facilities clean and intact (check sinks taps, splash backs, soap and paper towel dispensers)? (6.11, 6.63)			
3.13 Do the hand washing basins provided in clinical and decontamination areas have :			
no plug; andno overflow.	/	-	
Lever operated or sensor operated taps.(6.10)			
3.14 Confirm nailbrushes are not used at wash-hand basins? (Appendix 1)			
3.15 Is there good quality, mild liquid soap dispensed from single- use cartridge or containers available at each wash-hand basin?	~		
Bar soap should not be used. (6.5, Appendix 1)			
3.16 Is skin disinfectant rub/gel available at the point of care? (Appendix 1)	~		
 3.17 Are good quality disposable absorbent paper towels used at all wash-hand basins? (6.6, Appendix 1) 			

Inspection ID: 18330/RQIA ID: 12189

3.18 Are hand-cream dispensers with disposable cartridges available for all clinical and decontamination staff? (6.7, Appendix 1)		SENGLE USE DEBEBLE Pump.
Provider's level of compliance		Provider to complete

18

.

1

....

Inspection criteria	Yes	No	If NO provide rationale and actions to be taken with timescales to achieve compliance with HTM 01-05.
4.1 Does the practice have an infection control policy that includes procedures for the use, maintenance, service and repair of all medical devices? (1.18, 2.4a, 2.6, 2.7, 3.54)	/		
4.2 Has the practice carried out a risk assessment for legionella under the Health and Safety Commission's "Legionnaires' disease - the control of legionella bacteria in water systems Approved Code of Practice and Guidance" (also known as L8)? (6.75-6.90, 19.0)	~		
4.3 Has the practice a written scheme for prevention of legionella contamination in water pipes and other water lines?(6.75, 19.2)	~		
4.4 Impression material, prosthetic and orthodontic appliances: Are impression materials, prosthetic and orthodontic appliances decontaminated in the surgery prior to despatch to laboratory in accordance with manufacturer's instructions?(7.0)	/		
4.5 Impression material, prosthetic and orthodontic appliances: Are prosthetic and orthodontic appliances decontaminated before being placed in the patient's mouth? (7.1b)	~		
4.6 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Are in-line filters cleaned/replaced as per manufacturer's instructions?(6.89, 6.90)	/		

•	-10121		Inspection ID: 18330/RQIA ID: 12189
4.7 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Is there an independent bottled-water system used to dispense distilled, reverse osmosis (RO) or sterile water to supply the DUWL? (6.84)			NOT NECESSARY ON FAUD 1053 MODEL WE HAVE
4.8 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): For dental surgical procedures involving irrigation; is a separate single-use sterile water source used for irrigation? (6.91)	/		
4.9 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Are the DUWLs drained down at the end of every working day?(6.82)	/		
4.10 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Are self-contained water bottles (bottled water system) removed, flushed with distilled or RO water and left open to the air for drying on a daily basis, and if necessary overnight, and in accordance with manufacturer's guidance? (6.83)		V	NOT MERSSARY ON OUR CHLATRS
4.11 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Where bottled water systems are not used is there a physical air gap separating dental unit waterlines from mains water systems. (Type A)?(6.84)			NOT SURE CHECKENG WETH SURPLIER
4.12 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Are DUWLs flushed for a minimum of 2 minutes at start of each working day and for a minimum of 20-30 seconds between every patient? (6.85)	V		
4.13 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Are all DUWL and hand pieces fitted with anti-retraction valves? (6.87)			NOT SURE - IN PROCESS NE CHECKENG WITH SUPRICK
4.14 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Are DUWLs either disposable or purged using manufacturer's recommended disinfectants? (6.84-6.86)			

a g

ъ.	Inspection ID: 18330/RQIA ID: 12189
4.15 Dental Unit Water lines (DUWLs): Are DUWL filters changed according to the manufacturer's guidelines? (6.89)	
Provider's level of compliance	Provider to complete

· ·

Inspection criteria	Yes	No	If NO provide rationale and actions to be taken with timescales to achieve
		1.1	compliance with HTM 01-05.
5.1 Does the practice have a policy and procedures for the use of personal protective equipment? (2.6, 6.13)	/		
5.2 Are staff trained in the use of personal protective equipment as part of the practice induction? (6.13)	/		
5.3 Are powder-free CE marked gloves used in the practice? (6.20)	/		
5.4 Are alternatives to latex gloves available? (6.19, 6.20)	/		
5.5 Are all single-use PPE disposed of after each episode of of atter each episode of patient care? (6.21, 6.25, 6.36c)	/		
5.6 Is hand hygiene performed before donning and following the removal of gloves? (6.4 Appendix 1)	/		
5.7 Are clean, heavy duty household gloves available for domestic cleaning and decontamination procedures where necessary? (6.23)	/		
5.8 Are heavy-duty household gloves washed with detergent and hot water and left to dry after each use? (6.23)	/		
5.9 Are heavy-duty household gloves replaced weekly or more frequently if worn or torn? (6.23)	\checkmark		

5.10 Are disposable plastic aprons worn during all decontamination processes or clinical procedures where there is a risk that clothing/uniform may become contaminated? (6.14, 6.24-6.25)				
5.11 Are single-use plastic aprons disposed of as clinical waste after each procedure? (6.25)				
5.12 Are plastic aprons, goggles, masks or face shields used for any clinical and decontamination procedures where there is a danger of splashes? (6.14, 6.26- 6.29)		1	FACE SHIE AS GOGGL ALE SUEA	EDS NOT -SE ES + MASKS ECCENT
5.13 Are masks disposed of as clinical waste after each use? (6.27, 6.36)	/			
5.14 Are all items of PPE stored in accordance with manufacturers' instructions? (6.14)	/			
5.15 Are uniforms worn by all staff changed at the end of each day and when visibly contaminated? (6.34)	<i>\</i>			
5.16 Is eye protection for staff used during decontamination procedures cleaned after each session or sooner if visibly contaminated? (6.29)				
5.17 Is eye protection provided for the patient and staff decontaminated after each episode of patient care? (6.29)	/			
Provider's level of compliance				Provider to complete

