

Inspection Report

Name of Service:	Greenville Manor Care Home
Provider:	Beaumont Care Homes Limited
Date of Inspection:	19 December 2025

Information on legislation and standards underpinning inspections can be found on our website <https://www.rqia.org.uk/>

1.0 Service information

Organisation/Registered Provider:	Beaumont Care Homes Limited
Responsible Individual:	Mrs Ruth Burrows
Registered Manager:	Ms Jocelyn Cruz Cristobal
Service Profile: Greenville Manor Care Home is a nursing home, which is registered to provide nursing care for up to 60 patients. The home is divided in three units; the Dixon Unit provides care for patients with dementia, the Belvoir Unit provides care for patients with alcohol related brain injury and the Millbrook Unit provides care for patients with a mental health disorder. Within each unit patients have access to communal lounges, dining rooms and a courtyard garden.	

2.0 Inspection summary

An unannounced inspection took place on 19 December 2025, from 9.45am to 2.30pm. The inspection was completed by two pharmacist inspectors and focused on medicines management within the home.

The inspection was undertaken to evidence how medicines are managed in relation to the regulations and standards and to determine if the home is delivering safe, effective and compassionate care and is well led in relation to medicines management. The areas for improvement identified at the last care inspection were carried forward for review at the next inspection.

Mostly satisfactory arrangements were in place for the safe management of medicines. Medicines were stored securely. There were effective auditing processes in place to ensure that staff were trained and competent to manage medicines and patients were administered their medicines as prescribed. However, improvements were necessary in relation to the management of thickening agents, the management of insulin and the maintenance of the controlled drug record book.

Whilst areas for improvement were identified, there was evidence that with the exception of a small number of medicines, patients were being administered their medicines as prescribed.

Patients were observed to be relaxed and comfortable in the home and in their interactions with staff. It was evident that staff knew the patients well.

Details of the inspection findings, including areas for improvement carried forward for review at the next inspection, and new areas for improvement identified, can be found in the main body of this report and in the quality improvement plan (QIP) (Section 4.0).

RQIA would like to thank the staff for their assistance throughout the inspection.

3.0 The inspection

3.1 How we inspect

RQIA's inspections form part of our ongoing assessment of the quality of services. Our reports reflect how the home was performing against the regulations and standards, at the time of our inspection, highlighting both good practice and any areas for improvement. It is the responsibility of the service provider to ensure compliance with legislation, standards and best practice, and to address any deficits identified during our inspections.

To prepare for this inspection, information held by RQIA about this home was reviewed. This included areas for improvement identified at previous inspections, registration information, and any other written or verbal information received from patients, relatives, staff or the commissioning trust.

Throughout the inspection process, inspectors seek the views of those living, working and visiting the home; and review/examine a sample of records to evidence how the home is performing in relation to the regulations and standards.

3.2 What people told us about the service and their quality of life

Staff expressed satisfaction with how the home was managed. They also said that they had the appropriate training to look after patients and meet their needs. They said that the team communicated well and the management team were readily available to discuss any issues and concerns should they arise.

Staff advised that they were familiar with how each patient liked to take their medicines. They stated medication rounds were tailored to respect each individual's preferences, needs and timing requirements.

RQIA did not receive any completed questionnaires or responses to the staff survey following the inspection.

3.3 Inspection findings

3.3.1 What arrangements are in place to ensure that medicines are appropriately prescribed, monitored and reviewed?

Patients in nursing homes should be registered with a general practitioner (GP) to ensure that they receive appropriate medical care when they need it. At times patients' needs may change and therefore their medicines should be regularly monitored and reviewed. This is usually done by a GP, a pharmacist or during a hospital admission.

Patients in the home were registered with a GP and medicines were dispensed by the community pharmacist.

