



The Regulation and  
Quality Improvement  
Authority

# Inspection Report

**Name of Service:** Lansdowne Care Home  
**Provider:** Beaumont Care Homes Limited  
**Date of Inspection:** 12 August 2025

Information on legislation and standards underpinning inspections can be found on our website <https://www.rqia.org.uk/>

## 1.0 Service information

<b>Organisation:</b>	Beaumont Care Homes Limited
<b>Responsible Individual:</b>	Mrs Ruth Burrows
<b>Registered Manager:</b>	Ms Claire Campbell
<b>Service Profile:</b>	
Lansdowne Care Home is a registered nursing home which provides nursing care for up to 86 patients. The home is divided into three units over three floors. The Annabella unit on the ground floor provides care for people living with dementia. The Innisfayle and Cavehill units on the first floor and second floor provide general nursing care.	

## 2.0 Inspection summary

An unannounced inspection took place on 12 August 2025, from 10.00am to 2.40pm. The inspection was completed by two pharmacist inspectors and focused on medicines management within the home.

The inspection was undertaken to evidence how medicines are managed in relation to the regulations and standards and to determine if the home is delivering safe, effective and compassionate care and is well led in relation to medicines management. The areas for improvement identified at the last care inspection were carried forward for review at the next inspection.

Review of medicines management found that satisfactory arrangements were in place for the safe management of medicines. Medicines were stored securely. Medicine records and medicine related care plans were well maintained. There were effective auditing processes in place to ensure that staff were trained and competent to manage medicines and patients were administered their medicines as prescribed. No new areas for improvement were identified.

Details of the inspection findings, including areas for improvement carried forward for review at the next inspection, can be found in the main body of this report and in the quality improvement plan (QIP) (Section 4.0).

Patients were observed to be relaxed and comfortable in the home and in their interactions with staff. It was evident that staff knew the patients well.

RQIA would like to thank the staff for their assistance throughout the inspection.

## **3.0 The inspection**

### **3.1 How we inspect**

RQIA's inspections form part of our ongoing assessment of the quality of services. Our reports reflect how the home was performing against the regulations and standards, at the time of our inspection, highlighting both good practice and any areas for improvement. It is the responsibility of the service provider to ensure compliance with legislation, standards and best practice, and to address any deficits identified during our inspections.

To prepare for this inspection, information held by RQIA about this home was reviewed. This included areas for improvement identified at previous inspections, registration information, and any other written or verbal information received from patients, relatives, staff or the commissioning trust.

Throughout the inspection process, inspectors seek the views of those living, working and visiting the home; and review/examine a sample of records to evidence how the home is performing in relation to the regulations and standards.

### **3.2 What people told us about the service and their quality of life**

Staff expressed satisfaction with how the home was managed. They also said that they had the appropriate training to look after patients and meet their needs. They said that the team communicated well and the management team were readily available to discuss any issues and concerns should they arise.

Staff advised that they were familiar with how each patient liked to take their medicines. They stated medication rounds were tailored to respect each individual's preferences, needs and timing requirements.

RQIA did not receive any completed questionnaires or responses to the staff survey following the inspection.

### **3.3 Inspection findings**

#### **3.3.1 What arrangements are in place to ensure that medicines are appropriately prescribed, monitored and reviewed?**

Patients in nursing homes should be registered with a general practitioner (GP) to ensure that they receive appropriate medical care when they need it. At times patients' needs may change and therefore their medicines should be regularly monitored and reviewed. This is usually done by a GP, a pharmacist or during a hospital admission.

Patients in the home were registered with a GP and medicines were dispensed by the community pharmacist.

Personal medication records were in place for each patient. These are records used to list all of the prescribed medicines, with details of how and when they should be administered. It is important that these records accurately reflect the most recent prescription to ensure that medicines are administered as prescribed and because they may be used by other healthcare professionals, for example, at medication reviews or hospital appointments.

