

Unannounced Medicines Management Inspection Report 24 October 2016



Chester

Type of Service: Nursing Home

Address: 27-29 Chester Avenue, Whitehead, BT38 9QQ

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Inspector: Judith Taylor

www.rqia.org.uk

Assurance, Challenge and Improvement in Health and Social Care

1.0 Summary

An unannounced inspection of Chester took place on 24 October 2016 from 10.35 to 14.35.

The inspection sought to assess progress with any issues raised during and since the previous inspection and to determine if the home was delivering safe, effective and compassionate care and if the service was well led.

Is care safe?

There was evidence that the management of medicines supported the delivery of safe care and positive outcomes for patients. Staff administering medicines had been trained and deemed competent. There were systems in place to ensure the management of medicines was in compliance with legislative requirements and standards. It was evident that the working relationship with the community pharmacist, the knowledge of the staff and their proactive action in dealing with any issues enables the systems in place for the management of medicines to be robust. No requirements or recommendations were made.

Is care effective?

The management of medicines supported the delivery of effective care. There were systems in place to ensure patients were receiving their medicines as prescribed. Care plans relating to medicines management were maintained. One area for improvement was identified in relation to record keeping and a requirement was made.

Is care compassionate?

The management of medicines supported the delivery of compassionate care. Staff interactions were observed to be compassionate, caring and timely which promoted the delivery of positive outcomes for patients. No requirements or recommendations were made.

Is the service well led?

The service was found to be well led with respect to the management of medicines. Written policies and procedures for the management of medicines were in place which supported the delivery of care. Systems were in place to enable management to identify and cascade learning from any medicine related incidents and medicine audit activity. No requirements or recommendations were made.

This inspection was underpinned by The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005 and the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety (DHSSPS) Care Standards for Nursing Homes, April 2015.

For the purposes of this report, the term 'patients' will be used to describe those living in Chester which provides both nursing and residential care.

1.1 Inspection outcome

	Requirements	Recommendations
Total number of requirements and recommendations made at this inspection	1	0

Details of the Quality Improvement Plan (QIP) within this report were discussed with Ms Gillian Dowds, Registered Manager, as part of the inspection process. The timescales for completion commence from the date of inspection.

Enforcement action did not result from the findings of this inspection.

1.2 Actions/enforcement taken following the most recent care inspection

There were no further actions required to be taken following the most recent inspection on 14 June 2016.

2.0 Service details

Registered organisation/registered person: Chester Homes Ltd/ Mr Colin Nimmon	Registered manager: Ms Gillian Dowds
Person in charge of the home at the time of inspection: Ms Gillian Dowds	Date manager registered: 24 July 2014
Categories of care: RC-LD, RC-MP(E), RC-DE, NH-PH, NH-DE	Number of registered places: 43

3.0 Methods/processes

Prior to inspection the following records were analysed:

- recent inspection reports and returned QIPs
- recent correspondence with the home
- the management of medicine related incidents reported to RQIA since the last medicines management inspection

We met with one visitor, the deputy manager and the registered manager.

A poster indicating that the inspection was taking place was displayed in the lobby of the home and invited visitors/relatives to speak with the inspector.

A sample of the following records was examined during the inspection:

- medicines requested and received
- personal medication records
- medicine administration records
- medicines disposed of or transferred
- controlled drug record book
- medicine audits
- policies and procedures
- care plans
- training records
- medicines storage temperatures

4.0 The inspection

4.1 Review of requirements and recommendations from the most recent inspection dated 14 June 2016

The most recent inspection of the home was an unannounced care inspection. No requirements or recommendations were made following the inspection.

4.2 Review of requirements and recommendations from the last medicines management inspection on 7 September 2015

Last medicines management inspection statutory requirements		Validation of compliance
Requirement 1 Ref: Regulation 13(4) Stated: First time	The registered person must make the necessary arrangements to ensure that personal medication records are kept up to date at all times.	Met
	Action taken as confirmed during the inspection: An improvement in the standard of personal medication records was evidenced. The registered manager advised that these records were included in the audit process and that a recent audit had highlighted that some records required rewriting and this had commenced.	