Personal medication records were in place for each patient. These are records used to list all of the prescribed medicines, with details of how and when they should be administered. It is important that these records accurately reflect the most recent prescription to ensure that medicines are administered as prescribed and because they may be used by other healthcare professionals, for example, at medication reviews or hospital appointments.

The personal medication records reviewed were accurate and up to date. In line with best practice, a second member of staff had checked and signed the personal medication records when they were written and updated to confirm that they were accurate. A small number of minor discrepancies were highlighted for immediate corrective action and on-going vigilance.

Copies of patients' prescriptions/hospital discharge letters were retained so that any entry on the personal medication record could be checked against the prescription.

All patients should have care plans which detail their specific care needs and how the care is to be delivered. In relation to medicines these may include care plans for the management of distressed reactions, pain, modified diets etc.

The management of pain and epilepsy was reviewed. Care plans contained sufficient detail to direct the required care. Medicine records were well maintained. The audits completed indicated that medicines were administered as prescribed.

Patients will sometimes get distressed and will occasionally require medicines to help them manage their distress. It is important that care plans are in place to direct staff when it is appropriate to administer these medicines and that records are kept of when the medicine was given, the reason it was given and what the outcome was. If staff record the reason and outcome of giving the medicine, then they can identify common triggers which may cause the patient's distress and if the prescribed medicine is effective for the patient.

The management of medicines, prescribed on a 'when required' basis for distressed reactions, was reviewed. Directions for use were clearly recorded on the personal medication record and patient-centred care plans were in place. One care plan needed updated with the current parameters for administration. This was discussed with staff for immediate corrective action. Staff knew how to recognise a change in a patient's behaviour and were aware that this change

may be associated with pain and other factors. Records of administration included the reason for and outcome of each administration.

Some patients may need their diet modified to ensure that they receive adequate nutrition. This may include thickening fluids to aid swallowing and food supplements in addition to meals. Care plans detailing how the patient should be supported with their food and fluid intake should be in place to direct staff. All staff should have the necessary training to ensure that they can meet the needs of the patient.

The management of thickening agents and nutritional supplements was reviewed. Speech and language assessment reports and care plans were in place. Records of prescribing and administration, which must include the recommended consistency level, were not maintained to the required level. This was discussed with the manager for corrective action and ongoing monitoring and an area for improvement was identified.

Care plans were in place when patients required insulin to manage their diabetes. There was sufficient detail to direct staff if the patient's blood sugar was outside of the recommended range. Two in use insulin pens were not labelled with the patient name and date of opening to denote ownership and facilitate audit and disposal at expiry. This was discussed with staff for corrective action and ongoing monitoring and an area for improvement was identified.

3.3.2 What arrangements are in place to ensure that medicines are supplied on time, stored safely and disposed of appropriately?

Medicine stock levels must be checked on a regular basis and new stock must be ordered on time. This ensures that the patient's medicines are available for administration as prescribed. It is important that they are stored safely and securely so that there is no unauthorised access and disposed of promptly to ensure that a discontinued medicine is not administered in error.

Records reviewed showed that medicines were available for administration when patients required them. Staff advised that they had a good relationship with the community pharmacist and that medicines were supplied in a timely manner.

The medicine storage areas were observed to be securely locked to prevent any unauthorised access. They were tidy and organised so that medicines belonging to each patient could be easily located. Temperatures of medicine storage areas were monitored and recorded to ensure that medicines were stored appropriately. Satisfactory arrangements were in place for medicines requiring cold storage, the storage of controlled drugs and the safe disposal of medicines.

3.3.3 What arrangements are in place to ensure that medicines are appropriately administered within the home?

It is important to have a clear record of which medicines have been administered to patients to ensure that they are receiving the correct prescribed treatment.

A sample of the medicines administration records was reviewed. Most of the records were found to have been accurately completed.

A small number of missed signatures were brought to the attention of the manager for ongoing monitoring. Records were filed once completed and were readily retrievable for audit/review.