The personal medication records reviewed were accurate and up to date. In line with best practice, a second member of staff had checked and signed the personal medication records when they were written and updated to confirm that they were accurate.

Copies of patients' prescriptions/hospital discharge letters were retained so that any entry on the personal medication record could be checked against the prescription.

All patients should have care plans, which detail their specific care needs and how the care is to be delivered. In relation to medicines, these may include care plans for the management of distressed reactions, pain, modified diets etc.

The management of distressed reactions, insulin, warfarin and epilepsy were reviewed. Care plans contained sufficient detail to direct the required care. Medicine records were well maintained. The audits completed indicated that medicines were administered as prescribed.

The management of pain was discussed. Staff advised that they were familiar with how each patient expressed their pain and that pain relief was administered when required. Care plans were in place and reviewed regularly. One care plan was needed for a recently prescribed pain medication, it was agreed that this would be addressed following the inspection.

Some patients may need their diet modified to ensure that they receive adequate nutrition. This may include thickening fluids to aid swallowing and food supplements in addition to meals. Care plans detailing how the patient should be supported with their food and fluid intake should be in place to direct staff. All staff should have the necessary training to ensure that they can meet the needs of the patient.

The management of thickening agents and nutritional supplements was reviewed. Speech and language assessment reports and care plans were in place. Records of prescribing and administration, which included the recommended consistency level were maintained. One personal medication record and one medicine administration record needed to be updated with the most recently recommended consistency level, it was agreed that this would be addressed following the inspection. Records reviewed indicated the correct consistency had been administered.

Some patients cannot take food and medicines orally; it may be necessary to administer food and medicines via an enteral feeding tube. The management of medicines and nutrition via the enteral route was examined.

An up to date regimen detailing the prescribed nutritional supplement and recommended fluid intake was in place. Records of administration of the nutritional supplement and water were maintained. Staff advised that they had received training and felt confident to manage medicines and nutrition via the enteral route.

### **3.3.2 What arrangements are in place to ensure that medicines are supplied on time, stored safely and disposed of appropriately?**

Medicine stock levels must be checked on a regular basis and new stock must be ordered on time. This ensures that the patient's medicines are available for administration as prescribed. It is important that they are stored safely and securely so that there is no unauthorised access and disposed of promptly to ensure that a discontinued medicine is not administered in error.

Records reviewed showed that medicines were available for administration when patients required them. Staff advised that they had a good relationship with the community pharmacist and that medicines were supplied in a timely manner.

The medicine storage areas were observed to be securely locked to prevent any unauthorised access. They were organised so that medicines belonging to each patient could be easily located. Temperatures of medicine storage areas were monitored and recorded to ensure that medicines were stored appropriately. Satisfactory arrangements were in place for medicines requiring cold storage, the storage of controlled drugs and the safe disposal of medicines.

The treatment room on the top floor needed to have signage replaced to indicate oxygen storage. The manager stated that signage had been removed during recent painting of the area and agreed to address this following the inspection.

### **3.3.3 What arrangements are in place to ensure that medicines are appropriately administered within the home?**

It is important to have a clear record of which medicines have been administered to patients to ensure that they are receiving the correct prescribed treatment.

A sample of the medicines administration records was reviewed. Records were found to have been accurately completed. Records were filed once completed and were readily retrievable for audit/review. A small number of hand-written medication administration records were not signed by two staff to verify they were accurate. This was discussed with the manager for immediate action and on-going review.

Controlled drugs are medicines which are subject to strict legal controls and legislation. They commonly include strong painkillers. The receipt, administration and disposal of controlled drugs should be recorded in the controlled drug record book. A small number of pages in the controlled drug record book did not include the form of medication. One reconciliation record had been pre-signed by one nurse. These issues were discussed with the manager for review and on-going monitoring.

Occasionally, patients may require their medicines to be crushed or added to food/drink to assist administration. To ensure the safe administration of these medicines, this should only occur following a review with a pharmacist or GP and should be detailed in the patient's care plan. Written consent and care plans were in place when this practice occurred.

