

Unannounced Medicines Management Inspection Report 2 May 2018











Tennent Street

Type of Service: Nursing Home

Address: Sandringham Suite, 1 Tennent Street, Belfast, BT13 3GD

Tel No: 028 9031 2318 Inspector: Judith Taylor

www.rqia.org.uk

Assurance, Challenge and Improvement in Health and Social Care

It should be noted that this inspection report should not be regarded as a comprehensive review of all strengths and areas for improvement that exist in the service. The findings reported on are those which came to the attention of RQIA during the course of this inspection. The findings contained within this report do not exempt the service from their responsibility for maintaining compliance with legislation, standards and best practice.

1.0 What we look for



2.0 Profile of service

This is a nursing home with 17 beds that provides care for patients living with a range of healthcare needs as detailed in Section 3.0.

This nursing home is situated on the same site as Tennent Street (Hampton Suite) residential care home and Tennent Street (Balmoral & Sandhurst Suites) nursing home.

3.0 Service details

Organisation/Registered Provider: Four Seasons Health Care	Registered Manager: See box below
Responsible Individual: Dr Maureen Claire Royston	
Person in charge at the time of inspection: Ms Sheila Mae Hechanova (Acting Manager)	Date manager registered: Ms Sheila Mae Hechanova (Acting – no application required)
Categories of care: Nursing Homes (NH): I – Old age not falling within any other category PH – Physical disability other than sensory impairment PH(E) - Physical disability other than sensory impairment – over 65 years TI – Terminally ill	Number of registered places: 17 The home is also approved to provide care on a day basis to one person.

4.0 Inspection summary

An unannounced inspection took place on 2 May 2018 from 14.00 to 16.55.

This inspection was underpinned by The Health and Personal Social Services (Quality, Improvement and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003, The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005 and the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety (DHSSPS) Care Standards for Nursing Homes, April 2015.

The inspection assessed progress with any areas for improvement identified since the last medicines management inspection and to determine if the home was delivering safe, effective and compassionate care and if the service was well led.

Evidence of good practice was found in relation to the governance arrangements, training and competency assessment, administration of medicines, medicine storage and controlled drugs.

Areas for improvement were identified in relation to the completion of fluid intake records.

Patients were noted to be relaxed and comfortable in their surroundings and in their interactions with staff. The patients we met with spoke positively about their care and their well-being. We noted the warm and welcoming atmosphere in the home.

The findings of this report will provide the home with the necessary information to assist them to fulfil their responsibilities, enhance practice and patients' experience.

4.1 Inspection outcome

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of areas for improvement	0	1

Details of the Quality Improvement Plan (QIP) were discussed with Ms Sheila Mae Hechanova, Manager, as part of the inspection process. The timescales for completion commence from the date of inspection.

Enforcement action did not result from the findings of this inspection.

4.2 Action/enforcement taken following the most recent care inspection

Other than those actions detailed in the QIP no further actions were required to be taken following the most recent inspection on 29 March 2018. Enforcement action did not result from the findings of this inspection.

5.0 How we inspect

Prior to the inspection a range of information relevant to the service was reviewed. This included the following:

- recent inspection reports and returned QIPs
- recent correspondence with the home
- the management of medicine related incidents reported to RQIA since the last medicines management inspection.

A poster was displayed to inform visitors to the home that an inspection was being conducted.

During the inspection we met with one patient, one registered nurse and the manager.

Ten questionnaires were provided for distribution to patients and their representatives for completion and return to RQIA. Staff were invited to share their views by completing an online questionnaire.

A sample of the following records was examined during the inspection:

- medicines requested and received
- personal medication records
- medicine administration records
- medicines disposed of or transferred
- controlled drug record book

- medicine audits
- policies and procedures
- care plans
- training records
- medicines storage temperatures

The findings of the inspection were provided to the person in charge at the conclusion of the inspection.

6.0 The inspection

6.1 Review of areas for improvement from the most recent inspection dated 29 March 2018

The most recent inspection of the home was an unannounced care inspection. The completed QIP was returned and approved by the care inspector. This QIP will be validated by the care inspector at the next care inspection.

6.2 Review of areas for improvement from the last medicines management inspection dated 9 February 2017

There were no areas for improvement identified as a result of the last medicines management inspection.

6.3 Inspection findings

6.4 Is care safe?

Avoiding and preventing harm to patients and clients from the care, treatment and support that is intended to help them.