Controlled drugs are medicines, which are subject to strict legal controls and legislation. They commonly include strong painkillers. The receipt, administration and disposal of controlled drugs should be recorded in the controlled drug record book. Receipt of one controlled drug had not been recorded in the controlled drug record book. This was discussed with staff for corrective action and an area for improvement was identified.

Occasionally, patients may require their medicines to be crushed or added to food/drink to assist administration. To ensure the safe administration of these medicines, this should only occur following a review with a pharmacist or GP and should be detailed in the patient's care plan. Written consent and care plans were in place when this practice occurred.

Management and staff audited the management and administration of medicines on a regular basis within the home. There was evidence that the findings of the audits had been discussed with staff and addressed. With the exception of insulin (see section 3.3.1), the date of opening was recorded on medicines to facilitate audit and disposal at expiry.

3.3.4 What arrangements are in place to ensure that medicines are safely managed during transfer of care?

People who use medicines may follow a pathway of care that can involve both health and social care services. It is important that medicines are not considered in isolation, but as an integral part of the pathway, and at each step. Problems with the supply of medicines and how information is transferred put people at increased risk of harm when they change from one healthcare setting to another.

A review of records indicated that satisfactory arrangements were in place to manage medicines at the time of admission or for patients returning from hospital. Written confirmation of prescribed medicines was obtained at or prior to admission and details shared with the GP and community pharmacy. Medicine records had been accurately completed and there was evidence that medicines were administered as prescribed.

3.3.5 What arrangements are in place to ensure that staff can identify, report and learn from adverse incidents?

Occasionally medicines incidents occur within homes. It is important that there are systems in place which quickly identify that an incident has occurred so that action can be taken to prevent a recurrence and that staff can learn from the incident. A robust audit system will help staff to identify medicine related incidents.

Management and staff were familiar with the type of incidents that should be reported. The medicine related incidents which had been reported to RQIA since the last inspection were discussed. There was evidence that the incidents had been reported to the prescriber for guidance, investigated and the learning shared with staff in order to prevent a recurrence.

The audits completed at the inspection indicated that the majority of medicines were being administered as prescribed.

However, audit discrepancies were observed in the administration of a small number of medicines. The audits were discussed in detail with the nurses on duty and the manager for investigation and on-going monitoring.

3.3.6 What measures are in place to ensure that staff in the home are qualified, competent and sufficiently experienced and supported to manage medicines safely?

To ensure that patients are well looked after and receive their medicines appropriately, staff who administer medicines to patients must be appropriately trained. The registered person has a responsibility to check that staff are competent in managing medicines and that they are supported. Policies and procedures should be up to date and readily available for staff reference.

There were records in place to show that staff responsible for medicines management had been trained and deemed competent. Medicines management policies and procedures were in place.

It was agreed that the findings of this inspection would be discussed with staff to facilitate the necessary improvements.

4.0 Quality Improvement Plan/Areas for Improvement

Areas for improvement have been identified where action is required to ensure compliance with Regulations and Standards.

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of Areas for Improvement	5*	5*

* the total number of areas for improvement includes seven, which were carried forward for review at the next inspection.

Areas for improvement and details of the Quality Improvement Plan were discussed with Ms Jocelyn Cruz Cristobal, (Registered Manager), as part of the inspection process. The timescales for completion commence from the date of inspection.