Management and staff audited the management and administration of medicines on a regular basis within the home.

There was evidence that the findings of the audits and action plans had been implemented and addressed. The date of opening was recorded on medicines to facilitate audit and disposal at expiry.

### **3.3.4 What arrangements are in place to ensure that medicines are safely managed during transfer of care?**

People who use medicines may follow a pathway of care that can involve both health and social care services. It is important that medicines are not considered in isolation, but as an integral part of the pathway, and at each step. Problems with the supply of medicines and how information is transferred put people at increased risk of harm when they change from one healthcare setting to another.

A review of records indicated that satisfactory arrangements were in place to manage medicines at the time of admission or for patients returning from hospital. Written confirmation of prescribed medicines was obtained at or prior to admission and details shared with the GP and community pharmacy. Medicine records had been accurately completed and there was evidence that medicines were administered as prescribed.

### **3.3.5 What arrangements are in place to ensure that staff can identify, report and learn from adverse incidents?**

Occasionally medicines incidents occur within homes. It is important that there are systems in place, which quickly identify that an incident has occurred so that action can be taken to prevent a recurrence and that staff can learn from the incident. A robust audit system will help staff to identify medicine related incidents.

Management and staff were familiar with the type of incidents that should be reported. The medicine related incidents which had been reported to RQIA since the last inspection were discussed. There was evidence that the incidents had been reported to the prescriber for guidance, investigated and the learning shared with staff in order to prevent a recurrence.

The audits completed at the inspection indicated that the majority of medicines were being administered as prescribed. However, minor audit discrepancies were observed in the administration of a very small number of medicines. The audits were discussed in detail with the manager.

### **3.3.6 What measures are in place to ensure that staff in the home are qualified, competent and sufficiently experienced and supported to manage medicines safely?**

To ensure that patients are well looked after and receive their medicines appropriately, staff who administer medicines to patients must be appropriately trained. The registered person has a responsibility to check that staff are competent in managing medicines and that they are supported. Policies and procedures should be up to date and readily available for staff reference.

There were records in place to show that staff responsible for medicines management had been trained and deemed competent. Medicines management policies and procedures were in place.

It was agreed that the findings of this inspection would be discussed with staff to facilitate ongoing improvement.

#### 4.0 Quality Improvement Plan/Areas for Improvement

	Regulations	Standards
<b>Total number of Areas for Improvement</b>	1*	1*

\* the total number of areas for improvement includes two which were carried forward for review at the next inspection.

This inspection resulted in no new areas for improvement being identified. Findings of the inspection were discussed with Ms Claire Campbell, Registered Manager, as part of the inspection process and can be found in the main body of the report.

<b>Quality Improvement Plan</b>	
<b>Action required to ensure compliance with The Nursing Home Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005</b>	
<b>Area for improvement 1</b>  <b>Ref:</b> Regulation 20 (1)  <b>Stated:</b> Second time  <b>To be completed by:</b> 15 January 2025	The registered person shall ensure staffing levels are fully and comprehensively reviewed to ensure there are adequate staffing levels on at all times. The review should take account of but not be limited to dependencies of patients, the layout of the building, fire safety and evacuation procedures.  <hr/> <b>Action required to ensure compliance with this regulation was not reviewed as part of this inspection and this is carried forward to the next inspection.</b>  Ref: 2.0
<b>Action required to ensure compliance with the Care Standards for Nursing Homes, December 2022</b>	
<b>Area for improvement 1</b>  <b>Ref:</b> Standard 12  <b>Stated:</b> Second time  <b>To be completed by:</b> 15 January 2025	The registered person shall ensure a comprehensive review of the menu choice documented is conducted to ensure the full name of patients is recorded and accurate menu options are recorded for those patients on a modified diet.  <hr/> <b>Action required to ensure compliance with this standard was not reviewed as part of this inspection and this is carried forward to the next inspection.</b>  Ref: 2.0



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