4.3 Is care safe?

Medicines were managed by staff who have been trained and deemed competent to do so. An induction process was in place for registered nurses, agency staff and for care staff who had been delegated medicine related tasks. The impact of training was monitored through team meetings, supervision and annual appraisal. Competency assessments were completed annually. Refresher training in the management of syringe drivers, dementia and enteral feeding was provided in the last year. A programme of e-learning in medicines management is planned within the next few months.

Systems were in place to manage the ordering of prescribed medicines to ensure adequate supplies were available and to prevent wastage. Staff advised of the procedures to identify and report any potential shortfalls in medicines.

There were satisfactory arrangements in place to manage changes to prescribed medicines. Personal medication records and handwritten entries on medication administration records were usually updated by two registered nurses. This safe practice was acknowledged. The registered manager advised that this was the expected practice and she would remind staff to ensure this occurred on all occasions.

There were procedures in place to ensure the safe management of medicines during a patient's admission to the home and discharge from the home.

Records of the receipt, administration and disposal of controlled drugs subject to record keeping requirements were maintained in a controlled drug record book. Checks were performed on controlled drugs which require safe custody, at the end of each shift. Additional checks were also performed on other controlled drugs which is good practice.

Robust arrangements were observed for the management of high risk medicines e.g. warfarin and insulin.

Discontinued or expired medicines were disposed of appropriately. Discontinued controlled drugs including most of those in Schedule 4 were denatured and rendered irretrievable prior to disposal. Staff were reminded that zolpidem and zopiclone also require denaturing prior to disposal.

Medicines were stored safely and securely and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Medicine storage areas were clean, tidy and well organised. There were systems in place to alert staff of the expiry dates of medicines with a limited shelf life, once opened. Medicine refrigerators and oxygen equipment were checked at regular intervals.

Areas for improvement

No areas for improvement were identified during the inspection.

Number of requirements	0	Number of recommendations	0
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4.4 Is care effective?

The sample of medicines examined had been administered in accordance with the prescriber's instructions. There was evidence that time critical medicines had been administered at the correct time. There were arrangements in place to alert staff of when doses of three times and weekly and monthly medicines were due.

When a patient was prescribed a medicine for administration on a "when required" basis for the management of distressed reactions, the dosage instructions were fully recorded on the personal medication record. Staff knew how to recognise signs, symptoms and triggers which may cause a change in a patient's behaviour and were aware that this change may be associated with pain. The reason for and the outcome of administration were recorded. A care plan was maintained.

The sample of records examined indicated that medicines which were prescribed to manage pain had been administered as prescribed. Staff were aware that ongoing monitoring was necessary to ensure that the pain was well controlled and the patient was comfortable. Staff advised that some of the patients could verbalise pain, and were aware of how this would be expressed in those patients that could not verbalise pain. A pain assessment tool was used as

needed. Details of the reason for and outcome of the administration of analgesics were recorded. A care plan was maintained. Staff also advised that a pain assessment was completed as part of the admission process.

The management of swallowing difficulty was examined. For those patients prescribed a thickening agent, this was recorded on their personal medication record and included details of the fluid consistency. Each administration was recorded and care plans and speech and language assessment reports were in place. Management advised of the system in place to ensure that all staff were aware of the patient's prescribed fluid consistency.

Staff confirmed that compliance with prescribed medicine regimes was monitored and any omissions or refusals likely to have an adverse effect on the patient's health were reported to the prescriber.

Most of the medicine records were well maintained and facilitated the audit process. Areas of good practice were acknowledged. They included separate administration records for analgesics, insulin, warfarin, transdermal patches and benzodiazepines. A review of administration records for external preparations completed by care staff indicated that there were some incomplete records. This was discussed and the registered manager advised that the recent audit had already identified this and she provided details of the action that was planned to address the issue.

The management of fluid intake charts regarding enteral feeding was reviewed. The fluid intake records were incomplete and the total fluid intake per 24 hours was not recorded. It could not be ascertained if the total fluid volume prescribed was administered. A requirement was made.

Practices for the management of medicines were audited throughout the month by the staff and management. This included running stock balances for several solid dosage medicines, liquid and inhaled medicines. In addition, a quarterly audit was completed by the community pharmacist.