Medicines were managed by staff who have been trained and deemed competent to do so. An induction process was in place for registered nurses and for care staff who had been delegated medicine related tasks. The impact of training was monitored through team meetings, supervision and annual appraisal. Competency assessments were completed following induction and annually thereafter. A process was in place to ensure that all staff completed refresher training in medicines management. Other training included the management of dysphagia and dementia. In relation to safeguarding, staff advised that they were aware of the regional procedures and who to report any safeguarding concerns to.

There were procedures in place to ensure the safe management of medicines during a patient's admission to the home. Written confirmation of medicine regimes was obtained at or prior to admission.

Systems were in place to manage the ordering of prescribed medicines to ensure adequate supplies were available and to prevent wastage. Staff advised of the procedures to identify and report any potential shortfalls in medicines. Antibiotics and newly prescribed medicines had been received into the home without delay. Satisfactory arrangements were in place for the acquisition and storage of prescriptions.

There were satisfactory arrangements in place to manage changes to prescribed medicines. Personal medication records and handwritten entries on medication administration records were updated by two registered nurses. This safe practice was acknowledged.

Records of the receipt, administration and disposal of controlled drugs subject to record keeping requirements were maintained in a controlled drug record book. Checks were performed on controlled drugs which require safe custody, at the end of each shift. Additional checks were also performed on other controlled drugs which is good practice.

Robust arrangements were observed for the management of high risk medicines e.g. insulin. Written confirmation of dosage regimes was in place and care plans were maintained.

Discontinued or expired medicines were disposed of appropriately. Discontinued controlled drugs were denatured and rendered irretrievable prior to disposal.

Medicines were stored safely and securely and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Medicine storage areas were clean, tidy and well organised. There were systems in place to alert staff of the expiry dates of medicines with a limited shelf life, once opened. The medicine refrigerator and oxygen equipment were checked at regular intervals.

Areas of good practice

There were examples of good practice in relation to staff training, competency assessment, the management of medicines on admission, controlled drugs and the storage of medicines.

Areas for improvement

No areas for improvement were identified during the inspection.

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of areas for improvement	0	0

6.5 Is care effective?

The right care, at the right time in the right place with the best outcome.

The sample of medicines examined had been administered in accordance with the prescriber's instructions.

There was evidence that time critical medicines had been administered at the correct time. There were arrangements in place to alert staff of when doses of mid-weekly, weekly or three monthly medicines were due. Reminders were marked out on the medication administration records.

The management of pain and swallowing difficulty were reviewed. The relevant records were in place.

The management of distressed reactions was reviewed. These medicines were prescribed for a few patients. Details were recorded on the patient's personal medication record and care plan. Staff confirmed that they knew how to recognise signs, symptoms and triggers which may cause a change in a patient's behaviour and were aware that this change may be associated with pain. There was evidence that regular use had been referred to the prescriber in relation to one patient; however, it was noted that one other patient was being administered

these medicines on a regular basis. The manager advised by telephone on 4 May 2018, that this had been referred to the prescriber for review after the inspection.

The record keeping regarding enteral fluids was reviewed. There were three different systems in place to record fluid intake; however, these did not correlate and as a result an accurate fluid intake was not being recorded every 24 hours. An area for improvement was identified. It was suggested that one recording system would be sufficient.

Staff confirmed that compliance with prescribed medicine regimes was monitored and any omissions or refusals likely to have an adverse effect on the patient's health were reported to the prescriber. They provided details of when the formulation of a medicine was changed e.g. from tablet to liquid, to assist with the patient's ability to swallow the medicine.

Most of the medicine records were well maintained and facilitated the audit process. Areas of good practice were acknowledged. They included separate administration records for transdermal medicines and antibiotics, protocols for "when required" medicines such as laxatives, analgesics and external preparations; in addition, there were alerts to ensure that staff were aware that some patients had similar names.

Practices for the management of medicines were audited throughout the month by the staff and management. This included running stock balances for several medicines which were not contained within the 28 day blister packs and also the stock balance of some medicines carried forward to the next medicine cycle. This good practice was acknowledged. In addition, a quarterly audit was completed by the community pharmacist.

Following discussion with the manager and staff and a review of care files, it was evident that when applicable, other healthcare professionals were contacted in response to patients' healthcare needs.

Areas of good practice

There were examples of good practice in relation to the standard of record keeping, care planning and the administration of medicines. Staff were knowledgeable about the patients' medicines.

Areas for improvement

The necessary arrangements should be made to ensure that fluid intake records in relation to enteral feeding are fully and accurately completed and include the total daily fluid intake.

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of areas for improvement	0	1

6.6 Is care compassionate?

Patients and clients are treated with dignity and respect and should be fully involved in decisions affecting their treatment, care and support.

The administration of medicines to patients was not observed during this inspection. Following discussion with staff it was confirmed that patients were given time to take their medicines and medicines were given in accordance with the patients' preferences.