н <u>к</u>

2

6 Waste			
Inspection criteria	Yes	No	If NO provide rationale and actions to be taken with timescales to achieve compliance with HTM 07-01.
6.1 Does the practice have a policy and procedure/s for the management and disposal of waste? (2.6, 6.1 (07-01) 6.4 (07- 01))			
6.2 Have all staff attended induction and on-going training in the process of waste disposal? (1.22, 6.43 (07-01) 6.51 (07-01))			
6.3 Is there evidence that the waste contractor is a registered waste carrier? (6.87 (07-01) 6.90 (07-01))			
6.4 Are all disposable PPE disposed of as clinical waste? (6.26, 6.27, 6.36, HTM 07-01 PEL (13) 14)	/		
6.5 Are orange bags used for infectious Category B waste such as blooded swabs and blood contaminated gloves? (HTM 07-01, PEL (13) 14, 5.39 (07-01) Chapter 10 - Dental 12 (07-01))	/		
6.6 Are black/orange bags used for offensive/hygiene waste such as non-infectious recognisable healthcare waste e.g. gowns, tissues, non-contaminated gloves, X-ray film, etc, which are not contaminated with saliva, blood, medicines, chemicals or amalgam? (HTM 07-01, PEL (13) 14, 5.50 (07-01) Chapter 10-Dental 8 (07- 01))			WHITE HEAVY DUTY DRAWSTRING BACK
6.8 Are black/clear bags used for domestic waste including paper towels? (HTM 07-01, PEL (13) 14, 5.51 (07-01))			

.

<u></u>		8	Inspecti	on ID: 18330/	RQIA ID: 12189
6.9 Are bins foot operated or sensor controlled, lidded and in good working order? (5.90 (07-01))	/				
6.10 Are local anaesthetic cartridges and other Prescription Only Medicines (POMs) disposed of in yellow containers with a purple lid that conforms to BS 7320 (1990)/UN 3291? (HTM 07-01 PEL (13) 14, Chapter 10 - Dental 11 (07-01))			YELLOW BS Er	+ TEUON I ISO	23907: 2012
6.11 Are clinical waste sacks securely tied and sharps containers locked before disposal? (5.87 (07-01))	/				
6.12 Are all clinical waste bags and sharps containers labelled before disposal? (5.23 (07-01), 5.25 (07-01))	/				
6.13 Is waste awaiting collection stored in a safe and secure location away from the public within the practice premises? (5.33 (07-01), 5.96 (07-01))	/				
6.14 Are all clinical waste bags fully described using the appropriate European Waste Catalogue (EWC) Codes as listed in HTM 07-01 (Safe Management of Healthcare Waste)?(3.32 (07- 01))			a kindee		
6.15 Are all consignment notes for all hazardous waste retained for at least 3 years?(6.105 (07-01))	~				
6.16 Has the practice been assured that a "duty of care" audit has been undertaken and recorded from producer to final disposal? (6.1 (07-01), 6.9 (07-01))	5				
6.17 Is there evidence the practice is segregating waste in accordance with HTM 07-01? (5.86 (07-01), 5.88 (07-01), 4.18 (07-01))	~			Descriptions	
Provider's level of compliance				Provider to c	complete

- 14 C

		1	
Inspection criteria	Yes	No	If NO provide rationale and actions to be taken with timescales to achieve compliance with HTM 01-05.
7.1 Does the practice have a room separate from the patient treatment area, dedicated to decontamination meeting best practice standards? (5.3–5.8)	/		
7.2 Does the practice have washer disinfector(s) in sufficient numbers to meet the practice requirements? (PEL(13)13)	/	-	
7.3 Are all reusable instruments being disinfected using the washer disinfector? (PEL(13)13)	/		
7.4 Does the practice have steam sterilisers in sufficient numbers to meet the practice requirements?	/		
7.5 a Has all equipment used in the decontamination process been validated?	~		
7.5 b Are arrangements in place to ensure that all equipment is validated annually? (1.9, 11.1, 11.6, 12,13, 14.1, 14.2, 15.6)	/		
7.6 Have separate log books been established for each piece of equipment?	/		
Does the log book contain all relevant information as outlined in HTM01-05? (11.9)	/		

.

.

7.7 a Are daily, weekly, monthly periodic tests undertaken and recorded in the log books as outlined in HTM 01-05? (12, 13, 14)	
7.7 b Is there a system in place to record cycle parameters of equipment such as a data logger?	
Provider's level of compliance	Provider to complete

Please provide any comments you wish to add regarding good practice						

Appendix 1

1



Name of practice: Bohill Curran Dental Care

Declaration on consultation with patients

The need for consultation with patients is outlined in The Independent Health Care Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005, Regulation 17(3) and The Minimum Standards for Dental Care and Treatment 2011, Standard 9.

1 Do you have a system in place for consultation with patients, undertaken at appropriate intervals?

Yes		No [
If no or	other please give	details:	
		-	TONATRES SENT/
GIVE			As. THES IS
		EVERT	
SER	154 utu	BE 1=ST	-

2 If appropriate has the feedback provided by patients been used by the service to improve?

 \checkmark

Yes

No

3 Are the results of the consultation made available to patients?

		No		
THEY	WILL BE	AUALLABLE	AT	RECEPTEN