Quality Improvement Plan	
Action required to ensure compliance with The Nursing Home Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2005	
Area for improvement 1 Ref: Regulation 13(4) Stated: First time To be completed by: 19 December 2025	The registered person shall ensure that in-use insulin pens are labelled with the patients name and date of opening to denote ownership and to facilitate audit and disposal at expiry. Ref: 3.3.1 Response by registered person detailing the actions taken: In-use insulin pens have been reviewed and are all labelled with the residents' name and date of opening to denote ownership. The Home Manager will monitor this and disposal at expiry through medication audits and as part of the Manager walkabout audit. Identified deficits will be addressed with staff through timebound action plans. The provider review compliance as part of the Regulation 29
Area for improvement 2 Ref: Regulation 12 (4) (d) Stated: Second time To be completed by: 31 May 2025	The registered person shall review the ways in which patients are offered their choice of meals within the dementia unit. A menu should be displayed in a suitable format to remind patients of the food on offer. Action required to ensure compliance with this regulation was not reviewed as part of this inspection and this is carried forward to the next inspection. Ref: 2.0
Area for improvement 3 Ref: Regulation 16 (1) Stated: First time To be completed by: With immediate effect (10 April 2025)	The registered person shall ensure that a full range of care plans are completed in a timely manner from the point of admission. Action required to ensure compliance with this regulation was not reviewed as part of this inspection and this is carried forward to the next inspection. Ref: 2.0

Area for improvement 4 Ref: Regulation 14 (2) (a) (c) Stated: First time To be completed by: With immediate effect (10 April 2025)	The registered person shall ensure that unattended chemicals are not accessible to patients in any part of the home. Action required to ensure compliance with this regulation was not reviewed as part of this inspection and this is carried forward to the next inspection. Ref: 2.0
Area for improvement 5 Ref: Regulation 19 (2) Stated: First time To be completed by: With immediate effect (10 April 2025)	The registered person shall ensure that a record of all visitors to the home is maintained. Action required to ensure compliance with this regulation was not reviewed as part of this inspection and this is carried forward to the next inspection. Ref: 2.0
Action required to ensure compliance with the Care Standards for Nursing Homes, December 2022	
Area for improvement 1 Ref: Standard 29 Stated: First time To be completed by: 19 December 2025	The registered person shall review the management of thickening agents, to ensure that records of prescribing and administration are accurately maintained and the recommended consistency level recorded. Ref: 3.3.1 Response by registered person detailing the actions taken: The records have been reviewed for each resident who is prescribed a thickener. These records are now accurate and up to date. Detailed records are kept in individual Care Plans and MAR charts, including the consistency of fluids and food to be provided, as advised by SALT. The Manager will review the management of thickening agents as part of the Manager's walk round audit and any deficits will be addressed via a timebound action plan. The provider will review this monthly as part of the Regulation 29 visit and any areas for address will be discussed with the Home Manager and a timebound action plan implemented

Area for improvement 2 Ref: Standard 31 Stated: First time To be completed by: 19 December 2025	The registered person shall ensure that accurate records of receipt are maintained in the controlled drug record book. Ref: 3.3.3 Response by registered person detailing the actions taken: The controlled drug record books have been reviewed and are up to date. Accurate record keeping of Controlled Drugs is being maintained. Compliance is being monitored through medication audits and any deficits will be addressed through a time bound action plan. The provider will review the controlled drug record as part of the Regulation 29 visit.
Area for improvement 3 Ref: Standard 16 Stated: First time To be completed by: 31 December 2024	The registered person shall ensure that the management of complaints is recorded in more detail and include all correspondence, statements and actions taken in response to the complaint as necessary. Action required to ensure compliance with this standard was not reviewed as part of this inspection and this is carried forward to the next inspection. Ref: 2.0
Area for improvement 4 Ref: Standard 37.1 Stated: First time To be completed by: With immediate effect (10 April 2025)	The registered person shall ensure that all patients' records are stored appropriately and not left accessible to persons who are not authorised to view them. Action required to ensure compliance with this standard was not reviewed as part of this inspection and this is carried forward to the next inspection. Ref: 2.0
Area for improvement 5 Ref: Standard 46.2 Stated: First time To be completed by: With immediate effect (10 April 2025)	The registered person shall ensure that domestic cleaning trolleys are fully decontaminated at the appropriate times and that this is regularly reviewed. Action required to ensure compliance with this standard was not reviewed as part of this inspection and this is carried forward to the next inspection. Ref: 2.0

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