Throughout the inspection, it was found that there were good relationships between the staff and the patients. Staff were noted to be friendly and courteous; they treated the patients with dignity. It was clear from discussion and observation of staff, that they were familiar with the patients' likes and dislikes.

We met with one patient, who expressed satisfaction with the care, the staff and the manager. They advised that they were happy and content in the home and had no concerns. The patient confirmed that medicines were administered on time and any requests e.g. for pain relief, were adhered to.

Of the questionnaires which were left in the home to receive feedback from patients and their representatives, none were returned with the specified time frame (two weeks). Any comments from patients and their representatives in returned questionnaires received after the return date will be shared with the registered manager for their information and action as required.

Areas of good practice

Staff listened to patients and took account of their views.

Areas for improvement

No areas for improvement were identified during the inspection.

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of areas for improvement	0	0

6.7 Is the service well led?

Effective leadership, management and governance which creates a culture focused on the needs and experience of service users in order to deliver safe, effective and compassionate care.

The inspector discussed arrangements in place in relation to the equality of opportunity for patients and the importance of staff being aware of equality legislation and recognising and responding to the diverse needs of patients. There were arrangements in place to implement the collection of equality data within Tennent Street.

Written policies and procedures for the management of medicines were in place and readily available for staff reference.

There were robust arrangements in place for the management of medicine related incidents. Staff confirmed that they knew how to identify and report incidents and advised of how incidents were shared with staff to prevent recurrence. In relation to the regional safeguarding procedures, staff confirmed that they were aware that medicine incidents may need to be reported to the safeguarding team.

A review of the audit records indicated that largely satisfactory outcomes had been achieved. Where a discrepancy had been identified, there was evidence of the action taken and learning which had resulted in a change of practice.

Following discussion with the manager and registered nurses, it was evident that staff were familiar with their roles and responsibilities in relation to medicines management.

Staff confirmed that any concerns in relation to medicines management were raised with management. They advised that any resultant action was communicated through team meetings, supervision or individually with staff. They advised that management were open and approachable and willing to listen; and stated that there were good working relationships within the home and with healthcare professionals involved in patient care.

No online questionnaires were completed by staff within the specified time frame (two weeks).

Areas of good practice

There were examples of good practice in relation to governance arrangements, the management of medicine incidents and quality improvement. There were clearly defined roles and responsibilities for staff.

Areas for improvement

No areas for improvement were identified during the inspection.

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of areas for improvement	0	0

7.0 Quality improvement plan

Areas for improvement identified during this inspection are detailed in the QIP. Details of the QIP were discussed with Ms Sheila Mae Hechanova, Manager, as part of the inspection process. The timescales commence from the date of inspection.

The registered provider/manager should note that if the action outlined in the QIP is not taken to comply with regulations and standards this may lead to further enforcement action including possible prosecution for offences. It is the responsibility of the registered provider to ensure that all areas for improvement identified within the QIP are addressed within the specified timescales.

Matters to be addressed as a result of this inspection are set in the context of the current registration of the nursing home. The registration is not transferable so that in the event of any future application to alter, extend or to sell the premises RQIA would apply standards current at the time of that application.

7.1 Areas for improvement

Areas for improvement have been identified where action is required to ensure compliance with The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005 and the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety (DHSSPS) Care Standards for Nursing Homes, April 2015.

7.2 Actions to be taken by the service

The QIP should be completed and detail the actions taken to address the areas for improvement identified. The registered provider should confirm that these actions have been completed and return the completed via the Web Portal for assessment by the inspector.

Quality Improvement Plan

Action required to ensure compliance with the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety (DHSSPS) Care Standards for Nursing Homes, April 2015

Area for improvement 1

The registered person shall ensure that fluid intake records in relation to enteral feeding are fully completed and include an accurate total

daily fluid intake.

Ref: Standard 29

1 June 2018

Stated: First time Ref: 6.5

To be completed by:

Response by registered person detailing the actions taken:

Supervision with all Nurses in the unit has been completed. All Fluid intake via enteral feeding including flushing are now recorded and accurate total daily fluid intake are completed. Compliance is being monitored by the Home Manager through spot checks on a weekly

basis.

^{*}Please ensure this document is completed in full and returned via the Web Portal*





The Regulation and Quality Improvement Authority 9th Floor Riverside Tower 5 Lanyon Place BELFAST BT1 3BT

Tel 028 9051 7500 Email info@rqia.org.uk Web www.rqia.org.uk ♀ @RQIANews

Assurance, Challenge and Improvement in Health and Social Care