Following discussion with management and a review of care files, it was evident that when applicable, other healthcare professionals were contacted in response to issues or concerns regarding medicines management.

Areas for improvement

The completion of fluid intake charts regarding enteral feeding must be reviewed to ensure that the administration of all liquids is recorded, the total intake is recorded every 24 hours and there is a system in place to monitor that the target volume has been achieved. A requirement was made.

Number of requirements	1	Number of recommendations	0
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4.5 Is care compassionate?

The administration of medicines to patients was completed in a caring manner, patients were given time to take their medicines and medicines were administered as discreetly as possible. Medicines were prepared immediately prior to their administration from the container in which they were dispensed. Patients were given time to swallow each medicine.

Patients were observed to be relaxed and comfortable in their surroundings and in their interactions with staff. Patients were treated courteously, with dignity and respect. Good relationships were evident.

It was not possible to ascertain the views and opinions of patients.

The visitor spoken to at the inspection was very complimentary about the care and attention provided to the patient.

Areas for improvement

No areas for improvement were identified during the inspection.

Number of requirements	0	Number of recommendations	0
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4.6 Is the service well led?

Written policies and procedures for the management of medicines were in place. Management advised that these were reviewed every few years.

There were robust arrangements in place for the management of medicine related incidents. Staff confirmed that they knew how to identify and report incidents. Medicine related incidents reported since the last medicines management inspection were discussed. There was evidence of the action taken and learning implemented following incidents.

A review of the internal audit records indicated that largely satisfactory outcomes had been achieved. Where a discrepancy had been identified, there was evidence of the action taken and learning which had resulted in a change of practice. The registered manager also advised that an action plan was developed and shared with the staff. She further advised of the planned improvements which were to take place at the earliest opportunity.

The management of any concerns regarding medicines was discussed. It was confirmed that these were raised with management and any resultant action was communicated with staff individually, at supervision and at team meetings.

Areas for improvement

No areas for improvement were identified during the inspection.

Number of requirements	0	Number of recommendations	0
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5.0 Quality improvement plan

Any issues identified during this inspection are detailed in the QIP. Details of the QIP were discussed with Ms Gillian Dowds, Registered Manager, as part of the inspection process. The timescales commence from the date of inspection.

The registered provider/manager should note that failure to comply with regulations may lead to further enforcement action including possible prosecution for offences. It is the responsibility of the registered provider to ensure that all requirements and recommendations contained within the QIP are addressed within the specified timescales.

Matters to be addressed as a result of this inspection are set in the context of the current registration of the nursing home. The registration is not transferable so that in the event of any future application to alter, extend or to sell the premises RQIA would apply standards current at the time of that application.

5.1 Statutory requirements

This section outlines the actions which must be taken so that the registered provider meets legislative requirements based on The Nursing Homes Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005.

5.2 Recommendations

This section outlines the recommended actions based on research, recognised sources and Care Standards for Nursing Homes 2015. They promote current good practice and if adopted by the registered provider/manager may enhance service, quality and delivery.

5.3 Actions to be taken by the registered provider

The QIP should be completed and detail the actions taken to meet the legislative requirements and recommendations stated. The registered provider should confirm that these actions have been completed and return the completed QIP to pharmacists@rqia.org.uk for assessment by the inspector.

It should be noted that this inspection report should not be regarded as a comprehensive review of all strengths and areas for improvement that exist in the service. The findings reported on are those which came to the attention of RQIA during the course of this inspection. The findings contained within this report do not exempt the registered provider from their responsibility for maintaining compliance with the regulations and standards. It is expected that the requirements and recommendations outlined in this report will provide the registered provider with the necessary information to assist them to fulfil their responsibilities and enhance practice within the service.

Quality Improvement Plan

Statutory requirements

Requirement 1

Ref: Regulation 13(4)

Stated: First time

To be completed by:
23 November 2016

The registered provider must review the record keeping regarding enteral feeding fluid intake charts to ensure that these are fully and accurately maintained.

Response by registered provider detailing the actions taken:

All nursing staff are aware how to accurately record the enteral feeding fluid chart including the running total to ensure the client's fluid intake is accurately recorded over 24 hours.

Please ensure this document is completed in full and returned to pharmacists@rqia.org.uk from the authorised email address



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